Bellefonte Republican.

Established In 1869} "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS : $1.00 Per Year

VOL. XXXIII BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 24, 1902 NO. 14

MANY LIVES LOST.

Steamer City of Pittsburg Burned to the Water's Edge.

DISASTER OCCURRED SUNDAY

In the Early Morning Hours the Flames Were Discovered and Despite the Efforts of Rescuers the Loss Was Great.

PASSENGERS WERE PANIC STRICKEN

CAIRO, Ills., April 21.—The side-wheel steamer City of Pittsburg, from Cincinnati to Memphis was burned to the water's edge early Sunday morning at Turner's Landing, near Olmstead, Ills., eleven miles from Mound City, Ills., and twenty four miles from this city. The early report stated that sixty-five lives were lost and that many were badly burned and otherwise injured, but the list of casualties is not yet definitely determined. Two boats and all available craft from this city went to the scene for relief.

Most of the passengers were still in bed when Second Clerk Oliver Philips gave the alarm. The engineers at once started all the pumping engines, while the crew brought all the hose into play. Amid the streams of water on all sides, the flames from the lower deck and dense clouds of smoke, the, passengers rushed from their staterooms and a frightful panic ensued. The appeals of the officers and crew could not appease the panic-stricken crowds that interfered with those throwing water on the flames, as well as with those working with the lifeboats. Few could adjust life-preserves or do anything for themselves. The smoke was stifling. Great clouds floated through the blazing steamer, choking the passengers and adding to the terror. Lifeboats were manned and every effort was made to save the passengers from the floating furnace of flames.

From the river banks the sparks from the burning craft and the dense clouds of smoke, tinged with flames, made a most impressive and weird spectacle. Boats were sent from the shore to help in the work of rescue and laden to their limit with passengers in the scant attire they were able to gather, were brought back to the river banks. As fast as the boats could be emptied they were returned to the ill-fated steamer, the rescuers losing no time from their work.

The burning steamer was quickly headed to the bank, but passengers were forced to jump from the stern and trying to swim ashore through the swift current, many were drowned. Many also perished in the flames. Only one yawl was saved, without oars, and the women were taken off in the yawl.

Help, except from people living nearby did not arrive until 2.30 o'clock Sunday afternoon and passengers, with only night clothes, and without food, suffered terribly.

The fire was discovered at 4.05 a. m. There were seventy passengers and seventy, all told in the crew.

The fire started in the forward hatch larboard and burned fiercely, and when the steamer ran ashore escapes were made over the cabin railing. Very few passengers or members of the crew were aware of the fire until it was too late.

The captain and clerk late Sunday night claim in all eighty persons have been accounted for, leaving sixty people lost or unaccounted for.

The steamer Maud Kilgore, Captain Cole, brought the survivors to this place at 6 p. m., and the several societies of the city rendered all assistance in the way of clothing, etc..

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RECEIPTS.

Net Earnings for the Last Quarter Are $3,482.

The eleventh annual report of the Bellefonte Central Railroad company shows the gross receipts for the year ending December 31, 1901, to have been $52,004, and operating expenses $34,400, leaving a surplus of $17,600. The net earnings for the year, after deducting operating expenses, interest and taxes, were $10,000, a sum equal nearly to 2½ per cent. upon the outstanding stock.

For the first three months of 1902 the operation of the road produced a net, after deducting all expenses and one-fourth of the annual charges, of $3,482, being at the rate of over 3 per cent. on the $454,050 of stocks outstanding.

—Speak well of your town and outsiders will have more respect for it.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

Matters of Importance Which Were Brought Before This Honorable Body.

The town council met Monday evening at 7:30, with President Reynolds in the chair and the following named members present.

Messrs. Potter, Garrity, Whittaker, Derstine, Kirk and Knisely.

A. A. Dale, Esq., on behalf of the citizens and property owners on West Beaver street, presented a petition asking council to repair that street, require the property owners to put down pavements and open the street to North Spring street. Mr. Dale stated that there was no electric light on that street and owing to its rough condition it was certainly unsafe, especially after night. The street is also too narrow.

J. Thomas Mitchell, Esq., one of the borough auditors, explained several points in the borough statement which they are about to have printed.

John Blanchard, Esq., of the firm of Blanchard & Blanchard, entered a protest on behalf of the Pennsylvania railroad and Bald Eagle Valley railroad, against the re-building of the foot bridge over Spring creek from West Linn street to the round house. They claim it to be a trespass upon their property. In case of an accident at this point the company would be liable for damages. Then again, in time of flood debris gathers at this bridge and banks the water back on the railroad tracks causing great loss to the company.

The Water committee recommended the appointment of James H. Rine as water assessor.

Mr. Knisely reported that the water plugs in the vicinity of the McCalmont quarry are in bad condition and need repair.

The petition of the citizens of West Beaver street in regard to repairing said street, was referred to the Street committee.

The question of a foot bridge at the round house was then taken up and, after some discussion, Mr. Knisely moved, seconded by Mr. Whittaker, that the foot bridge be built. The motion carried.

F. H. Clemson asked that water be extended to his residence at the Valentine furnace. It was so ordered.

The water superintendent was instructed to repair the plugs in the vicinity of the McCalmont quarry.

The following bills were approved and ordered paid :

H. B. Pontius 1 month as clerk, etc	13.04
Street pay Roll	54.01
Police Pay Roll	50.00
Water Pay Roll	83.85
R. B. Taylor, coal for W. W.	76.38
A Baum, hauling engine	8.00
Wm Derstine, Jr	40
	$265 68

Don't be Humbugged.

It is a foolish idea to think that any firm or business house of any kind will pay you $5.00 per week or any other sum, for writing letters, or doing other writing, that can be hired done for one-half or one-fourth that sum by persons in their own town or city. Don't be deceived into worrying a score of other people, for whom otherwise you have a kindly feeling by writing to them and asking them to join in a scheme of which you know nothing, and which good judgment on your part would caution you against.

During the last ten days scores of letters of this character have reached Bellefonte, and the chances are that every one who invests money will be duped. Besides this, by giving publicity to the scheme, you may be the means of exacting money from your friends who will receive only one-half or one-fourth value for the same, and perhaps nothing.

If you are wise, and have need for a fountain pen, you will go to some legitimate dealer and purchase one.

You can then see what you are getting, and if it don't suit you, you don't need to buy it.

Dedicating of Marker.

As stated last week the Presbytery of Huntingdon will meet in Centre Hall on the first Monday of October. It also decided to go to the site of the East Penns Valley church, near Penn Hall on the following Wednesday, to dedicate the marker recently erected there in order to preserve a knowledge of the fact that here was built the first church in the Valley; that its first pastor lies buried here, and that Presbytery was organized here in 1795. General Beaver and Rev. J. C. Kelly, of Williamsburg, were invited to make addresses. It is probable that the occasion will be make a basket picnic and all, without regard to church affiliations will be invited to repair to this spot where our fathers first worshipped God in a log building, used by at least three denominations.

—The people who don't always say what they think avoid a lot of trouble.

SHAFFER MAKES REPORT

Head of Amalgamated Association Tells of Big Strike.

LISTENED TO WITH INTEREST

Blames the Outcome of the Movement on the Newspapers and the Inertness of the American Federation of Labor.

HE WILL RESIGN IF WANTED TO

WHEELING, W. Va., April 22.—The second week of the convention of the Amalgamated association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, bids fair to be a busy one, and it is doubted if adjournment will be possible before May 1. The feature Monday was the annual report of President Theodore Shaffer, which was listened to with breathless interest from commencement to conclusion.

President Shaffer said that at the opening of the strike the association was in a fair way to succeed without the assistance of other organizations, but they naturally looked for some assistance from the American Federation of Labor, with which the Amalgamated association has been affiliated since its inception and toward whose support the amalgamated association has never failed to contribute.

They were on the highway to success until the circulation of malicious lies by the newspapers of the country, which bred doubt in the minds of their own members and there was desertion from the ranks and scabbing. Hundreds who dared not "sheep" at home, went to other places and worked, and worked side by side with non-union men.

The American Federation of Labor contributed not a single cent to the assistance of the association and the flints, the window blowers, the bottle blowers and the pottery workers alone gave through the national lodges.

They received nothing through the national lodge of the Mine Workers, but the association received much assistance from the local lodges of many organizations and these, he hoped, would never be forgotten by the Amalgamated association.

When is was seen that lack of money and loss of public approval and desertion by hundreds of the association's own people they were doomed to meet with something short of a decisive victory, an agreement was made with Mr. Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, to meet J. P. Morgan and endeavor to effect a settlement. Mr. Morgan forsook the pleasure of a vacation, went to New York, and waited the coming of Mr. Gompers, put that gentleman never appeared. Mr. Shaffer recited the entire history of the strike from start to finish. In conclusion, it is said, he expressed his willingness to give up the executive office whenever he was deemed an inefficient officer by the members of the association and that he had ever had its best interests at heart.

The president's report occupied the entire day as it was a history of the doings of the association for the entire year. It will be followed by the reports of the three trustees. All will be turned over to the committee on officers report.

Rural Free Delivery.

Postal Inspector W. W. Sawyer spent the greater part of last week in State College laying out routes and examining candidates for carriers. He examined five candidates, as follows :

John M. Hartswick, Frank B. Weaver, Wm. F. Thompson, Lemuel H. Osman, Arthur Evey.

He laid out three routes covering territory as follows :

Route 1. Takes in the Branch, Shingletown and part of White Hall.

Route 2. The northeast corner of Ferguson township, the Barrens, then down as far as Mitchell's, across to Big Hollow, up to H. Thompson's and in to College.

Route 3. Houserville, Rock Forge and the neighborhood of Shiloh.

This service reaches almost 1,500 people and will go into operation in about 60 days.

Bishop Talbot Coming.

Bishop Ethelbert Talbot D. D. LL. D. of Bethlehem, Pa., will administer the Sacrament of Confirmation to a large class in St. John's Episcopal church this evening.

—A child of James Morrison, of East Borough street, is ill with scarlet fever.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Aged Woman Terribly Injured While Tending Bonfire.

Mrs. Hannah Johnson, an aged lady living by herself in a little house at School House Crossing, along the line of the Snow Shoe branch of the Pennsylvania Railroad, met with a sad and tragic death Friday afternoon.

It was about half past two o'clock in the afternoon and the old lady was in her garden burning brush when suddenly her clothes caught fire and almost instantly she was enveloped in flames. She was a veritable living torch, every portion of her clothes becoming ignited. She ran a distance of one hundred feet and then sank down on a bench.

Edward Meyers who happened to be driving by at the time saw the old woman in flames and ran to her, wrapping his horse blanket around her, thus extinguishing the fire but not until she was burned almost beyond recognition.

Dr. Sebring, of Bellefonte was summoned to attend her, but her burns were so serious that very little could be done for her and she expired in a short time.

She was 80 years of age and is survived by seven children, one of whom is Mrs. George Jodon, of Bellefonte.

A Street that Badly Needs Repairs

We understand that the citizens and property owners on West Beaver street contemplate presenting a petition to the boro council next Monday night asking that body to make some much needed improvements to this street.

If there is a place in town that needs repairs it is certainly West Beaver street and unless something is done there soon the boro is liable to have a serious suit for damage on their hands. Grocers, butchers, coal dealers, etc., who have to deliver goods on that street will fully bear out the statements we make in regard to its bad condition. Very little work has ever been done on this street and the rains have washed out the road until nothing but the bare rocks are left. The gutters are in very bad condition and there are few pavements along the street. Of course this last is partly the fault of the property owners themselves, but if the street was fixed properly they would no doubt be glad to remedy the other evil.

The petition which they expect to present asks three things: 1st that the street be placed in proper condition for travel; 2nd that the property owners be required to lay pavements and 3rd that the street be opened up to North Spring street.

As the property owners of West Beaver street have been very moderate in their demands upon council in the past, and have suffered long from great inconveniences, there is no doubt that their petition will receive careful consideration and that council will act promptly and expediently in the matter.

A Closely Contested Game.

The Bellefonte Academy and Lock Haven Normal School nines played an exciting game of eleven innings at Lock Haven Saturday afternoon, the home nine winning by the score of 12 to 11. Following is the score :

BELLEFONTE ACADEMY.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Ferguson, 2b	1	0	2	2	2
J. Mahaffey, ss	1	0	3	3	2
McCandless, 3	2	1	15	1	1
McGee, 1b	2	4	4	0	0
Keichline, lf	1	2	0	1	0
D. Mahaffey, rf	1	0	0	0	0
Crider, cf	1	0	2	1	1
J. McGee, p	1	2	3	3	1
J. Kerr, 3b	1	2	3	2	0
Totals	11	11*	32	12	7

LOCK HAVEN N. S.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Deckerd, 1b	3	4	12	0	1
McNeil, c	1	2	9	2	1
Tobias, 3b	0	0	3	3	2
Griffith, 2b	1	1	3	2	0
Kingsley, lf	1	1	0	0	0
Shoff, cf	3	3	2	0	2
Westover, rf	2	2	0	0	0
Moore, ss	1	1	2	4	2
Robinson, p	0	0	2	3	1
Totals	12	14	33	14	9

*Two out when winning run was made.

Bellefonte ..... 3 0 0 1 3 0 1 2 0 1 0—11
Lock Haven.. 2 1 0 0 0 2 0 5 0 1 1—12

Judge Gordon's Condition Not Dangerous.

Word was received here Tuesday morning from Clearfield by friends of Judge Cyrus Gordon, stating that his condition is not near as serious as reported. In fact he is nowhere near the danger line. He is suffering from erysipelas and while a very sick man no fears are entertained as to the outcome. This will be good news to the many friends of the Judge in this vicinity.

VAGARIES OF OUR CLIMATE

Summer Heat Strikes Many Places in Eastern States.

LITTLE BREEZE AND AIR TORPID

Out in Colorado, Idaho and Utah There Were Frosts. While in Central Nebraska There Is a Snow Storm On.

IT MAY BECOME A BLIZZARD

LANCASTER, April 23.—Yesterday was a record Breaker for high temperature at this time of year, thermometers at a number of places in the city being reported at 92 in the afternoon. The heat was oppressive last evening, but a breeze caused the mercury to drop considerably

PHILADELPHIA, April 23.—This city and vicinity had the first touch of midsummer weather yesterday, and when the United States weather bureau thermometer registered 86 degrees at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. At 8 a. m. 59 degrees were recorded and at 8 p. m. the mercury stood at 76.

NEW YORK, April 23.—The thermometer showed a temperature of 72 degrees in this city at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. There was little breeze and the air was oppressive enough to cause at least one case of heat prostration. The stricken man was attended by an ambulance surgeon and then was sent to his home.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 23.—Record-breaking high temperature for April was reported from all parts of Wisconsin yesterday. Unless there is a change soon accompanied by showers, it is feared that the effect on the crops will be serious. There has been little rain this spring and the ground is dry for a considerable depth.

SALT LAKE, Utah, April 23.—Freezing temperature and unusually heavy precipitations are reported to have occurred Monday night in many sections of the inter-mountain country. It is not thought, however, that any damage to fruit will result, as the lowest temperatures are reported from the desert stretches of Southern Utah and Nevada, where there is practically nothing to damage. In the fruit districts of Idaho, Colorado and Utah, the temperature did not sink low enough to do much harm and the rain and snow coming at this time of year will, it is expected, prove of great benefit. Further light frosts are predicted for tonight in some sections.

LINCOLN, Neb., April 23.—There was a drop in the temperature yesterday from the high point of Monday from 40 to 50 degrees throughout the state. Following a slight fall of rain the wind changed from the south to the northwest and last night a snow storm prevailed in Central Nebraska with indications of a blizzard. Railroad reports from the extreme northwestern part of Nebraska and the Black Hills tell of a heavy fall of snow, fifteen inches at Custer and nearly two feet at Spearfish. Trains are slightly delayed, more, however, from the furious wind than the snow.

Swallow on the Quay Elkin Mixup.

Friends and admirers of Rev. Dr. S. C. Swallow, to the number of 150, gave him a reception and dinner at Moseback's Casino in Philadelphia, Tuesday evening. Of course he had something to say and in reference to the Quay-Elkin mixup he spoke as follows: "To get interested in Elkin because he seems to be fighting Quay is to risk odorous contact with a polecat in her little scrap with the rattlesnake. If either whips you will wish it had been the other."

The Matrimonial Market.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week by Register A. G. Archey :

Henry T. Zerby ..... Aaronsburg
Catherine Confer ..... Loganton

George Konalsak ..... Clarence
Mary Roman ..... "

Gilbert H. Deitzel ..... Colyer
Sarah E. Wolf ..... Bellefonte

—The Pennsylvania railroad has notified all maintenance of way employes that they will receive after April 1 fifteen cents an hour instead of thirteen cents an hour as heretofore. This is quite a boom to the trackmen as they will after this receive $1.50 per day.

—The Lewistown borough council proposes providing for a special election for voting on a proposed $100,000 loan for a sewer system and electric light plant.

A NURSERY SWINDLE.

A Scheme Worked on a Northumberland Farmer.

It looks as if ex-Overseer of the Poor, Victor Koble, has been made the victim of a swindling scheme similar to the famous lightning rod business that has been the cause of more than one person losing various sums of money.

Early last December, at agent purporting to be the representative of a large nursery firm in Indiana, came to town and succeeded in taking Victor's order for apple trees to the amount of about seven dollars. The agent produced a printed form which he stated was a simple article of agreement, binding Victor to take the trees in case they were delivered in good shape. Victor signed the paper but the trees were never delivered, and he thought nothing more about it until Tuesday, when he received notice from Williamsport that a judgement note was held there against him and if he didn't pay it at once legal proceedings would be immediately instituted.

Victor says he never received the trees or signed a note and will fight it to the end.—Sunbury *Daily*.

Official Board of the Methodist Church Extends Thanks.

The Official Board of the Bellefonte Methodist Episcopal Church desires hereby to express its deep appreciation of the courtesy of the members of sister churches of our town and others, in their very generous and elegant aid in the entertainment of the members of our Conference at their recent session held in our town.

The Pastor, Officiary and members of the Presbyterian Church deserve and hereby receive our heartiest thanks for the unstinted use of all their church property which they so cheerfully accorded the Conference.

We also entertain deepest feelings of gratitude to the Logan Fire Company and the City Council for the use of their halls, and to the Masonic Fraternity and Mr Frank Naginy for the use of tables for conference work; to the Bell Telephone Co. and the United Telephone and Telegraph Co. for placing instruments in the church for the use of Conference.

Upon the representation of our Pastor, we desire also to thank Mr. John C. Miller and his stenographer, Miss Blanche Smith, for special favors rendered him in his work of preparation for the Conference session, and to Jackson, Hastings Co. Bank for special favors to the Conference Treasurers.

We also thank our own people who so generously entertained during Conference and aided the Official Board in making their plans for the conference session.

The kindly interest of our town and the respectful attention of our town press causes us special pleasure and we gratefully record it.

Done by the Official Board of the Bellefonte Methodist Episcopal church, in their first regular annual session, April 21, 1902.

WILFORD P. SHRINER, Pres't.
G. W. REES, Sec'y.

(Other town papers please copy.)

Fire at Howard.

Sunday morning at 12:45 the large creamery at Howard operated by the Howard Creamery Company was discovered to be on fire by a man named Stoner who was passing the place at the time. The alarm was given and the local fire department responded promptly. The fire however had gained such headway that nothing could stop it and the result was that everything was destroyed except the engine and boiler and they are badly damaged.

The building was owned by Reber & Poulson, whose loss is $1000 with $800 insurance. The Creamery Company's loss on machinery will be about $1500 with $1000 insurance.

The fire caught in some manner from the fire under the boiler.

—The remains of Mrs. Harvey Benner who died in Atlantic City on the 9th of December 1898, and whose body had been lying in a receiving vault in that city ever since, were brought to Bellefonte Wednesday and placed in a vault in the Benner family lot in the Union cemetery. The remains were accompanied to this place by Mr. Harvey Benner and Mr. H. C. Baney. The following named acted as pall-bearers : Charles Glenn, H. H. Montgomery, William Reed and Charles Eckenroth.

A Wise Woman.

The engagement of this company at the Garman opera house gives promise of being the most important musical comedy event of the season. The play, which is in three acts, is so constructed as to give scope for the introduction of specialties, and from the reviews seen of the production these features are said to be of a very superior order.

Additional Locals.

Foley's Kidney Cure makes kidneys and bladder right. Don't delay taking. C. M. Parrish.

—W. H. Welshams was on Thursday appointed postmaster at Booneville, Clinton county.

Foley's Kidney Cure if taken in time affords security from all kidney and bladder diseases. C. M. Parrish.

—Mount Carmel has now twelve well-defined cases of smallpox and the board of health has issued an ultimatum to the effect that all persons in the town must be vaccinated.

—James Scarlett, Esq., of Danville, a brother in-law of our fellow townsman W. A. Lyon, is prominently mentioned as the Republican candidate for Congress from the Seventeenth district.

—Brazilian Balm loosens the cough and cures the cold like magic. Then, it does not injure the ears or wreck the kidneys like quinine.

—Evangelist Siber, of Gettysburg, with Rev. Harman, pastor of the Lutheran church, is conducting a revival at Rebersburg. The same has been in progress for about ten days and is being largely attended.

—Foley's Honey and Tar contains no opiates, and will not constipate like nearly all other cough medicines. Refuse substitutes. C. M. Parrish.

—Rev. Geo. I. Brown has been invited by the class of 1902, Bellefonte High school, to be their baccalaureate preacher and has accepted. The services will be held in St. John's Episcopal church Sunday evening, June 1st.

—The Reformed congregation of Pine Hall remembered their pastor, the Rev. A. A. Black, in a quite substantial manner, in the gift of a new set of double harness. The gift is highly appreciated by the reverend gentleman.

—James Henry, the four year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Johnston, died on Friday afternoon at his parents' home in Pike alley. The cause of the child's death was pneumonia. The funeral occurred Sunday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

—Farmers should acquaint themselves with the law relative to planting shade trees along the public road. The laws of Pennsylvania allow a certain sum for each tree planted along the highway. The distance trees are planted apart is limited.

—C. P. Cooke assistant supervisor of the Pennsylvania Railroad, served an injunction Friday morning on the boro to prevent them from re-building the foot bridge over the creek at the round house that was washed away by the recent flood.

—C. W. Slack is head clerk in the Centre Hall post office, having accepted that position the latter part of last week. Mr. Slack has had civil service work in his mind for some time, and the experience of the clerkship in the post office will be of value to him.—Centre Hall Reporter.

—William H. Harris, of Scotia, an engineer on one of the steam shovels in use at that point on some railroad contracting, had his right foot caught in a part of the machinery of the shovel Wednesday and badly mangled. He was taken to the Altoona hospital, where it was found necessary to amputate the foot.

—The most fragrant of all spring flowers—trelling arbutus— has already blossomed and from this time America's favorite flowers will be hunted upon every hillside. The fact that it is the first spring flower to bloom gives it a particular value and then too; half the pleasure is in the hunting. Every place where the flowers thrives will be eagerly scoured during the next few weeks.

—The members of the W. C. T. U. feel like expressing their thanks to many people for their aid and encouragement in making the "Petrikin Hall Fair" a success. But nothing has given them more pleasure than beholding the four principal members of the Gittogether minstrel dawning the badge of our loyal organization, as we say of our national colors "Long may they wave" we saw much that was "Sharp but no Flats."

—Edward E. Barber entered the office of Alderman Masterson, at Wilkesbarre Monday with his mother and Miss Nannie Beadle, of Scranton, after having secured a marriage license. Barber stood between the two women, and, as the Alderman did not notice which one the bridegroom indicated as the bride, he addressed his words to the young man and his mother, and had gone well into the marriage ceremony, when the bride cried: "I'm the woman he is going to marry; you are marrying his mother." The Alderman began again when he recovered from the shock, and the girl was in it the second time.

—The annual order for rifle practice by the National Guard of Pennsylvania has just been issued by the adjutant general. The season begins as usual, May 1, and ends October 31. The contemplated change of arms from the Springfield to the Krag-Jorgeson depends upon the result of legislation now pending in the congress of the United States. Should this legislation be enacted the exchange may be effected during the year. Practice with the regulation Springfield rifle, calibre 45, will therefore be required of every officer and enlisted man in the infantry arm of the service and the naval force of Pennsylvania, except brigade bands; with the carbine and revolver in the cavalry arm of the service.

BELGIUM'S TROUBLES.

There Still Continues to Be Numerous Riotous Demonstrations.

SERIOUS DISORDER AT COCKERILS

In Three Districts 150,000 Men Are Reported to be on a Strike. May Join the Ranks in the City of Antwerp.

TROOPS IN THE COAL FIELDS

BRUSSELS, April 17.—The diplomatic, private and public galleries of the chamber of representatives were filled to their capacity yesterday when the debate on the proposed revision of the constitution began.

M. Beernaert, the former president of the chamber and secretary of state, opened the discussion. He was frequently interrupted by M. Van Der Welde, the socialist leader, with shouts of "universal suffrage is supreme."

M. Beernaert expressed the belief that the present Belgian electoral system was satisfactory. He referred to the numerous social laws passed during the last 15 years, at the behest of the socialists, and said the latter's sole recognition of the passage of these laws was the declaration of a general strike, accompanied by threats of violence.

After the speech of M. Beernaert and a speech delivered by M. Feron, progressionist, which monopolized the entire session and fell very flat, the opening day of the great debate on the proposed revision of the constitution ended, in what was almost a fiasco.

The members were evidently waiting for the delivery of the speeches of the socialist and liberal leaders, and the response of the premier, M. De Smet de Nayer, today and Friday, when it is expected a vote will be taken which will instill life into the parliamentary proceedings.

The promised great demonstration in the streets after the adjournment of the chamber dwindled to the appearance of 200 persons, who accompanied the socialist deputies to the office of their organ, Le Pueple, where M. Van Der Velde, from a window, addressed the crowd. He said the day's proceedings in the chamber had not modified the situation and that the government was still recalcitrant and had shifted the responsibility for a dissolution of parliament which the revisionists would demand if the chamber rejects the proposal to revise the constitution on the king, who, thus far had been silent.

The collapse of the proposed demonstration was traceable to the drenching rain and overwhelming precautions taken by the police, which seem to place further serious disturbances in Brussels out of the question.

A feeling is gaining ground that the government will entirely reject the proposed revision of the constitution.

A dynamite cartridge was exploded during the day on the railroad track near Arlon. The explosion badly damaged the railroad bridge but traffic was not interrupted.

Serious disorder have occurred at Cockerils, in the coal fields of Seraing. A detachment of lancers was compelled to repeatedly charge a mob numbering about 2,000 persons engaged in throwing stones at the troops. Many people were injured. The cafes in which the rioters took refuge were sacked.

Last evening it was announced that 150,000 men were out on strike in the districts of Mons, Charleroi and Liege alone. Many men have stopped work in other sections of the country, but it is difficult to accurately estimate their number. It is known, however, that 5,000 men have struck at Antwerp.

Pneumonia is Robbed of its Terrors.

By Foley's Honey and Tar. It stops the racking cough and heals and strengthens the lungs. If taken in time it will prevent an attack of pneumonia. Refuse substitutes. C. M. Parrish.

Colleges Consolidated.

Rev. J. D. Woodring was elected president of the consolidated colleges of New Berlin and Myerstown under the management of the United Evangelical church.

The school will be temporarily located at Myerstown. Prof. C. A. Bowman, formerly president of the Myerstown college, was elected professor of mental and and moral sciences; Prof. A. E. Gobble, formerly president of the New Berlin College, was elected professor of Latin language and literature.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

C. M Parrish.

Have Cut Out Beef.

A movement has been started at Royersford for fighting the beef trust by diminishing the demand for its product. An association, the members of which bind themselves to eat no meat, has been formed. The rapidly growing membership is composed of the most influential citizens of the town, the only requisite to membership being the abstention from beef in any town.

"CRANFORD."

The Play Presented by Young Ladies at Petrikin Hall Wednesday Evening.

"Cranford," a three act play adapted from Mrs. Gaskell's famous story, was presented in connection with the fair at Petrikin Hall Wednesday evening. There was a large audience present who thoroughly enjoyed the many funny situations presented. The story of the play was laid in Cranford, an English village, sometime in the eighteen-thirties.

The cast of characters was as follows:

Miss Matilda Jenkyns,—Miss Mattie .....Miss Rebecca Blanchard.
Miss Bettie Barker....Miss Adaline F. Harris.
Mrs. Fitz-Adam.....Miss Ellen Valentine.
The Honorable Mrs. Jamieson .....Miss Bertha Laurie.
Mary Smith.....Miss Thomazine Potter.
Lady Glenmire .....Miss Emily Valentine.
Mrs. Forrester.....Miss Louise Valentine.
Martha.....Miss Jane Furst.
Miss Pole.....Mrs. John M. Shugert.
Peter Marmaduke Arley Jenkyns .....Mr. John Blanchard.

The President a Slave to Catarrh.

D. T. Sample, president of Sample's Instalment company, Washington, Pa., writes: "For years I was afflicted with chronic catarrh. Remedies and treatment by specialists only gave me temporary relief until I was induced to use Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. It gave me almost instant relief. 50 cents. -25

Sold by F. P Green.

Married "A New Woman."

A Michigan editor who married a girl from a cooking club prints the following after a few years of married life: "Go stand where I stood, go feel what I felt, eat clammy, half-cooked food, and fish and eggs that smelt. Go take what I have took, go bear what I have bore, throw teacups at the cook and swear as I have swore. Go live on juiceless steak and soggy bread half-baked; at midnight lie awake and ache as I have ached. Go gnaw with all your might on tough doughnuts; or pies, and stop between each breath to pick out hairs and flies. Go do what I have done make yourself a fool, by winning as I have won, a girl from a cooking school.

A childless home is a cheerless home. The maternal instinct exists in every woman, and when it is ungratified she is deprived of much of the happiness of life. It often happens that childlessness is due to some cause which can be removed and often is removed by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. The vigor and vitality which this remedey impart to the delicate womanly organs puts them in a condition of normal health, the lack of which is often the sole obstrution to maternity. Every woman should read Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a book containing 1008 pages and 700 illustrations. It is sent entirely free on receipt of stamps to pay the expense of mailing only Send 21 one-cent stamps for the paper bound volume, or 31 stamps for cloth covered. Address Dr. R V. Pierce, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Wheat and Grass.

The late sown wheat will, in most instances, not prove a profitable crop, and in many cases not yield the seed. The early sown grain is in very fair condition, but is hurt in spots by drowning. The indications are that the grass fields are well set with plants. The past ten days have been very favorable to this crop, which has taken root and is beginning to look green.

15,364 Cases of Speer's N. J. Wines.

Sent to Hospitals, and Health Institutions, Sanitarians, etc., in Europe and America during the past year. The Speer N. J. Wine Co., stock of old wines comprise thirteen large cellars full at Passaic, N. J. Principally Port, Grape, Burgundy and Claret. The Chateau cellar has the oldest private stock wines some of them over thirty years old, but not for sale. The extra private Stock Port, 22 years old, is the oldest they sell for which they get $15.00 to $18 00 per dozen.

—The office building of McNitt Bros. & Co., formerly located at Potters Mills, was removed to Hecla Park on Wednesday. The building was loaded on a large lumber wagon to which four horses were hitched and hauled to its destination. Frank Pennington acted as teamster and his son, John Pennington, and J. B. Harper, accompanied him.

Neglect Means Danger.

Don't neglect biliousness and constipation. Your health will suffer permanently if you do. DeWitt's Little Early Risers cure such cases. M. B. Smith, Butternut, Mich., says "DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the most satisfactory pills I ever took. Never gripe or cause nausea.' C. M. Parrish.

—Rev. A. S. Baldwin, formerly pastor at Lock Haven, has been appointed Presiding Elder of the Juniata District. Rev. Emory Stevens, who has been Presiding Elder of that district, will take the pastorate of Pine Street church, Williamsport, to which Rev. Baldwin had been appointed.

A Nearly Fatal Runaway

Started a horrible ulcer on the leg of J. B Orner, Franklin Grove, Ill., which defied doctors and all remedies for four years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him. Just as good for boils, burns, bruises, cuts, corns, scalds, skin eruptions and piles. 25c at Green's Pharmacy.

SLY CUPID'S DARTS.

Unite in Holy Wedlock Samuel T. Brooks and Annie K. Bell.

The comfortable home of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Bell at Pleasant Gap was the scene Thursday morning at 11 o'clock of a very pretty wedding event. The contracting parties were Samuel T. Brooks, the well known liveryman of this place, and Miss Annie Katherine Bell, the bright and pleasing daughter of Mr. Bell.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. B. A. Salter, the Methodist pastor at Pleasant Gap, in the presence of over one hundred guests.

The bride was becomingly attired in a costume of white organdie trimmed with applique lace and white liberty satin ribbon. She carried a boquet of roses and carnations and looked quite charming. She was attended by her sister, Miss Mame Bell as bridesmaid who was dressed similar to the bride. Little Alice Cole, the young daughter of Samuel Cole of Pleasant Gap, made a very pretty flower girl.

The groom was attended by his friend Clark Carson, of near Bellefonte, as best man.

After the ceremony and congratulations a sumptuous wedding dinner was served which proved most enjoyable. The wedding party left on the 4.44 train for a short wedding tour after which they will be at home to their friends at No. 112 North Spring street.

Many beautiful presents both ornamental and useful were received by the bride which attest to the high regard with which she is held by her many friends.

Mr. Brooks is in the livery business and is quite successful. He is an energetic fellow who always makes a success of whatever he undertakes.

The REPUBLICAN joins with the friends in extending congratulations, and wishes Mr. and Mrs. Brooks a long, happy and successful voyage on the sea of matrimony.

An Explanation.

A mistaken thought seems to prevail in the minds of many, concerning the change of ownership in the property now occupied by the Young Men's Christian Association to the effect that the Association will be obliged to move in the near future and that thereby a large part of the money recently invested in improvements will become a dead loss.

The facts are: First,—By far the greater part of all money spent in improvements was invested in furniture and fixtures which can be removed and which would be just as valuable in another building as in the present one. The painting and papering are the chief items that cannot be moved and nearly two years use will take most of the shine off these.

Second:—The present lease does not expire until April 1st '03 and Dr. M. J. Locke the new owner of the property states that unless he is really obliged to vacate his present quarters at that time, he will be glad to give the association a new lease.

The association is grateful to its friends for the many expressions of interest in the matter and this statement is made by the authority of the Board of Directors, that all may have a clear understanding of the facts.

Respectfully,
FRANK H. GAMEL,
General Secretary.

Running Sores.

The outcome of neglect, or bad blood, have a never-failing balm in Dr. Agnew's Ointment. Will heal the most stubborn cases. Soothes irritation almost instantly after first application. It relieves all itching and burning skin diseases in a day. It cures piles in 3 to 5 nights. 35 cents.—20

Sold by F. P. Green.

Burglars at Pine Grove Mills.

Sometime during the early hours of Wednesday morning burglars forced entry into the post office at Pine Grove Mills. A number of letters were torn open and contents, if of value, abstracted. Several checks found in the letters were left behind by the thieves evidently considered useless as any attempt to pass them would lead to detection. A small sum of money and a few stamps were all the robbers got for their trouble. Leaving the post office the gang visited the store of B. H. Weaver and tried to enter through a window. They were frightened off before gaining entrance and left their "tools" behind. These proved to be tools belonging to a carriage making shop, proving that the burglars were not of a professional class. It is needless to state that the quiet little village of Pine Grove Mills was in the throes of intense excitement Wednesday. No clue to the robbers has yet been discovered but an investigation is on that may lead to arrests.

The Great Dismal Swamp

Of Virginia is a breeding ground of malaria germs. So is low, wet or marshy grounds everywhere. These germs cause weakness, chills and fever, aches in the bones and muscles and may induce dangerous maladies. But Electric Bitters never fail to destroy them and cure malarial troubles. They will surely prevent typhoid. "We tried many remedies for malaria and stomach and liver troubles," writes John Gharleston, of Byesville, O., "but never found anything as good as Electric Bitters." Try them. Only 50c. Green's Pharmacy guarantees satisfaction.

A Chance For Life.

A CRY OF WARNING AND OF HOPE.

History repeats itself.

When the first dam burst or reservoir wall gave way and the man on horseback sped down the valley with the alarm, he was doing exactly what would be done under the same circumstances generation after generation. He was giving the people in the line of the flood a chance for life.

The man or woman who in some sudden peril has been plunged in the engulfing wave, or caught in an upper chamber of a burning house; these know how all of present and future can be

gathered into that brief sentence, "A chance for life."

There is another class of people, those in danger from disease, who understand how much lies in those few words. There are men and women living to-day in healthy, active enjoyment of life who can look back to the time when they were weak and emaciated, coughing until the blood trickled over their lips, seeing no hope of escape from that dread disease consumption.

But a chance for life came to them and they took it.

"I feel very grateful for the home-treatment given me by the World's Dispensary Medical Association," writes Mr. T. J. F. Brown, of Sands, Watauga Co., N. C. "I had catarrh for several years, then took grip, also had hemorrhage from the lungs. I had the best medical attention, but only to bring partial relief. I got up for a few months, but had more hemorrhages. I took Dr. K——'s Discovery (twenty-five or thirty bottles), but in a few months I had more spells of bleeding. I wrote to Dr. Pierce and received directions what kind of medicine to use; I commenced taking his 'Golden Medical Discovery' and Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. I had only taken one bottle when I could see I was improving. I used five bottles of the 'Discovery' and three bottles of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. I have been able to do any kind of labor for more than twelve months. Well, I just simply owe my life to the World's Dispensary Medical Association."

A CHANCE FOR EVERY ONE.

Arguing from the cures effected by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, there's a good chance of recovery for every one who suffers with weak lungs, obstinate cough, bronchitis and other forms of disease which if neglected or unskilfully treated find a fatal termination in consumption. What the chance of recovery is may be determined by the fact that of the thousands of persons who have used "Golden Medical Discovery" (and when necessary consulted Dr. Pierce by letter, free), ninety-eight per cent. have been perfectly and permanently cured. In severe cases of pulmonary disease "Golden Medical Discovery" has worked wonders. It has come to the sick man or woman as a last resort. The breath came in gasps; the cough was deep and distressing, there were hemorrhages, night-sweats, emaciation and great weakness. The doctor in many cases had gone his way saying "There's nothing more to be done." Then Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery was used and the cure began. The cough disappeared. The hemorrhages ceased. Flesh was put on. And the once hopeless sufferer was at length restored to the activities of labor and the enjoyment of life. Thousands witness to these facts and these witnesses know whereof they speak because they are men and women who testify that they owe their lives to "Golden Medical Discovery," and Dr. Pierce.

"My husband had been coughing for years and people frankly told me that he would go into consumption," writes Mrs. John Shireman, of No. 265 25th Place, Chicago, Ills. "Had such terrible coughing spells, we not only grew much alarmed, but looked for the bursting of a blood-vessel or hemorrhage at almost any time. After three days' coughing he was too weak to cross the room. The doctor did him no good. I stated the case to a druggist, who handed me a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. My husband's recovery was remarkable. In three days after he began using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery he was up and around and in two more days he went to work. Two bottles cured him."

WHAT WOULD IT COST

to consult the ordinary specialist in disease? More in most cases than the average person has to spend in fees. Yet persons suffering from chronic diseases are invited to consult an *extraordinary* Specialist by letter, *free*.

Dr. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., is an extraordinary specialist. He is extraordinary in an unbroken experience in the treatment and cure of disease which extends over thirty years. He is extraordinary in his success: 98 per cent. of those he has treated being absolutely and entirely cured. He is extraordinary in that he puts at the disposal of correspondents not only his own services but the services of his medical staff numbering nearly a score of qualified physicians. There is no other offer of free medical advice which has behind it so renowned an Institution as the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, or such a successful specialist as Dr. Pierce. Write in confidence to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Do not accept any substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." The medicine that dealers sometimes offer as "just as good" as Dr. Pierce's is not the medicine which has cured the thousands who testify that when all other medicines failed "Golden Medical Discovery" restored them to perfect and permanent health.

A BOILED DOWN BOOK.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser contains over a thousand large pages, and it has required this large number of leaves to contain even the "boiled down" medical wisdom of centuries. It is a medical library in itself. It treats of life in its many phases and of disease in its many forms, from the view point of common sense and in plain English. This book is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the volume bound in cloth, or only 21 stamps for book in paper-covers. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

A Newsboy's Will.

JENUARE 31, 189 nine.

TER THE FELLERS IT CONSARNS —

Dis is ter certifi tnet I, Scrappy Towers uv New York Sitty, U. S. A. (use Sam's apricots) in sain mine give as my las will an testimeant ter

Yail Kollege, the sum uv.....		3cet.
Swipsey Jones,	" "	2cet.
His brudder,	" "	1cet.
Newsboys Hom	" "	the rest.
Gran total		$ .11

(signed)
Yoors trooly,
SCRAPPY TOWERS.

Witnesses,
Johnny Kerns, frend uv abov.
his
Pete X the Warf Rat, the same.
mark

(Finis.)

—The Susquehanna Ministerial Association of the Reformed church have selected the 31st of July, 1902, for the day of holding their sixth annual reunion on Island Park.

—While the backwardness of the present spring is considered a good thing for the fruits, as the cool weather retards the development of the buds farmers are complaining that the starting of the spring work has been delayed so long that they will be behind with their farming all season. The season is already two weeks later than last spring.

—Levi Stover died at his home in Penn township on Wednesday after a lingering illness, aged 44 years, 10 months and 10 days. Funeral services were held at the house on Saturday morning at 9 o'clock. Interment at Aaronsburg.

A Doctor's Bad Plight.

"Two year's ago, as a result of a severe cold, I lost my voice," writes Dr. M. L. Scarbrough, of Hebron, Ohio, "then began an obstinate cough. Every remedy known to me as a practicing physician for 35 years, failed, and I daily grew worse. Being urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, coughs and colds, I found quick relief and for last ten days have felt better than for two years." Positively guaranteed for throat and lung troubles by Green's Pharmacy. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free.

NEW YORK TRIBUNE FARMER

For Every Member of The Farmer's Family

Established in 1841, for over sixty years it was the NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE, known and read in every State in the Union.

On November 7, 1901, it was changed to the

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE FARMER

a high class, up-to-date, illustrated agricultural weekly for the farmer and his family—

Price $1.00

a year, but you can buy it for less. How?

By subscribing through your own favorite home newspaper, THE REPUBLICAN, Bellefonte, Pa.

Both papers one year for only $1.50.

Send your order and money to THE REPUBLICAN.

Sample copy free. Send your address to NEW YORK TRIBUNE FARMER, New York City.

THE CUBAN TARIFF.

Democrat and Republican Insurgents On Their Mettle.

THEY OVERTHROW CHAIR'S RULING

When the Vote on the Cuban Reciprocity Was taken They Refused to Knock the Differentials Out and Then Passed the Bill.

HOW THE KEYSTONE PEOPLE VOTED

WASHINGTON, April 19.—The democrats and the republicans insurgents rode rough shod over the house leaders yesterday when the voting began on the Cuban reciprocity bill. They overthrew the ruling of the chair in committee of the whole on the question of the germaneness of an amendment to remove the differential from refined sugar during the existence of the reciprocity agreement provided for in the bill. The vote to overrule the decision of the chair, made by Mr. Sherman, of New York, was 171 to 130, republicans to the number of thirty-seven joining with a solid democratic vote to accomplish this result. Having won this preliminary victory, the amendment was adopted in committee, 164—111, and later in the house by a still larger majority, 199—105. On this occasion 64 republicans voted with the democrats for the amendment. The bill then was passed by an overwhelming majority, 247—52.

An analysis of the vote shows that 124 republicans and 123 democrats voted for the amended bill and forty-two republicans and ten democrats against it. Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, was one of those who voted against the bill. The voting on the bill was the culmination of a long struggle which began with the opening of this session of congress, and after two weeks of continuous debate during which much bitterness was aroused. Yesterday's debate was of an exceedingly lively character, the feature being the echoes of Thursday night's democratic caucus.

To that caucus the defeat of the republican leaders who sought to pass the bill without amendment is attributable. Previous to the holding of the caucus the democrats were very divided and the opposition of the republican beet sugar men showed signs of disintegrating. Yesterday when it became apparent that the democrats would act together the beet sugar men decided at a meeting, attended by thirty-two of them, to take the bit in their teeth and overrule the chair. As soon as this combination was effected the republican leaders realized that they would be defeated so far as the removal of the differential was concerned, and Mr. Payne, the republican leader, contented himself with warning his beet sugar colleagues that in removing the differential they were taking off a bit of protection placed in the Dingley bill especially for the benefit of the beet sugar producers. The democrats intended to follow up their advantage when the differential amendment was adopted by offering the Babcock bill and other amendments to reduce the Dingley schedules, but on these amendments the republicans declined to stand with them and the democrats did not press them vigorously. One of the surprises of the session was the attempt of Mr. Roberts, a Massachusetts republican, to take the duty off hides. He offered two amendments and appealed once from the decision of the chair, but was voted down each time.

The bill as passed authorizes the president, as soon as may be, after the establishment of an independent government in Cuba and the enactment by said government of immigration, exclusion and contract labor laws as restrictive as those of the United States, to negotiate a reciprocal trade agreement with Cuba by which, in return for equivalent concessions, the United States will grant a reduction of 20 per cent. from the Dingley rates on goods coming into the United States from Cuba and such agreement to continue until December 1, 1903. During the existence of such agreement the duty on refined sugars and all sugars above No. 16, Dutch standard is to be 1,825 per pound.

No republican member from Pennsylvania voted with the democrats for the amendment nor did any Pennsylvania member vote against the amended bill on its final passage.

Saved Many a Time.

Don't neglect coughs and colds even if it is spring. Such cases often result seriously at this season just because people are careless. A dose of One Minute Cough Cure will remove all danger. Absolutely safe. Acts at once. Sure cure for coughs, colds, croup, grip, bronchitis, and other throat and lung trouble "I have used One Minute Cough Cure several years, "says Postmaster C. O. Dawson, Barr, Ill. "It is the very best cough medicine on the market. It has saved me many a severe spell of sickness and I warmly recommend it" The children's favorite. C. M. Parrish.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE PRIZE DEBATE.

Held at the Academy on Friday Afternoon.

On Friday afternoon quite an interesting debate took place at the Bellefonte Academy. The question for debate was: "*Resolved*, That it is inexpedient as a matter of public policy to provide separate class rooms for the colored children."

This debate was in competition for prizes to the best debaters in the school, which is offered annually by the Academy Alumni Association. There was a large attendance of the alumni and other friends of the school and much interest was manifested in the result.

The affirmative was taken by Pratt, of Unionville; Hoy, of Bellefonte, and Cromer, of McGee's Mills.

For the negative Munson, of Bellefonte; Free, of DuBois, and Caldwell, of Marion.

The judges were Burgess Edmund Blanchard, Harry Keller, Esq., and Geo. R. Meek.

The question was decided in favor of the negative.

The first prize of ten dollars was awarded to Edward Free, of DuBois, and the second prize of five dollars was carried off by Randolph Hoy, of Bellefonte.

Want To Help Others.

"I had stomach trouble all my life," says Edw. Mehler, proprietor of the Union Bottling Works, Erie, Pa., "and tried all kinds of remedies, went to several doctors and spent considerable money trying to get a moment's peace. Finally I read of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure and have been taking it to my great satisfaction. I never found its equal for stomach trouble and gladly recommend it in hope that I may help other sufferers." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures all Stomach troubles. You don't have to diet. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. C. M. Parish.

—Charles Eckley Mauriacaurt died at the home of his parents. Mr. and Mrs. Louis Mauriacaurt, at New Bethlehem on Monday, April 14, from convulsions. Born at Bald Eagle May 16, 1899, at time of death he was 2 years, 10 months and 22 days of age. The remains were brought to the home of Mrs. B. C. Eckley, at Bald Eagle, on Tuesday evening. Funeral services were conducted Thursday at 2 o'clock at the Bald Eagle M. E. church by Rev. W. R. Dillen, of the U. B. church of Port Matilda., after which interment was made in the Bald Eagle cemetery

Shot In His Left Leg.

For all kinds of sores, burns, bruises, or other wounds DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is a sure cure. Skin diseases yield to it at once. Never fails in cases of piles, cooling and healing. None genuine but DeWitt's. Beware of counterfeits "I suffered for many years from a sore caused by a gun shot wound in my left leg." says A. S. Fuller, English, Ind. "It would not heal and gave me much trouble. I used all kinds of remedies to no purpose until I tried DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. A few boxes completely cured me." C. M. Parrish.

—Fourteen tobacco dealers were placed under arrest in Williamsport on Friday for alleged violations of the act of assembly prohibiting the sale of tobacco in any form to children under 16 years of age. There is not a day passes that you can not see on out streets boys under the age of 16 years smoking cigars or cigarettes Where they get them is the question.

Railroad Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. AND BRANCHES
Schedule in effect Nov. 24, 1901.

Via Tyrone—Westward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.05 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 5.50 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.20 p m, at Altoona 3.10 p m, at Pittsburg 6.55 p m

Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Altoona 6.50 p m, at Pittsburg 10 45 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.05, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philidelphia 5.47 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.20 p m, at Harrisburg 6.45 p m, at Philadelphia 10.20 p m

Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Harrisburg 9.45 p m

Via Lock Haven—Westward.

Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2 10 p m, at Buffalo 7.40 p m

Leave Bellefonte 8.16 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.15 p m, arrive at Buffalo 7.35 a m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m, leave Williamsport 12.40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.15 p m, at Philadelphia at 6.23 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.10 p m, arrive at Williamsport 2.48 p m, leave 4.00 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 5.00 p m, Philadelphia 7.32 p m

Leave Bellefonte 8.16 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.15 p m, leave Williamsport 1.35 a m, arrive at Harrisburg 4.15 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 7.22 a m

Via Lewisburg.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m, Harrisburg 11.30 a m, Philadelphia 3.17 p m.

Leave Bellefonte 2.15 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.42, at Harrisburg 6.50 p m, Philadelphia at 10.20 p m

For full information time tables, maps, fare, &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District, No. 359 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.

J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. B. HUTCHENSON, General Manager.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD
In effect Nov. 24, 1901.

Westward.				Eastward
p m	a m		a m	p m
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 50
1 45	6 35	Lewisburg	9 05	4 42
1 57	6 47	Vicksburg	8 53	4 31
2 05	6 55	Millinburg	8 45	4 24
2 16	7 07	Milimont	8 35	4 13
2 23	7 13	Glen Iron	8 26	4 08
2 51	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 43
3 02	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 32
3 08	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 25
3 17	8 05	Rising Spring	7 35	3 17
3 23	8 11	Penns Cave	7 28	3 10
3 30	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	3 07
3 35	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 56
3 42	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 48
3 46	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 43
3 50	8 39	Lemont	70?	2 38
3 54	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	44
4 00	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 24
4 06	8 55	Azemann	6 45	2 21
4 19	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 18

Trifling that Costs.
Neglect
Sciatica and Lumbago
And you may be disabled and incapacitated for work for many long days.

St. Jacobs Oil
Will cure surely, right away, and save time, money and suffering. It
Conquers Pain
Price, 25c and 50c.
SOLD BY ALL DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVANIA Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after Nov. 24, 1901.

Westward.					Eastward.		
55	53	51		50	52	54	
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m	
3 45	12 10	8 55	Lock Haven	10 30	2 16	9 15	
3 51	12 16	9 01	Mill Hall	10 22	2 04	9 09	
4 02	12 26	9 12	Beech Creek	10 11	1 54	8 58	
4 05	12 29	9 15	Eagleville	10 08	1 51	8 55	
4 14	12 38	9 24	Howard	9 59	1 43	8 46	
4 20		9 30	Mount Eagle	9 53	1 38	8 40	
4 25	12 48	9 34	Curtin	9 49	1 34	8 36	
4 32	12 55	9 41	Milesburg	9 41	1 24	8 28	
4 44	1 05	9 53	Bellefonte,	9 32		8 16	
4 53	1 14	10 01	Milesburg	9 18	1 24	8 08	
4 56	1 22	10 04	Snow Shoe Int	9 15	1 22	8 05	
5 03	1 28	10 11	Unionville	9 07	1 15	7 57	
5 12	1 36	10 20	Julian	8 58	1 08	7 48	
5 21	1 41	10 28	Martha	8 49	1 01	7 29	
5 28	1 50	10 35	Port Matilda	8 42	12 55	7 32	
5 35	1 56	10 41	Hannah	8 35	12 49	7 25	
5 37	1 58	10 43	Fowler	8 33	12 47	7 23	
5 40	2 00	10 45	Dix	8 30	12 45	7 20	
5 46	2 06	10 51	Bald Eagle	8 24	12 39	7 14	
5 50	2 10	11 55	Vall	8 20	12 35	7 10	
5 54	2 14	11 59	East Tyrone	8 16	12 31	7 06	
6 00	2 20	11 05	Tyrone	8 10	12 25	7 00	
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m	

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.
Nos. 50 and 51 Sundays on week day schedules.

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD
Time table in effect Nov. 24, 1901

NORTHWARD.					SOUTHWARD			
EXPRESS	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.	STATIONS.		EXPRESS.	D. EXPRESS.	MAIL.	
P M	P M	A M	Lv	Ar	P M	A M	P M	
6 50	3 30	8 20	Tyrone		5 50	11 20	5 50	
6 58	3 31	8 26	East Ty		5 49	11 14	5 44	
6 58		8 28	Tyrone			11 12	5 42	
7 01	3 35	8 31	Vail		5 43	11 09	5 39	
7 11	3 46	8 42	Vanscoyoc		5 33	11 02	5 32	
7 15	3 50	8 47	Gardner		5 30	10 59	5 29	
7 24	3 59	8 57	Mt. Pleasant		5 27	10 51	5 21	
7 39	4 06	9 05	Summit		5 20	10 44	5 14	
7 34	4 10	9 09	Sandy Ridge		5 14	10 38	5 10	
7 36	4 12	9 11	Retort		5 11	10 35	5 07	
7 38	4 14	9 12	Powelton		5 09	10 33	5 05	
7 48	4 24	9 21	Osceola		5 00	10 23	4 57	
			Osceola Junct		5 57	10 20	4 52	
7 54	4 28	9 26	Boynton		5 51	10 17	4 49	
7 56	4 30	9 31	Stetners		5 50	10 13	4 45	
8 02	4 35	9 40	Philipsburg		5 48	10 12	4 43	
8 06	4 45	9 45	Graham		5 42	10 07	4 35	
8 11	4 50	9 50	Blue Ball		5 37	10 02	4 30	
8 17	4 46	9 56	Wallaceton		5 32	9 56	4 24	
8 22	5 02	10 02	Higler		5 28	9 50	4 17	
8 28	5 08	10 08	Woodland		5 20	9 43	4 10	
8 30	5 10	10 11	Mineral Spr'gs		5 17	9 40	4 06	
8 34	5 14	10 15	Barrett		5 13	9 35	4 01	
8 38	5 18	10 20	Leonard		5 09	9 35	3 56	
8 45	5 25	10 26	Clearfield		5 05	9 28	3 50	
8 50	5 32	10 32	Riverview		5 55	9 23	3 46	
8 56	5 38	10 29	Susque. Bridge		7 04	9 15	3 34	
9 00	5 55	10 44	Curwensville		6 45	9 10	3 30	
	6 01	10 50	Rustic		6 40		3 15	
	6 09	10 58	Stronach		6 34		3 09	
	6 15	11 04	Grampian		6 30		3 05	
M	P M	P M	Ar	Lv	P M	A M	P M	

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEPT Sunday—In effect Nov. 24, 1901.

a m		STATIONS.	p m
11 26	7 27	Arrive Snow Shoe Leave	7 30 3 15
10 00	6 05	Snow Shoe Intersection	9 15 4 56
10 01	5 55	Milesburg	9 18 5 05
9 53	5 45	Leave Bellefonte Arrive	9 32 5 20

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, April 3rd, 1899, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD.				EASTWARD.		
College Accm.	Exp.			Mail.	Exp.	Bellf Ac
1†	†5	†3	Lv Ar	†2	†4	6†
a.m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m
6 30	4 15	10 30	Bellefonte	8 50	2 40	6 4
6 38	4 21	10 37	Coleville	8 42	2 25	6 3
f638	f4 25	f10 42	Morris	f 8 37	f2 22	f6 27
f643	f4 28	f10 47	Whitmer	f8 35	f2 17	f6 23
f646	f4 33	f10 53	Hunters	f8 31	f2 10	f6 21
f650	f4 36	f10 56	Filmore	f8 28	f2 06	f6 18
f655	f4 40	f11 02	Briarly	f8 24	f2 00	f6 14
7 00	4 43	11 05	Waddle	8 20	1 55	6 10
f703	f4 45	f11 08	Lambourn	f8 18	f1 52	f5 07
f712	f4 55	f11 20	Krumrine	f8 07	f1 37	f5 52
7 25	5 00	11 15	State College	8 00	1 30	5 45
f727	f5 05	f11 24	Struble	f7 45	f1 84	f5 25
f731	f5 10		Bloomsdor	f7 40		f5 20
7 35	5 15		Pine Grv Mills	7 35		5 15

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 5 for State llege. Afternoon trains from Montandon wisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and rone connect with train No. 5 for State lege. Trains from State College connect h Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for nts east and west.
stops on flag. * Daily except Sunday.
F. H. THOMAS, Sup

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN.			June 17, 1901.	READ UP		
No. 1	No. 5	No. 3		No. 6	No. 2	No. 4
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	Lv. Ar.	p.m	a.m.	p.m
*7 10	*6 40	*2 40	Bellefonte	9 15	9 40	5 10
7 22	6 52	2 52	Nigh	9 02	9 27	4 57
7 28	6 58	2 53	Zion	8 56	9 21	4 51
7 33	7 03	3 05	Heela Park	8 51	9 16	4 46
7 35	7 05	3 08	Dunkles	8 49	9 14	4 44
7 39	7 09	3 09	Hublersburg	8 45	9 10	4 40
7 43	7 13	3 13	Snydertown	8 41	9 06	4 26
7 46	7 16	3 16	Nittany	8 38	9 03	4 33
7 48	7 19	3 18	Haston	8 35	9 00	4 30
*7 51	7 22	3 21	Lamar	8 32	8 57	4 27
*7 53	7 25	3 23	Clintondale	8 29	8 54	4 2
7 57	7 29	3 27	Krider's S'n'g	8 25	8 49	4
8 02	7 34	3 32	Mackeyville	8 19	8 43	4
8 08	7 40	3 38	Cedar Springs	8 12	8 37	4 07
8 10	7 42	3 40	Salona	8 10	8 35	4 05
8 15	7 47	3 45	Mill Hall	*8 05	*8 30	*4 00
			{NEW YORK CENT}			
11 45	8 38		Jersey Shore		7 55	3 28
12 20	9 10		Arr {WM'PORT} Lve		7 25	*2 50
12 34	11 30		Lve {} Arr		*7 05	2 30
			(PHILA AND READING RY)			
3 18	7 00		PHILA		12 01	*8 36
10 40	§9 30		NEW YORK (Via Phila)		§9 25	*4 30
p.m			Ar. Lv.		p.m.	a.m

*Daily. † Week Days. ‡ 6 00 p. m. Sunday ‡ 10 55 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Car attached to East bound train from Williamsport at 11.30 p m and west-bound from Philadelphia at 12 01 p. m.

J. W. GEPHART,
General Superintendent

Brazilian Balm
Cures Asthma, Catarrh
50¢ — $1.00

Professional Cards.

HUGH S. TAYLOR.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
No. 24 Temple Court. All manner of legal business attended promptly.

A. A. DALE.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office over Centre County Bank, corner S. n and High streets, Bellefonte, Pa.

W. F. Reeder. H. C. Quigley
REEDER & QUIGLEY.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
Office on Allegheny street, 2 doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings, Bellefonte Pa

C. M. Bower. Ellis L. Orvis
ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
Office in Eagle Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

G. L. OWENS,
LAWYER,
TYRONE PENNA.
Colections everywhere. Loans in building associations. Reference: First National Banks.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

SPEER'S
GRAPE WINES.
ALSO
UNFERMENTED GRAPE JUICE,
And ★★★ Climax Brandy.

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE
NINE YEARS OLD.

THIS CELEBRATED WINE is the pure juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in Speer's vineyards, and left hanging until they shrink and partly raisin before gathering. It is invaluable
Tonic and Strengthening Properties
are unsurpassed by any other wines in the world, being produced under Mr. Speer's personal supervision, at his own vineyards, the past forty years. Its purity and genuineness are guaranteed by the principal Hospitals and Boards of Health who have examined it. It is particularly beneficial to the aged, debilitated and the weaker sex. In every respect it is A WINK TO BE RELIED ON.
[See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic, N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.]

Speer's (Socialite) Claret
Is held in high estimation for its richness as a Dry Table Wine, specially suited for dinner use.

Speer's P. J. Sherry
Is a wine of Superior Character and partakes of the rich qualities of the grape from which it is made.

Speer's ★★★ Climax Brandy
IS A PURE distillation of the grape, and stands unrivaled in this country for medicinal purposes, and equal in every respect to the high price Old Cognac Brandies of France, from which it cannot be distinguished.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS WHO KEEP FIRST CLASS WINES

MONEY To PATENT Good Idea. may be secured by our aid. Address, THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md
Subscriptions to The Patent Record $1.00 per annum

Kodol Digests what you Eat
Dyspepsia Cure
People once thought that the only way to cure indigestion was to stop eating. The trouble with such treatment is, that to stop eating is to stop living. KODOL DYSPEPSIA CURE has changed the whole method of treating this complaint. It contains all the natural digestive fluids and digests all you eat without aid from the stomach, so you can eat all the good food you want and be cured of your trouble at the same time.
"I have been troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia for several years and often sat down to eat but had to give it up after eating only two bites. I used two bottles of KODOL DYSPEPSIA CURE and am alright to-day. Can now eat anything I want. W. L. Easton, Audubon, Iowa."
It can't help but do you good
Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.
When you suffer from biliousness or constipation, use the famous little liver pills known as DeWitt's Little EARLY RISERS. They never gripe.
C. M. PARRISH.

"DIRT IN THE HOUSE BUILDS THE HIGHWAY TO BEGGARY." BE WISE IN TIME AND USE
SAPOLIO

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY
Made a Well Man of Me.
THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY
produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address
Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St CHICAGO. ILL.
Sold by C. M. Parrish.

This will save your Life.
By inducing you to use
Dr. King's New Discovery,
For
Consumption, Coughs and Colds.
The only Guaranteed Cure.
NO Cure. NO Pay. Your Druggist will warrant it.
ABSOLUTELY CURES
Grip, Influenza, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Pneumonia, or any Affection of the Throat and Lungs.
TRIAL BOTTLES FREE.
Regular Size 50 cents and $1.00.
Green's Pharmacy.

$3 a Day steady employment for Men or Women. Send us your address and we will show you how to make $3 a day absolutely sure. We furnish the work and teach you free. You work in the locality where you live. Send us your address and we will explain fully. Remember you clear a profit of $3 a day and have steady work the year round. Enclose a self-addressed envelope. Robert Ross Baird Company, Dept. A5 Box 4431, Nicetown Station, Philadelphia, Pa.

Brazilian Balm
Cures Grip, Coughs, Croup.
10¢. 25¢.

Foley's Honey and Tar
heals lungs and stops the cough.
C. M, Parrish.

KIDNEY DISEASES
are the most fatal of all diseases.
FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE Is a Guaranteed Remedy
or money refunded. Contains remedies recognized by eminent physicians as the *best* for Kidney and Bladder troubles.
PRICE 50c. and $1.00.
C, M. Parrish.

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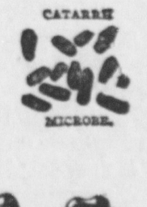
Opposite U. S. Patent Office
WASHINGTON D. C.

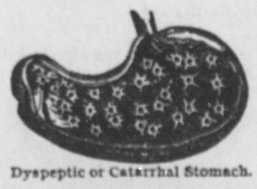
FITS STOPPED FREE
Permanently Cured by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER
No Fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2 TRIAL BOTTLE FREE to Fit patients who pay expressage only on delivery. Permanent Cure, not only temporary relief, for all Nervous Diseases. Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance, Debility, Exhaustion. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia. Founded 1871.

BRAZILIAN BALM
TRIAL BOTTLE 25c.

GRIP BACILLUS.


CATARRH MICROBE.

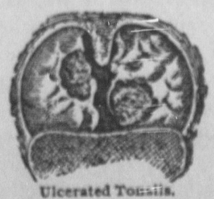
Cures a Cold in One Night.
Guaranteed to Cure Any Cough. 25c
Only Radical Cure for Bronchitis. 50c
Cures Worst Croup in a Few Minutes.
Cures Sore Throat and Ulcerated Toncils.
Only Positive Cure for Quick Consumption.
Kills the Catarrh Microbe and Cures in One Month.
Opens Breathing Passage and Restores Hearing.
Cures Hay Fever or Money Refunded. 50c - $1.00


Dyspeptic or Catarrhal Stomach.

Only Thing on Earth That Cures Asthma.
NOT ONE FAILURE IN 20 YEARS

Monte Ray Collins, Stevens Point, Wis., cured of dreadful cough following Pneumonia.

Kills the Streptococus, the dyspepsia germ and heals the stomach. Takes old Grip out of the system, restoring the vigor of youth. Cures Plurisy. Constipation and Piles, when all else fails. Mumps in 24 hours. Earache in 1 minute. Kills the pain of bee, wasp or hornet stings in 1 second. Heals sores wounds, burns, preventing lock jaw. Kills a boil over night. Cures all germ diseases. Is 100 years ahead of the medical profession. Try it.


Ulcerated Tonsils.

20 days treatment Toxicola Tablets, greatest tonic Liver Invigorator and Headache Remedy, FREE with a $1 bottle of Brazilian Balm. Or a box of Toxicola (1 month's treatment) 25c.

Miss. L. L. Clark, Indianapolis, "The woman who coughed" ruined by grip, catarrh and asthma, restored to the vigor of youth with BRAZILIAN BALM AND TOXICOLA.

25c, 50c and $1.00 AT DRUGGISTS.
B. F. JACKSON & CO., Mfg. Chemists. INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA.
ALL DRUGGISTS

The Bellefonte Republican

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.00 per annum.

BY WILBUR F. HARRIS.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type	$ 5	$ 8	$12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash.

WILBUR F. HARRIS

County Committee.

The following named gentlemen compose the Republican Executive Committee of Centre County for the year 1902.

WILBUR F. REEDER, Chairman, Bellefonte.
Henry C. Quigley, Secretary, Bellefonte.
Harry Keller, G. W. Rees, Ass't Sec's, Bellefonte.
T. Thomas Mitchell

District.	Name	Address.
Bellefonte, N W	P. C. Williams	Bellefonte
" S W	John Houser	"
" W W	Earle C Tuten,	"
Centre Hall boro	C F Deinlinger	Centre Hall
Milesburg "	Alfred S Smith	Milesburg
Millheim "	J Spicelmyer,	Millheim
Howard "	Robert Cook, Jr.	Howard
Philipsburg 1 W	C T Fryberger	Philipsburg
" 2	Geo E Lamb	Philipsburg
" 3	Harry Platt,	"
South Philipsburg	Ira Stover	Philipsburg
College boro	Philip D Foster	State College
Unionville Boro	Howard Holzworth	Fleming
Benner twp, N P.	David Rothrock	Bellefonte
Benner twp, S P.	David Rhinesmith	"
Boggs Twp N P	Thos. Malone	Yarnell
Boggs Twp E P	H R Curtin	Roland
Boggs Twp W P.	Scott Walters	Milesburg
Burnside Twp	D G Stewart	Moshannon
College Twp	Wm. Thompson, Jr.	Lemont
Curtin "	R C Daley	Romola
Ferguson Twp E P.	A Stine Walker, P G Mills	
Ferguson " W P.	A. M. Grazier	Gatesburg
Gregg " N P	Isaac Long	Madisonburg
Gregg " E P.	Jos. K. Bitner	Penn Hall
Gregg " W P.	Wm Allison	Spring Mills
Haines " E P.	J C F Motz	Woodward
Haines " W P.	Jas F Weaver	Aaronsbg
Half Moon "	J A Thompson,	Stormstown
Harris "	Scott Bricker	Boalsburg
Howard "	Ralph Schenck	Howard
Huston "	G G Fink	Martha
Liberty "	H A Snyder	Blanchard
Marion "	Samuel Airey	Walker
Miles E P	M W Adams	Livonia
" M. P.	Clem. H. Gramley	Rebersburg
" W. P	Reuben Grimm	Madisonburg
Patton	John W Balsor	Benore
Penn "	T B Motz	Coburn
Potter Twp N P	James Stahl	Centre Hall
Potter " S P	Alexander McCoy	Pot'rs Mills
" W P	John T Smith	Colyer
Rush " N P	David Kinkead	Philipsburg
Rush " S P	Isaiah Woodle,	Sandy Ridge
Snow Shoe E P	W A Sickle	Snow Shoe
" W P.	Alonzo Grove	Moshannon
Spring Twp N P	Anthony Dusling	Bellefonte
Spring " S P	John Bilger	Pleasant Gap
Spring " W P	William Hampton	Bellefonte
Taylor "	A R. Price	Hannah Furnace
Union "	E P Barton	Fleming
Worth "	H C Woodring	Port Matilda
Walker " M P.	Irvin Yarnell	Hublersburg
" " E.P.	L E Rogers	Nittany
" " W.P.	Christ Decker	Zion

EDITORIAL.

To be or not to be; is a thought doubtless agitating the mind of Attorney General Elkin these days.

A professor of the University of Chicago says that he saw in a small town east of the River Jordon in the Holy Land, a wind-mill which had been made in Batavia, Illinois.

In event of John K. Thompson's candidacy for re-nomination on the Republican Legislative ticket will the local machine leaders require him to pledge himself for or against Penrose and will they have faith in whatever promise he makes?

All doubts we have had as to Elkin's ability to secure the Republican nomination for Governor in the face of Quay's opposition have been dispelled by the fact that Senator Ben Focht has announced a "sink or swim" determination in behalf of Elkin's candidacy.

The Elkin slogan "sink or swim' is likely to cause some of our local machineites some very restless nights, when the tenure of office depends upon the decision present conditions in the machine ranks force upon the state and federal officeholders, their position is truly pathetic.

Senator Quay, it is said, will demand that federal officeholders in Pennsylvania line up against Elkin and do their utmost in their respective counties to send anti-Elkin delegates to the State convention The Centre county contingent may therefore, expect "orders" and woe betide the delinquent.

A Chicago lawyer in a Pennsylvania court recently made an address 35 hours long, and containing upwards of 300,000 words. Experts say this argument was the longest ever made. It may be further said that the speaker is indeed a worthy citizen of the Windy city. Splendidly indeed did he sustain the reputation of the western metropolis.

THE INDIANA PLOWBOY AND HIS CONTENT.

The Indiana plowboy continues to stick to his gubernatorial furrow and with a tenacity of purpose that indicates his determination to plow his way to the coveted place at the head of the State Republican ticket, despite the rocks and boulders of opposition he encounters along the route. These he doubtless hopes to remove from the pathway of his ambition by the cunning of his political sagacity, by the influence of his personal magnetism, or, he may hope to overcome them by the force of a political strength superior to that organized against him by his onetime boss and patron saint, Matthew Stanley Quay.

One day last week the Indiana plowboy journeyed to his Indiana home and was greeted at the railroad station by a large crowd of his neighbors and fellow citizens. In speaking of his candidacy Mr. Elkin said to his Indiana admirers: "With charity for all and malice toward none, and with all the strength God has vouchsafed to me, I will continue this contest in the name and on account of the people of Pennsylvania." This we believe is the latest public declaration from Mr. Elkin that he proposes to make a fight for the nomination for governor on the Republican ticket notwithstanding the fact that Quay has declared against him. In the meantime, however, Elkin and his friends and cohorts are doing their utmost to give his forlorn hope a bright and encouraging aspect.

To be sure no one has the right--not even Quay—to deny the privilege of Elkin or any other man to aspire to the nomination for Governor and make a contest for it if he sees proper. In this respect Elkin, in contending for the honor which Quay proposes he shall not secure, is merely exercising his right of personal liberty and political privilege, both of which he very recently recognized as individual prerogatives to be employed without the consent and approval of his political liege lord and master.

The Indiana plowboy has the right to enter the gubernatorial lists and stay there to the finish if he has a mind to. This is not to be disputed, but for him to say that his contest is to be waged "in the name and on account of the people of Pennsylvania" is a statement his official and political iniquities must stamp as wholly beyond his right to make. As a machine ringster, second to none in his class, Elkin has been at all times during his public and political career an enemy of the people, from whose humble ranks he now proudly boasts to have sprung. It is but necessary to point alone to his record as attorney general of the Stone administration to prove how zealously and persistently he antagonized and thwarted the people's interest for that of the individual and collective benefits of the machine with which he has been these many years so thoroughly and subserviently associated and united.

The people of Pennsylvania know him well, too well indeed for his good, and while it will be admitted that he has a following, such as it is; it is not to be denied that he is no more the candidate of the people than was any choice of a machine manipulated candidacy in years past. The Elkins, the Stones, the Durhams, the Quays, have made Pennsylvania infamous throughout the country and we believe that no candidate with the endorsement of any one or all of the machine coterie will be Stone's successor.

An inventor at New London, Ohio, has been granted a patent for a portable "goat" for use in secret societies for the initiation of new members. There are a series of knuckle-joints which will let the victim down very suddenly, at the same time exploding a blank cartridge, thus adding to the terrors of the ordeal. This seems to be the first public admission that "riding the goat" is not a mythical ceremony. The deponent saith not if the invention includes a series of "butts" in the interest of realism in imitation.

IF IN DOUBT ASK OLEO HAMILTON.

The number of oleomargarine factories in the United States is only twenty-four, but their annual output sells for more than $30,000,000. There go into it 23,000,000 pounds of milk and cream, 33,000,000 pounds of beef fat oleo, 37,000,000 pounds of neutral lard and 11,000,000 pounds of cottonseed oil. We cannot attest to the correctness at the foregoing data as the information came under our observation merely as a news item of general interest. So closely identified with the oleo industry has been and is the name of Pennsylvania's Secretary of Agriculture John Hamilton of "Oleo Grange", State College, Centre county, that we fear some of our readers may infer that he is the source from which these oleo statistics emanated. While such, a conclusion would be justified by facts and conditions in which Mr. Hamilton is involved, we feel it due to him to say that, so far as we know, he is not the authority in this particular quotation. What John Oleo Hamilton does not know about bogus butter and its regular, and irregular process of reaching the markets, is not worth knowing, therefore, those who desire to verify the figures of the oleo output and its component parts will do well to consult Pennsylvania's oleo expert and bogus butter promoter and protector, John Hamilton secretary of the State Department of Agriculture.

A GOOD MAN NAMED FOR HIGH HONOR.

The Centre Reporter in last week's issue presented, with a well merited enconium, the name of Ellis L. Orvis, Esq., of Bellefonte, for consideration in connection with the Democratic gubernatorial nomination. The Reporter claims for Mr. Orvis that he is a gentleman of high character, exceptional ability and is possessed, in short with every essential qualification for the exalted position for which his name is suggested. Mr. Orvis measures up to and beyond the high standard outlined by our esteemed contemporary and we know that the sentiments of the Reporter will find a hearty endorsement with the people of our own county and those to whom Mr. Orvis is known beyond the limits of old Centre. The list of Democratic gubernatorial possibilities is a long one and is made up of the best members of the party, including Col. John A. Woodward, of Howard. Mr. Orvis is not outclassed in the company in which the Reporter places him and while we have no personal, political or any other interest in the choice of the Democratic nominee we believe that Ellis L. Orvis would make a first class candidate and would add strength and dignity to the campaign.

The rumor that State Chairman and Banking Commissioner Frank Reeder has withdrawn his allegiance to Quay and will join the Elkin ranks bears out the truth in the old saying that birds of a feather flock together, Reeder was Elkin's partner in the indemnity bond raid in the State treasury and with Elkin was kicked out of office by the last Republican administration.

The Civil Service Commission, at Washington, reports that since its organization 19 years ago it has examined 490,000 applicants, of whom 321,000 passed and 89,000,—or about 28 per cent.—received appointments, all of which goes to show that many are called but few are chosen. There are now 31,000 on the eligible rolls awaiting appointments.

After a long investigation the grand jury of St. Louis, Mo., has decided that the city has the most corrupt and disgraceful administration in the country. We are willing to accept the verdict in so far as it characterizes the government of St. Louis as corrupt and disgraceful but we refuse to yield first place in municipal rottenness and corruption to any other city than Philadelphia which is easily entitled to the distinction, all claims of the St. Louis grand jury to the contrary notwithstanding.

STATE GRANGE LETTER FROM D. B. MCWILLIAMS.

From Grange Trade Bulletin.

Patrons:—

When we realize that four months have come and gone since we said "Good Bye" at Johnstown in December, we can truly say how swiftly time flies! since that time we have crossed the threshold of another year. It, like all former ones, has brought with it new duties, cares and responsibilities. These coupled with those we have assumed by obligation and otherwise, make life a busy scene indeed.

When many of us first crossed the threshold of the Grange, amidst our new enthusiasm we perhaps imagined, the battles of the farmers were almost over, and we were ready to rejoice in the triumphs and trophies of victory. But years of service, has been a good school and brought us to realize, that we must fight if we would reign.

Have these years of service, made us better soldiers, more loyal, more sagacious, more earnest, and more devoted to the Grange? sometimes there may be reasons for discouragements, when we see so many engaged in the cause of Agriculture either claiming to be now-combatants, or swearing allegiance to the foe. It seems to me there is a similarity between the Grange membership and the Army. There are those who are absent at roll call, but present at dress parade; others attend sick call more readily than when detailed on picket duty; anxious to be sent to the hospitals, but more so to draw their rations; ask for their discharge, in the face of an important battle or sleep on their post; whilst the large majority are veterans, always ready to take the front rank when facing the foe; always ready for duty, and with Grant like loyalty and determination "we will fight it out on this line if it takes all summer."

Patrons the Grange has done a noble work, a great work, and a good work. Eternity alone, can reveal the fruits thereof.

I sometimes wonder what the conditions, would have been had the Grange never been called into existence. We can realize what it has done for ourselves. It has lead us out into domains, we never would have entered. It has helped us to think for ourselves; to read more; to take broader views, not only of the little things of life, but those of much greater magnitude. It has convinced us of the truth that we are our brother's keeper. That in union there is strength. To believe firmly in the Fatherhood of God and the Brotherhood of man. That deep down in the human breast, there is a heart that should beat in unison for good with our fellows; to pulsate with sympathy for the unfortunate and that for the woes of others. Amidst discouragements, there is also cause for much rejoicing and if we are loyal to our order and its principles and to one another we shall reap, if we faint not.

There are dead Granges to be restored to life; uncultivated fields to be tilled, as well as unexplored regions to be invaded. The wheat and tares may be growing side by side; (I mean by this the true patron and the farmer without the gates,) but the sifting time will come. We may not all live to see all accomplished, that we hoped for. Some like Moses may be permitted to view from the mountain top the promised land. Whilst in some one else will be found the Joshua who will lead the Hosts and go up and possess it.

I cannot close this article without expressing my sorrow, at the death of Bro. D. C. Kennedy, and other Patrons who have passed over the great divide and joined the great majority; most cheerfully and reverently, I lay my tribute though small, it may be, upon their bier, and with pleasant recollections, remember them. It is said, when Bruce and Douglas were fighting to free Scotland; after Bruce had died, Douglas took out his heart and carried it close to his breast. Upon one occasion, when his army was, being sorely pressed and becoming discouraged he drew out that sacred heart; and there in the midst of the enemy exclaimed "where goes the heart of Bruce goes Scotland." His soldiers took new courage, rallied, and won the battle.

Oh, could we but say, where goes the Grange, go the Farmers! what a great victory would be won. We must continue to "throw out the life line." "Keep the lower lights burning," Work until the shadows grow long, for glad will be the day when in the suming up of all things, we have been one of them.

Most Fraternally Yours,
D. B. McWilliams.

BUILT A FILMY BRIDGE.

The Way a Water Penned Spider Got Back to Dry Land.

A gentleman who was fond of studying the habits of insects one day found a large spider near a pond. He took a long stick and put the spider on one end of it. He then went to the side of the pond and, stretching out as far as he could, fixed the other end in the bottom and left the stick standing straight up out of the water with the spider upon it. He then sat down on the bank to watch what the insect would do.

It first went down the stick till it came to the water; but, finding that there was no hope of getting off there, it returned to the top. It then went up and down the different sides of the stick, feeling and looking carefully, till it found there was no way of escape at any part. Then it went once more to the top and remained quiet for awhile, as if thinking what to do. After a short pause the insect began to spin a thread long enough to reach from the stick to the edge of the pond.

When this was done, it fastened one end of the thread to the top of the stick and let the rest of it float in the breeze. It waited till the wind stretched the thread out toward the side of the pond.

The insect then went crawling along the thread till it reached the end. After floating in the air a little while it alighted safely on the ground and scampered off to its home.

Special Cars on Trains.

"The safest car in a railroad train," said a traveling man, "is one as near the center of the train as possible. I have observed it over and over, as I have been in several wrecks myself, and it is the first two coaches or the last coach which is usually derailed or smashed into kindling wood.

"Apropos of this, special cars are usually attached to the rear of the express train. This is the case when the president goes traveling, his special car being the last car on the train and consequently open to the full force of a rear end collision. It would be difficult to place the president's car, or any other special car for that matter, in the center of the train. The train would have to be divided, the car coupled in and the train made up again. Its presence in the center would interrupt the free passage from one end of the train to the other by passengers and trainmen and would be objectionable for other good and apparent reasons, principally upon the score of privacy."—Washington Post.

The Luxury of Doing Good.

A magazine article on "The Luxury of Doing Good" quotes one or more writers to the effect that the impulse of benevolence is, in fact, a selfish one, because people please themselves by exercising the power of doing good. This kind of dissection of motives seems rather ungracious and unprofitable, as, although logic of course could very easily reason out the matter to the same conclusion, in actual life to take delight in benefiting others is not, as a rule, characteristic of selfish natures. If we have the means of doing good at little or no cost of sacrifice to ourselves, whether in money, influence or any other form of helpfulness, it may perhaps be truly said that we derive pleasure at a very cheap rate. But the vast majority of people can only do good at the cost of some little self denial, and in those cases we can only ascribe their actions to the simple qualities of kindness and good feeling.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Nothing Left For Charity.

Curious things are done in the sacred name of charity. A woman got up a concert for a "worthy object," on the strength of which many persons bought tickets. After the concert the woman gave a champagne supper to the performers and some of her friends, which was paid for out of the proceeds of the concert, leaving nothing for the charity. "I felt it was only courteous to give the performers who had helped us so much something in return," explained the woman naively.—New York Press.

Senatorial Repartee.

Once during a heated debate between Senator Joseph B. Foraker of Ohio and Senator Joseph W. Bailey of Texas the question of law in Texas and law in Ohio came up. The passage became warm. Foraker, by way of a parting shot, told Bailey that if he would come to Ohio he would learn a great deal of law that he did not know.

"If there is so very much law to be learned in Ohio," remarked Bailey, "I must advise the senator to spend all his spare time there. He needs it."

Part of the Business.

"And every one of those brass band people," said the proprietor of the Slowville hotel, "went away owing me a week's board."

"Well," commented the shoe salesman, "you know that music is full of beats."

But the landlord only gazed sadly out of the window.—Baltimore American.

THE DOG'S TAIL.

Its Language In the Chase and When the Animal Is Pleased.

In the case of all hunting dogs, such as foxhounds or wolves, which pack together, the tail is carried aloft and is very free in movement. It is also frequently rendered more conspicuous by the tip being white, and this is almost invariably the case when the hounds are of mixed color. When ranging the long grass of the prairie or jungle, the raised tips of the tail would often be all that an individual member of the band would see of its fellows.

There is no doubt that hounds habitually watch the tails of those in front of them when drawing a covert. If a faint drag is detected suggestive of the presence of a fox, but scarcely sufficient to be sworn to vocally, the tail of the finder is at once set in motion, and the warmer the scent the quicker does it wag. Others, seeing the signal, quickly join the first, and there is an assemblage of waving tails before even the least whimper is heard.

Should the drag prove a doubtful one, the hounds separate again, and the waving ceases, but if it grows stronger when followed up the wagging becomes more and more emphatic until one after another the animals begin to whine and give tongue and stream off in Indian file along the line of scent.

When the pack is in full cry upon a strong scent, the tails cease to wave, but are carried aloft in full view. The moment when the dog most enjoys life is the moment when he sights game. That moment is the time when he wags his tail most vigorously in order to announce his discovery to his fellow dogs.

In this way, by the habit of association, he got to wagging his tail whenever he was pleased. The more pleased he is the more vigorously he wags his tail, so that the wagging of a dog's tail under pleasurable emotions can be traced directly to the time when the dog used his tail as a signal of the discovery of his prey.—D. Provan in Scottish-American.

THE LIMIT WAS REACHED.

What Pat Got When He Asked For a Raise In Salary.

A story was often told by the late Charles L. Tiffany of an importunate Irishman who for many years had been employed as a window washer. His pay had been raised quite as often as was consistent with the dignity of his position, but he seemed always hungry (or probably thirsty) for more. At length the firm decided that the limit was reached. Not so Pat. Going one morning to the inner sanctuary, he sought audience with Mr. Tiffany.

"Good mornin', Mr. Tiffany," he commenced artfully, seeking to preface his errand by disinterested conversation.

"Good morning, Patrick," was the answer.

"And how are ye this mornin', Mr. Tiffany?"

"Quite well, thank you, Patrick."

"And how are your wife and family?"

"Quite well, thank you, Patrick. But what can I do for you this morning?"

"Oi've been thinkin', Mr. Tiffany, thot Oi've served ye long and faithful these twenty-foive years and thot Oi sh'ud have a raise in me pay."

"You should be thankful, Patrick, that you have been permitted to serve so distinguished a house as that of Tiffany & Co. for twenty-five years. That, with what we have already done for you, should be sufficient. Good morning, Patrick."

"Good mornin', Mr. Tiffany."

Realizing the futility of further words, he left the room. Reaching the outer office, he was hailed by a chorus from the "boys," to whom his periodical pilgrimages had become a standing joke:

"What did you get, Pat?"

"Faith," was the ready answer, "Oi got permission to kape me job, and Oi tuk it!"—New York Times.

Montefiore's Rebuke.

A man who was once talking with the late Sir Moses Montefiore at a reception found the conversation so entertaining that he completely forgot the race of his companion and made some uncomplimentary remark about the Jewish features of a lady who was passing by. The mistake was no sooner made than it was perceived.

The unhappy man began to apologize profusely. "I ask a thousand pardons. It was so stupid of me to forget. You look angry enough to eat me. I beg you not to devour me."

"Sir," replied Sir Moses, "it is impossible. My religion forbids."—Peter's "The Jew as Patriot."

A Martyr.

"She is the most sacrificin' woman fer miles around."

"In what way?"

"Waal, whenever they git up a lawn fete or sumpen like for the church in which the expenses are more'n the proceeds the committee alwus sends her up to acquaint the pastor with the result."—Baltimore Herald.

A True Philosopher.

The greatest thing we ever saw in the way of a philosopher was a one armed man in a manicure establishment who gloated because he got his work done for half price.—Washington Post.

Extremes.

Mrs. A.—My husband is positively impossible. He knows nothing.

Mrs. B.—Mine is simply unbearable. He knows everything.—Tit-Bits.

To say silly things is about as bad as to do them.—Punxsutawney Spirit.

Love is a tickling sensation at the heart that cannot be scratched.

THE INNS OF CHINA.

Their Cheapness Is About Their One Redeeming Feature.

Chinese inns are without register or clerks. On riding through the gateway your bridle rein is seized by a dirty boy, who helps you to dismount, shouting loudly meanwhile for the proprietor, who presently looms up through the wilderness of carts and mules. Proprietor and boy then hold a parley as to what rooms are eligible, and then a door is pushed open and the traveler is shown to his apartment. It is usually about twelve feet square. The walls and floor are of hard mud, and so are the beds, which extend entirely across the side of the room, with only space enough between them for a small table and one chair. The room is lighted by one window, in which paper takes the place of glass.

The first duty of the proprietor in making a patron comfortable is to stop up the holes in the paper window pane. He never tears the paper off entirely and replaces it with a new one, because the sheet of paper is worth about one-tenth of a cent, and the innkeeper is not wasteful. Indeed he pastes little slips of paper over the holes until all the light that filters through it is of a mottled hue.

At one end of the mule shed is the kitchen of the inn. It is here that the meals for all the patrons are prepared, to be eaten in the rooms. The menu is not elaborate. It consists only of bowls of rice and tea. Should the traveler desire a greater variety of food, he can buy it himself in the market, and his own servant can cook it in the kitchen of the inn. To sleep on the bed of a Chinese inn would be for a foreigner an impossibility were it not that he is always so exhausted at the end of each day's journey that he finds it difficult to remain awake ten minutes after alighting from his pony. He lies down on the mat that covers the hard heap of mud and surprises himself at the soundness of his slumber.

The one redeeming thing about the inn is its cheapness. Just as the traveler is about to depart in the morning the proprietor tells him the amount of his bill. Everything is charged on the "European plan." Every cup of tea, every rushlight candle, the paper window pane, are all itemized in the long list which the proprietor reels off in singsong, but the total is surprisingly low. The cost of food and lodging for one night for a traveler and two servants, with stabling and fodder for his ponies and cart mules, is about 50 cents.—New York Mail and Express.

Boasted Too Soon.

The rear end of a Fordham car was congested the other afternoon. There wasn't even "standing room only." A jocular commuter said, "Beware of pickpockets!"

Everybody laughed.

A gentlemanly looking fellow said:

"No man need be afraid of pickpockets if he does as I did. I have a self patented scheme. I have a buttonhole in my vest pocket. I run my chain through it and attach the other end in the usual way. They can't draw that watch through that buttonhole. No pickpockets in mine, and don't you forget it."

The crowd thinned out.

At Wendover avenue the "patentee" said startingly:

"My watch is gone!"

Somebody had clipped the chain, drawn it through the other way and abstracted the watch.—New York News.

A Story of Two Necklaces.

When General Weyler was sent by Spain as governor general to Manila, Don Carlos Palanca, the wealthy Spaniardized Chinaman, determined to send Mrs. Weyler a gift, the customary way of obtaining the good will of the Spanish officials. He found at a jeweler's two necklaces, each costing $20,000 and both being so beautiful that he could not choose between them. So he sent them both to Mrs. Weyler with the message that she should make her choice. He received a warm letter of thanks from her, stating that the necklaces were so beautiful that she could not decide between them and hence would keep both, which she did.

Napoleon's Talisman.

Louis Napoleon, who believed himself, even amid exile and poverty, destined to that throne which the prestige of his name and his cunning coup d'etat enabled him to reach, was not without his superstitions. In his will he says, "With regard to my son, let him keep as a talisman the seal I used to wear attached to my watch."

This talisman had no power to turn aside the fatal spears of the Zulus, and the young Napoleon met a sadder fate than his father's worst fears could have imagined for him.

Nasal Catarrh.

A remedy highly recommended for nasal catarrh is a teaspoonful of boracic acid powder and a saltspoonful of salt dissolved in a half pint of boiling water. Apply this three times a day, lukewarm, by pouring a little into the palm of the hand and drawing it through the nostrils.

Evidently No Friend.

"I thought you were friends."

"Friends! Friends! Why, the man's enmity is so malignant that he gives every book agent and canvasser who comes to his office my address and tells him I'm an easy mark!"—Chicago Post.

A Sure Authority.

A youngster, disputing with his brother, exclaimed:

"'Tis true, for father says so, and if father says so it is so, even if it ain't."

There's room for everybody in this big world, but we can't all have front rooms.

WHAT IS TEMPERAMENT?

No Wonder This Child's Brain Is All In a Muddle.

The half dozen blocks about Dupont circle include the homes of as many scientists of national reputation. These gentlemen of course know each other and meet frequently. Not long ago one of their neighbors began to wonder whether such intimate intercourse among scientists was a good thing, his cogitation having had its rise in the following incident:

His little daughter has just reached the age when she asks 200 questions a day. About a month ago her father spoke of some author as lacking the proper "temperament" for writing on history. That word "temperament" apparently took root in the youngster's mind. What was temperament? She asked that question twice an hour for an entire week.

Finally her father gave her a note to Professor —— and sent her off to find out. That scientist answered the query as follows: "Temperament is an individual tendency to the rise of a certain mental state." Father and daughter wrestled with that a little while and then applied to a second member of the scientific group for help. No. 2 called temperament "an ensemble of physical and mental traits arising from fundamental constitutional differences in individuals." This put the little girl's father completely at sea. So No. 3 was tried. His judgment was that "temperament is the psychic resultant of the whole organic life of the individual." By this time hope was abandoned. But when No. 4 volunteered to make it clear the family spirits revived. "Temperament is a general disposition of the mind," he wrote, "the distinctions of which depend on the dominance of one or the other of the physiological systems."

And now the family dictionary is worn out.—Washington Star.

ANTISEPTICS.

They Do Not Destroy, It Is Said, but Only Arrest Germ Life.

The Edinburgh Scotsman begs leave to correct the erroneous belief that implies that antiseptics can prevent decay. Decay may be arrested without killing the microbe which would produce it. A few drops of a solution of carbolic acid added to flour paste will keep it sweet for a certain time, not because the germs in the paste are destroyed, but because these germs are hindered for the time being in their growth and multiplication and because the paste is rendered temporarily an unsuitable soil for the growth of whatever microbes may fall from the air into it.

When the effect of the acid has worn off and disappeared, we see the paste going to the bad as rapidly as if it had not been treated antiseptically at all. Molds will grow in it, and it will decay in the fashion familiar to everybody.

It is in this way cold may act as an antiseptic when it is used to preserve meat and fish. There is no destruction, but only arrest of germ life. If we wish to kill microbes, therefore, we not only have to use a disinfectant, but we must employ it in proper proportions and see that it thoroughly attacks the germs we wish to destroy. It is for this reason that all attempts to kill germs which the air may contain are worse than useless. We cannot "disinfect" the air. If we could do so, we should require to saturate the air with our germicide to such an extent that to breathe it would kill us.

We get an excellent example of this fallacy of "disinfecting air" when we reflect that in using burning sulphur to purify a room after a fever case we have to use it in such a way and in such proportion that it is impossible for any person to remain in the room at all.

Hiding Behind Big Words.

A mining expert recently described a lode as traversing "a metamorphic matrix of a somewhat argilloarenaceous composition." This means literally 'a changed mass of a somewhat clayey-sandy composition." This in its turn may be translated into plain English as m-u-d.

Why choke a puny fact with murderous polysyllables? Huxley and Darwin, Lyell and Faraday could so write as to be "understanded of the people," and there is a suspicion abroad in these times that the big words so freely used by small men are a device to conceal ignorance and inexact thought rather than a proof of superior knowledge.—Youth's Companion.

Perfectly Satisfied.

Papa—Is the teacher satisfied with you?

Toby—Oh, quite.

Papa—Did he tell you so?

Toby—Yes. After a close examination he said to me the other day, "If all my scholars were like you I would shut up my school this very day!" That shows that I know enough.—Stray Stories.

The Real Trouble.

Burroughs—Yes, I'm deeply in debt.

Goodman—I gave you credit for having more sense.

Burroughs—But the trouble is my tailor gave me credit for having more dollars.—Philadelphia Press.

Is This So?

"Why do men flock after widows?"

"Because," explained the sweet young thing, not without a touch of bitterness, "the average man lacks confidence in his own judgment, and in the case of a widow he feels that he is merely backing the judgment of another man."—Chicago Post.

Don't be offensive in your politeness. When you ask a man to take your seat, don't add that you are younger and more able to stand.—Atchison Globe.

BURIED BY BROWN.

ECCENTRICITIES OF NEW YORK'S MOST NOTED SEXTON.

For Many Years He Ministered to the Aristocracy of the City at Grace Church, and His Name Adorns a Tablet on Its Walls.

It used to be said that a stranger who was visiting New York for the first time and asked his hotel clerk for advice as to what he should do on Sunday morning would find his doubts quickly reduced to the alternative, "Go over to Brooklyn and hear Beecher" or "Go to Grace church and see Brown." No prelate of the Episcopal church was so widely known either in or beyond his New York diocese as this valiant guardian of old Grace, whose income, it was estimated, was greater than that of any man in the cloth and whose power in society was even more feared than that of any bishop.

He received his appointment as sexton from the Rev. Dr. Thomas House Taylor, and, while Dr. Taylor has been long forgotten, Sexton Brown is still almost as much remembered in the great city as Jim Fisk, A. T. Stewart or Charles Delmonico.

Brown would cultivate the acquaintance of head waiters and cooks, securing the latest information as to the social plans of their masters and mistresses, and whenever he learned that a party or a ball was under consideration he would offer his services to deliver the invitations or look after the comfort of the guests or superintend their arrival and departure in their carriages. Beginning in this humble way, it was not long before he gained the good will of distinguished patrons.

His authoritative manner, too, was admirable for such occasions. Indeed the host himself could hardly issue a command to his menials with the suavely peremptory emphasis which Brown employed. Such was his deportment and such his trustworthy zeal that it was said that no one in Grace church could be properly feasted or buried or could even say his prayers without the assistance of Brown, and eventually it became something like a dictum in a large portion of society that nobody could be married in New York in truly first class style unless Brown's presence blessed the bridal party.

Nor did any detail that might be wanting for the personal comfort of the congregation escape his vigilant eye. It was a habit of old Peter Stuyvesant, for example, to keep in his pew a thermometer. As soon as he had taken his seat he would consult it. One winter morning when the temperature was extremely low the furnaces of the church got out of order, and Brown's assistants were able to force through them only enough heat to lessen the chill a little. It occurred to Brown that the condition of the atmosphere would not be conducive to either the piety or the comfort of the aged Stuyvesant. When the old gentleman arrived within the porch of the church, he was shivering with the cold, but without attracting his attention Brown, who knew that the first thing he would do would be to step into his pew and examine the thermometer, slipped in ahead, pressed one of his fat fingers to the little glass bulb and chuckled as he saw the mercury ascend to 72. When Stuyvesant reached the pew, he consulted the thermometer as usual, looked around wonderingly, but evidently concluded that the church must be warm enough and that therefore it must be himself who was cold.

Brown's funeral was marked by much of the pomp and circumstance which he himself had so often provided for the rich and the great. The wits said that it was the first in forty years that had been a perfectly correct performance without his individual guidance. He had died in the little town of Brandford one August night in 1880. There he had been in the habit of taking his summer rest. He had been overcome by the heat while attending a wedding at Brandford, and that summer he complained, probably for the first time in his life, of ill health. One of his orders was that his body should be placed in a casket of polished Spanish cedar.

A more ponderous casket had never been carried up the aisle of Grace church. It was rich with silver and velvet. It was so heavy—its interior being large enough for two ordinary corpses—that the eight Knights Templars who bore it into the church almost staggered with their burden. Upon it lay their cocked hats with waving ostrich plumes. Within the chancel stood four of the clergy, in the pews were the representatives of some of the proudest families of the city, and a long line of men and women filed into the church showing all the signs of sorrow for an old friend and neighbor.

On the left hand side of Grace church as one turns after entering the porch under the bell tower and near where Brown was wont for more than a generation to take his station every Sunday is a shining brass tablet. It was

Value of Time.

The value of odd minutes is illustrated by a story told in a curious little volume of advice printed in England. A large firm required a manager for one of its departments and appointed 12 o'clock for arrangement of terms with the selected applicant. He arrived at five minutes past 12, to find a dozen directors waiting, the chairman watch in hand. The chairman announced that they could not engage a subordinate who had wasted an hour of his employers' time, and on the applicant deprecating such exaggeration the chairman explained that each director had wasted five minutes and that made an hour in all.

FIND THE SUNNY SIDE.

Try to Get Out of the Gloom and the Shadows of Life.

Nothing contributes more to the highest success than the formation of the habit of enjoying things. Whatever your calling in life may be, whatever misfortunes or hardships may come to you, make up your mind resolutely that, come what may, you will get the most possible real enjoyment out of every day, that you will increase your capacity for enjoying life by trying to find the sunny side of every experience of the day. Resolutely determine that you will see the humorous side of things. No matter how hard or unyielding your environment may seem to be, there is a sunny side if you can only see it. The mirth provoking faculty, even under trying circumstances, is worth more to a young man or woman starting out in life than a fortune without it. Make up your mind that you will be an optimist; that there shall be nothing of the pessimist about you; that you will carry your own sunshine wherever you go.

There is longevity in the sunny soul that eases our jolts and makes our sides shake with laughter.

There is a wonderful medicinal effect in good cheer. Good news and glad tidings have a magic effect even upon invalids.

We often see a whole store or factory or home transformed by one sunny soul. On the other hand, we have seen them blighted and made dark by a gloomy, morose, fault finding person.—Christian Advocate.

Always Dying.

Life consists in a series of changes of tissue, and the human economy is simply, so far as its material part is concerned, a machine and primarily depends on food as the most important factor in keeping it in working order. When it is said that we commence to die as soon as we are born, it of course means that certain parts of the body immediately begin to perish; their existence is ephemeral; they come and go, are replenished and decay. They are the dying parts of that system of life which may last a little while, but which must eventually yield to the inexorable law of nature. The nails, the hair, etc., are observable as an instance of this decay. The same rule applies to every other organ and tissue of the body, though it is not palpable to the naked eye. The skin is always peeling. The food that is taken in the one hour nourishes the system and ejects that which was taken the hour before.

How Birds Migrate.

Many of the smaller and weaker birds, like the fly catchers, vireos, wrens, kinglets and bluebirds, in order to avoid their enemies, the hawks, make their long flights by night, stopping for rest and food in the daytime. The larger and bolder ones, like the hawks and crows, and those of extremely rapid flight, like the swallows and humming birds, migrate fearlessly by day, and there are some, like the Canada geese, which travel just when they choose, by day or night. Migrating birds usually fly at a height of from one to three miles, and this enables them to see the rivers, the mountain ranges and the coast line. By these they direct their course, the old birds remembering the way they came before and the young ones following.—Woman's Home Companion.

Peculiar Table Customs.

In a book entitled "Domestic Manners of the Middle Ages" we are told that in those days dinner tables were covered by a "nappe," or tablecloth. Upon it were placed a large saltcellar, bread and cups for wine, but no knives or plates. The reason for the absence of the knives arose from the common practice in vogue of people carrying their own knives in a sheath attached to their girdle.

In an early work, written by Lydgate—"Rules For Behavior at Table"—the guests are told to bring no knives unscoured to the table, which can only mean that each one was to keep his own knife—that is, the one he carried with him—clean.

What the Preacher Learned.

A celebrated preacher when speaking to some 3,000 children, after delighting them with a variety of stories, thought it might be well to point the moral of one of them. He had hardly, however, begun to say, "Now this teaches," when a little ragamuffin on the front bench cried out: "Never mind what it teaches. Gie's another story." "I learned from that rascal," he said, "to wrap the moral well in the heart of the story, not to put it as a sting into the tail."

The Cataleptic Trance.

It cannot be doubted that in numerous cases of cataleptic trance the apparently lifeless patient has been acquainted with all the arrangements being made for his interment. Several instances are recorded in which, although the body presented every appearance of death, the patient was conscious of everything going on around him, but absolutely unable to raise a limb or in any way communicate with those near his bed.

The Lost Patient.

Dr. Lancet—It is hard to lose a patient.

"Speaking of Guptstill, I suppose. Is he dead?"

Dr. Lancet—Dead? No, confound him! He has gone and got well.—Boston Transcript.

Two Sensations.

"I [illegible] that pianist's finish. Don't you?"

"Y[illegible] I always dread his beginnings."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Why Meerschaum Colors.

Meerschaum would not color at all but for the fact that it is boiled in wax. If used in its natural state, it would quickly become soiled, the material being so porous that it absorbs the slightest moisture from the hand or anything it comes in contact with. But the wax fills up the pores and gives the meerschaum a sort of enamel. A pipe that has been spoiled by overheating so that it will not color can be reboiled in wax and restored to some extent. This kind of work is done in the trade by experts, for it requires great skill.

The Spaniard at Home.

The Spaniard at home is not understandable. He loves flowers and carries a pistol; he is passionately fond of the theater, but does not keep quiet that he or his neighbors may hear; he is charmingly courteous and inexcusably cruel; he shares his bread and wine with every stranger and stabs a friend over a trifle. Such are the traits of some. The bullfight is the favorite amusement of this class, and the bullfight, though declining somewhat in popularity, is yet the national diversion.

A Mistaken Engineer.

When it was proposed to build the Central Pacific railroad, a civil engineer of twenty-five years' experience reported that the road could not be completed in twenty years with all the money of the Bank of England to back the enterprise. But it was built and completed seven years before the expiration of the time fixed by congress.

DOING THEIR DUTY.

Scores of Bellefonte Readers Are Learning the Duty of the Kidneys.

To filter the blood is the kidneys' duty.
When they fail to do this the kidneys are sick.
Backache and many kidney ills follow.
Urinary troubles, Diabetes,
Doan's Kidney Pills cure them all.
Bellefonte people endorse our claim.

Mr. W. E. Haines, of No. 1 Beaver Row, locomotive engineer, says. "I was suffering from an acute lameness in my back, and a dull, lingering aching over my kidneys. I felt it in my head also, and there were pains over my eyes and in the top and back of my head and in the upper part of my spine. I was afraid I would not be able to attend to my duties as I was on night work and had to get some rest in the daytime, for on account of my backand these pains I could not rest well. I read about Doan's Kidney Pills and obtained them from the Bush House block drug store. They proved to be just the remedy I require for they removed the whole trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce Henry Lowry, of Bellefonte as a candidate for the nomination for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

We are authorized to announce A. V. Miller, of Spring township, as a candidate for the nomination for Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

We are authorized to announce J. G. Bailey, of Ferguson township, as a candidate for the nomination for Commissioner subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce Philip D. Foster, of State College, as a candidate for the nomination for Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

Don't forget the Coleville Band concert is on the 6th. of May in the Petrikin Hall.

MAN WITH HORSE AND WAGON wanted to deliver and collect. No canvassing. $21 per week and expenses. $150 cash deposit required. Collector, Box 78, Philadelphia.

COURT PROCLAMATION—Whereas the Honorable J. G. Love, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th Judicial District, consisting of the county of Centre, having issued his precept, bearing date of the 31, day of March, 1902, to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre and to commence on the 4th Monday of April, being the 28th day of April, 1902, and to continue three weeks. Notice is hereby given to the coroner, justice of the peace, aldermen and constables of said County of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the 28th, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 31st day of March, in the year of our Lord 1902, and the one hundred and twenty-fifth year of the Independence of the United States. CYRUS BRUNGART, Sheriff.

Business Vs. Philanthrophy.

The Young Men's Christian Association movement is a business men's movement for the benefit of young men, carried on by Christian business men and those who are interested in the welfare of young men. A business differs from a philanthrophy in the fact that the more successfully the business is conducted the more money it makes for itself. On the contrary, the more successfully a philanthrophy is conducted the more money it needs.

You conduct a business enterprise to make money for yourself. You conduct a philanthrophy to help the other fellow.

The Association cannot develop its work, or even maintain it, without a sacrifice on the part of the people of Bellefonte.

Some think that the members' fees should pay all the expenses of the work. The Association is an educational institution, and is educating young men not only intellectually, but socially, physically and spiritually. Not a college in this country could exist if no more money were spent than that received in students' fees. At Harvard the annual expense for each student over and above receipts from students is $305; at Yale, $259; at Amherst $175; at Williams, $146; at Columbia, $1,410. The expense over and above fee in the Bellefonte Association is less than $16.

The average equipment for each student at Harvard is $2,700; at Yale, $1,500; at Amherst, $1,453; at Williams, $1,410; at Columbia, $4,520. With a new building at Bellefonte at a cost of $40,000, the equipment for each young man in the city, (between the ages of 15 and 30, about 1,000 young men) will be at an expense of $40.

The colleges are for sons of well-to-do families, while the Association exists chiefly for the young fellow just beginning and without means.

The Bellefonte, Young Men's Christian Association needs a building, endowments and bequests, just as much as any college—more, in fact.

Administratrix's Notice.

Letters of administration on the estate of C. H. Beates late of Burnside Township, deceased, having been granted by the Register of Wills of Centre County, to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and all persons having claims against the decedent are requested to present the same duly authenticated for settlement to.

NANNIE BEATES,
Administratrix

Reeder & Quigley,
Attorneys. 6t.

Central Hotel and Restaurant

S. O. WATTS, Proprietor.

Bar furnished with Choice Wines, Liquors, and Cigars. The Hotel has been Refurnished and Refitted Throughout.

Pool and Billiard Room. First-Class Livery Attached

Electric Light, Steam Heat and Telephone. Street cars stop at door.

Corner Main and Grove Sts., LOCKHAVE N

PROF. J. ANGEL

AN EXPERT

Eye Specialist!

of Williamsport, will make his monthly visit here

ONE DAY ONLY,

Wed. Apr. 30,

from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m., with headquarters at

THE GARMAN HOUSE

Bellefonte, Pa.

I can examine your eyes at your home, by appointment, without extra charge.

If you need me at your home drop me a line in care of Garman House.

Hundreds are going blind daily, from the need of the proper prescribed glasses and from delaying attention to the eyes from time to time. Nothing will destroy your eyesight quicker than cheap glasses or glasses not properly fitted to your eyes.

Prof. Angel, in the short time he has been visiting this section, has met with marked success. Scores of leading citizens of this community have found relief from his treatment. It is not necessary to travel to Eastern cities for treatment when you can consult an eminent oculist at home.

Will be at HOWARD on

Thursday, May 1

DISCOMFORTS IN GREECE.

A Place Where the Eye Rather Than the Palate Is Gratified.

Excepting Japan, southern Italy and the Tyrol, no country compares with Greece in the beauty of its landscapes. It is not a land for luxurious people, however. The climate is more to be recommended than the hotels, but the natural scenery has a variety, a richness and a color that no other part of Europe affords. The foliage and the flowers are abundant and beautiful, and in the rural districts the people are picturesque in manners, customs and dress. Their habits and social life have not been affected by what we call the advances of modern civilization.

In public conveniences, however, Greece is still far behind the times. Athens is the only place where the hotels are tolerable, and travelers who go into the interior must take their own provisions and bedding. Even those who make little excursions by carriage for a single day in the neighborhood of Athens must carry a lunch basket, because the inns are primitive and filthy. Railway facilities are limited. With a few exceptions the roads are bad, but they are gradually improving, and most of the centers of great interest to tourists may now be reached by carriage. Only a few years ago travelers had to go on horseback or on foot, as they do in the Holy Land. Even now those who visit some of the most interesting places have to put up with discomforts, inconveniences and a good deal of dirt and bad smells, although they are fully repaid.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Why the Church Was Crowded.

A certain little Flemish watering place much frequented by English and American visitors has two attractions, a Presbyterian church and a roulette table. At a recent service in the church it occurred to one of the "pillars" that it might be lucky to play the number of the hymn after the sermon at the roulette table. So he stole out of the church and did so. It happened that the number of the hymn did turn up, and the lucky coup became the talk of the village for the rest of the week.

Next Sunday the church was crammed to the door. The pious pastor was rejoiced in heart. After a powerful address he gave out "hymn No. 27." The moment the words left his lips, to his consternation, there was a rush to the door, and he was left with a faithful handful to upraise their agitated strain of praise.

As for the rest, they made a bee line from the house of prayer to the house of play. It is said that their little adventure cost them all very dear.

Pity to Punish Both.

Strenuous Father—Tommy, this hurts me as badly as it hurts you!

Tommy—Well, then, pop (boo-hoo!) seems to me there's no use in two sufferin' for the faults of one! Let's call it off!—San Francisco Bulletin.

Hunting.

Ascum—Hello! Where did you get that black eye?

Downes—Hunting.

Ascum—Gun kick you?

Downes—Oh, no. I was just hunting trouble.—Philadelphia Press.

ROLLING AN UMBRELLA.

The Proper Way Is to Twist Ribs and Stick Together.

"Why is it," asked an inquisitive customer in a downtown umbrella store, "that one can never roll up an umbrella as compactly and neatly as it is rolled when he buys it?"

"You can if you only know how," said the salesman, "but if everybody knew how it would mean less business for us. The umbrellas would last longer, and there would be a lot less work for the repairers.

"Perhaps I shouldn't tell you how," the clerk continued, "but it's so simple you should know anyhow. If you have noticed, nearly everybody who rolls up an umbrella takes hold of it by the handle and keeps twisting the stick with one hand while he folds and rolls with the other hand.

"Now, that's just where the mistake comes in. Instead of twisting with the handle he should take hold of it just above the points of the cover ribs. These points naturally lie evenly around the stick. Keep hold of these, pressing them tightly against the stick, and then roll up the cover. Holding the ribs prevents them from getting twisted out of place or bending out of shape. Then the silk is bound to fold evenly and roll smooth and tight.

"Roll your umbrella this way, and until it is old enough to get rusty looking it will look as if it had just come from the shop."—New York Herald.

The Previous Question.

Old Senator Nesmith of Oregon, one of the first settlers of the state, used to tell this story: At the time when Oregon was admitted as a state and the first legislature of the state met Nesmith, who was a member, possessed himself of a copy of a book on parliamentary procedure. This work, which was at the time probably the only one of its sort west of the Mississippi, he studied diligently and by the time of the first session was well up in the rules of debate.

At the first meeting of the new legislature a motion was introduced and speedily carried, but on the second measure a dispute arose, and for three days the state legislators wrangled and debated.

Finally, on the third day, Nesmith, who had watched the proceedings without even opening his mouth, decided it was time to use a piece of his parliamentary procedure, so he rose and moved the "previous question."

There was a moment of silence following this motion, and then amid a shout of derision the speaker cried:

"Sit down, you fool! We passed the previous question three days ago!"

Alcohol and Tobacco.

According to the London Lancet, when evil effects ensue from smoking tobacco they are very much intensified by indulgence in alcohol. Pyridine, the chief poisonous constituent of tobacco smoke, is not so easily soluble in water as in alcohol. Pyridine bases can be easily traced in the mouth of an immoderate smoker and especially the smoker of cigars. An alcoholic drink is, therefore, calculated quickly to wash out this poisonous oil and to carry it into the stomach.

RAFTS OF GNAT EGGS.

Their Floating Illustrates a Curious Property of Water.

Many simple experiments show that the surface of water possesses a property which causes it to resist the passage of bodies either from above or below. This is true not only of soapy water, but of the cleanest and purest water as well. A sheet of fine gauze tends to float, because, its weight being widely distributed, each of the numerous separate wires is resisted by the surface film so that the water cannot readily pass through the meshes.

Insects and plants utilize this fact in many interesting ways. Some water plants whose leaves float on the water have a very simple contrivance to keep the upper surfaces of the leaves dry. This consists of a great number of minute hairs covering the tops of the leaves. Water cannot penetrate among these hairs even when the leaves are forced down beneath the surface.

The little rafts of eggs that gnats set afloat on the water are kept from sinking and from being upset through this same principle. The tiny eggs have their points all upward, and they are glued together so closely that, while there is open space all around the point of each egg, yet the width of these spaces is so slight that water cannot readily pass through. You may again and again upset such an egg raft, but it will right itself every time, and the upper surface will remain dry.

Hoist With His Own Petard.

A Philadelphia clergyman told a story of a young man who took his best girl to church and when the time for "collection" came round rather ostentatiously displayed a five dollar gold piece. Presuming upon the engagement to marry that had been made by her, the young woman placed a restraining hand upon the arm of her fiance. "Why, don't be so extravagant, George!" she exclaimed.

"Oh, that's nothing," he replied. "I always give $5 when I go to a strange church."

Just then the deacon came with the plate, and George dropped a coin. Everything seemed favorable, and the young man beamed with a sense of generosity. Then the minister made the announcements for the week and concluded with the wholly unexpected announcement of the day's collection.

"The collection today," said he, "was $3.75."

George hadn't much to say all the way to his fiancee's home.

—Archbishop Ryan recently visited a small parish in the mining district of Schuylkill county for the purpose of administering the sacrament of confirmation. In examining a class he asked one poor, nervous, frightened little girl what matrimony was, and she answered that it was "a state of terrible torment which those who enter it are compelled to undergo for a time to prepare them for a brighter and better world."

BANNER SALVE
is a most healing salve in the world.
C. M. Parrish.

—The REPUBLICAN and New York Weekly Tribune one year for $1.25.

NATIONAL MEMORIAL UNIVERSITY

To Honor the Memory of Men of War Time.

The first and main building of the National Memorial Univereity, being built at Mason City, Iowa, solely by contributions from the Sons of Veterans of the United States and allied organizations, has just been completed. The structure, erected at a cost of $100,000, occupies a central position in the 160 acre site on Patriots' Hill. In the fall of 1903 the remaining buildings will be completed, and the institution will be thrown open.

Probably the next building to be erected, the plan for which has been completed, is the National Civil War Museum, where it is expected to have the greatest collection of war relics in the United States. Another building soon to be built is Barton Hall, named in honor of Miss Clara Barton, of the American National Red Cross society. The responsibility for this building and for the women's college, which will be housed in it, has been assumed by the National Alliance of Daughters of Veterans.

The plans for raising a large endowment fund have advanced so far that the board of regents believes $1,000,000 is a conservative estimate. Of this fund the principal part will be given directly by the Sons of Veterans. A systematic effort has been begun throughout the United States to secure a gift of $1 each from a hundred thousand Sons of Veterans, to be paid yearly for ten years. The Women's Relief Corps, of Iowa, and the four hundred posts of G. A. R. in the state of Iowa, have, besides gifts, held entertainments, whose proceeds go to the university. Agents have been appointed in a large number of states, to personally visit the Sons of Veterans for gifts.

"The particular mission of the Memorial University," said Captain A. L. Sortor, chairman of the board of regents "is to honor the memory of the men and women of war times, to perpetuate the principles for which the American soldier has contended and to assist patriotic people in the work of causing greater appreciation of free government and raising the standard of citizenship."

Foley's Honey and Tar
for children, safe sure. No opiates.
C. M. Parrish.

—The Pittsburg Gazette states: "Mr. and Mrs. Robert D. King announce the engagement of their daughter, Mary Jones, to Albert Wilson Oakwood. Mr. Oakwood is a graduate of State College, class 1900, and is connected with the Republic Iron and Steel Company of Youngstown, Ohio. The wedding will occur late in the spring." Mr. Oakwood is the son of Mr. and Mrs. John Oakwood, of Tyrone.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.
C. M. Parrish.

—Ascension day May 8.

OF PUBLIC INTEREST

To Know The Cure For Any Form Of Nervousness Needs But To Read The Following.

Mrs. J. H. Curry of No., 1309 Pennsylvania Ave., Tyrone, Pa., says:- "I have been troubled a good deal with nervousness in the past and neverd ha anything do me more good than Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. They relieved the high tension of the nerves having a quieting and soothing effect. I also rested very much better after their use. I have no hesitation in recommending them to others."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c. a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D. are on every package. For sale at Krumrine's Drug Store.

Chronic Bronchitis Cured.

"For ten years I had chronic bronchitis so bad that at times I could not speak above a whisper," writes Mr. Joseph Coffman, of Montmorenci, Ind. "I tried all remedies available, but with no success. Fortunately my employer suggested that I try Foley's Honey and Tar. its effect was almost miraculous, and I am now cured of the disease. On my recommendation many people have used Foley's Honey and Tar, and always with satisfaction." C. M. Parrish.

A Horrid Find.

The other morning Mrs. Barney Brown who resides in Lock Haven, while picking dandelion at the old basin, between Vesper and Grove street, found a cloth in which were the remains of a prematurely born babe The body was decomposed, and from its appearance has been exposed to the weather sometime.

A Chattanooga Druggist's Statement

Robt. J. Miller, Proprietor of the Read House Drug Store of Chattanooga, Tenn., writes: "There is more merit in Foley's Honey and Tar than in any other cough syrup. The calls for it multiply wonderfully and we sell more of it than all other cough syrups combined." C. M. Parrish.

Foley's Kidney Cure
makes kidneys and bladder right.
C. M. Parrish.

—A fashionably dressed woman inquired of the men at work in the lower yard of the P. & E. railroad Monday where she could best get on a freight train to ride to Philadelphia. She stated she had been visiting friends here and had spent all of her money and could not pay her car fare. She was advised to call on the mayor for assistance.—Lock Haven Express.

The surest and safest remedy for kidney and bladder diseases is Foley's Kidney Cure. C. M. Parrish.

"My Heart was Thumping My Life Out."

Is the way Mrs. R. H. Wright, of Brockville, Ont., describes her sufferings from smothering, fluttering and palpitation. After trying many remedies without benefit six bottles of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart restored her to perfect health. The first dose gave almost instant relief and in a day suffering ceased altogether.—26

Sold by F. P. Green.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.
C. M Parrish.

TREASURER'S SALE OF SEATED LANDS.—At the same time and place as given in the Treasurer's Sale of Unseated Lands, will be sold the following tracts or lots of land, returned by the tax collector of the following districts, respectively, for the years 1898 and 1899, to the Commissioners of Centre county, for non-payment of taxes, according to the provisions of the several Acts of Assembly relative to the sale of seated land for taxes:

MILESBURG BORO.

Description.	Owners.	Taxes.
2 Lots	Mrs M McCollum	$ 2 95

PHILIPSBURG BORO.

Lot	George Blowers	9 92
Lot	Traction Co	15 22
Lot	J M Kepler	16 56
Lot	George Brown	3 01

S. PHILIPSBURG BORO.

Lot	Sam'l Edmunson	1 28
2 Lots	Wm. Frebarger	3 29
2 Lots	J R Gillam	3 16

BENNER TWP.

Lot	Jas Houser	2 99
Lot	Jno Lieb Est	3 93
100 Acres	woode'k & Burke't	1 02

BOGGS TWP.

15 Acres	Catharine Deeters	3 80
H & L	Thos Stanley Est	6 24
Lot	Mrs W Morris	1 88
79 Acres	Benj Walker	9 59

HUSTON TWP.

18 Acres	Jno Ammerman	2 94
178 Acres	J B Mattern Est	9 18

PENN TWP.

75 Acres	John Kimport	92

RUSH TWP.

284 Acres	Isaac Crawford	10 08
H & L	D D Davis	2 99
½ Lot	Mrs Doyle	1 61
1 Acre	Daniel Lutz	8 54

SNOW SHOE TWP.

70 Acres	Kline & Shugert	17 98
30 Acres	John Ward	68
59 Acres	Catharine Resides	6 70
2 Lots	N. C. Bauer	1 13
200 Acres	Jno G. Confer	12 54
1 Acre	William Moore	1 10

SPRING TWP.

Lot	S. M. Buck	2 93
Lot	Mrs. M. Bland	3 32
Lot	Benner Sisters	5 15
1 Acre	P. P. Blair	3 69
1 Acre	Peter Jones	2 21

TAYLOR TWP.

10 Acres	James Cowher	2 65
33 Acres	Dennis Reese	4 84
11 Acres	Michael Walk	3 47
15 Acres	Wesley Lego Est	2 08
160 Acres	Jno. A. Hunter	10 41
52 Acres	Robt. Cowher Est	11 47
3 Tracts	Sam'l Frantz	14 92

WALKER TWP.

Lot	Rebecca Kettley	86
Lot	Susan & Chas Robb	2 74
Ore right 64 acres,	Curtin & Co	1 42
" 65 "	"	61
" 138 "	Val'nt'e & co	1 47
" 65 "	"	1 10

NOTE.

In accordance with the Act of June 6th, 1837, interest will be added to the amount of all taxes assessed against unseated lands above advertised.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

All persons corresponding with the Treasurer in reference to land advertised for sale in the above list should remit sufficient to pay postage, stationery and advertising.

The advertising is $1.00 on each tract.

J. H. CORL, Clerk. W. T. SPEER, County Treas.

TREASURER'S SALE OF UNSEATED LANDS FOR TAXES OF 1900 AND 1901.

Agreeable to the provisions of law relating to the sale of unseated tracts of land for the non-payment of taxes, notice is hereby given that there will be exposed at public sale or outcry the following tracts or parts of tracts of unseated lands in Centre county, Penna., for taxes due and unpaid thereon, at the Court House, in the Borough of Bellefonte, on Monday, June 9th, at 1 o'clock p. m., and to continue if necessary, by adjournment from day to day until all are sold.

BENNER TOWNSHIP.

Acres.	Per.	Warrantee	Supposed Owner	Taxes
50		Harris, J D	E J Pruner	$2 01
50		Lingle, J J	J D Shugert	3 67
50		Moore, John	Wm Grove	1 68

BOGGS TOWNSHIP.

433	163	Butler, Margaret, Mary E Sanders		10 35
400		Cascadden, D	Emma Hammel	9 50
483	16	Frazier, Walbro	Benj Walker	18 62
433	163	Gray, Wm	H S Taylor	20 60
431	137	Godfrey, Martha	Thos B Harned	9 92
181		Lucas, J M & J B Packer	Jerre Chatman	12 83

BURNSIDE TWP.

½ of 433	163	Beyer, John	C M Bower	6 62
½ of 446	163	Beyer, John	C M Bower	4 86
½ of 140	22	Cox, Paul	J H Holt	3 01
½ of 140	22	Cox, Paul	C M Bower	3 01
483	163	Donnelly, John	Howard Spencer	18 63
433	163	Ewing, John	W G Morrison	18 62
¾ of 433	163	Ewing, Hannah	W G Morrison	4 85
433	163	Fox, Samuel M	E L Orvis & W G Morrison	18 63
433	163	Greaves, Alex	W E Gray	18 63
415		Levy, Nathaniel	J F Torbett	17 87
146	75	Miller, Wm	J F Torbett	6 29
433	163	Morris, Joseph	W E Gray	18 63
64		O'Brien, Michael	Wm P Humes	1 40
216	163	Parker, Jeremiah	McCausland & Forcey	9 33
415		Thos Joseph	J F Torbett	17 88
¾ of 123		Wheeler, Henry	John Hoy	3 96
416	151	Wallace, Jos	W C Heinle	17 63
433	163	Wallace, Jos	H. C. Hyatt	18 63

COLLEGE TOWNSHIP.

250		Johnson, Thomas	Robert Valentine	11 25

CURTIN TOWNSHIP.

415		Brooks, Jesse	Orvis & Morrison	21 06
294		Bruce, Charles	Orvis & Morrison	15 18
119		Cassadden, D	C M Bower	12 38
104		DeHaven, Peter	Samuel Hall	10 82
208		DeHaven, Peter	W E Gray	21 62
114		Ev, Cadwallader	Samuel Hall	5 92
311		Ev, Cadwallader	W E Gray	32 36
415		Elliott, Wm	W E Gray	43 16
415		Elliott, Ruth	Samuel Hall	53 38
415		Eddy, Esther	J F Torbett	32 82
169		Godfrey, John W	A D Lucas	8 43
100		Godfrey, John W	Thos B Harned	2 50
69		Hailowell, Ed	J F Torbett	4 86
203		Irwin, James	J F Torbett	18 53
47		Lane, Sarah	Thos B Harned	1 67
207¼		Lownst, Caleb	W E Gray	10 41
207½		Longstreth, Isaac	W E Gray	21 65
71		Lane, Sarah	A D Lucas	3 67
178		Lane, Mary	Orvis & Morrison	9 25
70		Mason, John S	W E Gray	7 29
200		Meyers, Philip	J F Torbett	15 80
100		Meyers, Simon	J F Torbett	7 90
420	48	Meyers, Michael	J F Torbett	33 18
420		Meyers, Valentine	J F Torbett	8 69
110		Meyers, Rodger	J F Torbett	8 69
146	73	Miller, James	J F Torbett	12 59
200		Palmer, John	W C Heinle	10 00
415		Roberts, Joseph	Samuel Hall	64 79
¾ of 200		Times, Richard	E L Orvis	10 40
415		Wahn, Jacob	J F Torbett	32 82
415		Wister, Casper	J F Torbett	32 82
169		Willis, Jola (Send)	E L Orvis	16 64

FERGUSON TOWNSHIP.

100		Burchfield, Wm	H W Gray, treas	1 30
150		McWilliams, R W	W B Williams	14 90
99		Shannon, John	Thos P Shannon	6 59
254		Turner, Hannah	D W Woodring	7 53
164		Turner, Daniel	J W Kepler	6 92
40		Unknown	W P Stevenson	1 50
9		Unknown	Emma Bucher	41

GREGG TOWNSHIP.

139		Duncan, Daniel	Edward Allison	2 18
70		Gregg, Smith	Edward Allison	1 31
30		Unknown	Pierce Dornblazer	56
50		Irvin, John	W C Heinle	66

HOWARD TOWNSHIP.

107	107	Brown, Samuel	Mary M Frank	2 81
104	63	Brady, John	W Zimmerman	3 90
104	63	Brady, John	W Zimmerman	3 90
104	63	Brady, John	W Zimmerman	3 90
136	92	Harris, Jas D	D F Allison	10 29

HUSTON TOWNSHIP.

433	163	Whelland, John	Charles Levis	22 52

LIBERTY TOWNSHIP.

305	120	Dunwody, John	Thos B Harned	22 50
146		Hays, Robt & Jas	D & J Bechdel	9 63
175		Hess, Geo D	W E Gray	10 73
½ of 309		Irvin, Robt	W C Heinle	9 50
½ of 309		Irvin, Robt	W H Gardner	9 50
400		Leach, Nathan	Samuel Hall Est	23 20
409		Leach, Nathan	Theo Vall	23 80
33		Mahaffey, Wm	L J DeLong	1 92
250		Jackson, John	W Zimmerman	6 25
175		Quigley, Jas A	W E Gray	10 16
60		Taylor, Jas	M I Gardner	3 48

MARION TOWNSHIP.

18	120	Lamb, David	David Harter	19
17		Lewis, Thos	Wm Corman	2 15
13		McKinney, J M	Geo Kaufman	3 48
438	107	Miles, James	Moses Thompson	31 34
125		Wharton, Moore	J R Thompson	5 50
401	55	West, Andrew	Harvey McNeal	16 20
400		West, Andrew	Harvey McNeal	16 20
315		Williams, Dan'l	Smith & Grover	12 95
159		Young, Benj	Pruner & Bower	6 67

PATTON TOWNSHIP.

50		Burton, Robt	Mrs S I Christ	8 70
20		Diehl, Adam	Sarah I Christ	5 62
150		Diehl, Nich. Jr	"	37 00

PENN TWP.

100		Cook, Wm	Willis Musser	2 18
300		Montgomery, W J	F Torbett	6 48
276		Montgomery, D	"	6 01
½ of 179		Swineford, Peter	Andrew Harter	88
46		Unknown	G P. Gentzel	99
6		"	A L Auman	43

POTTER TWP.

265		Blair, Joseph	Glenn Un. Lbr Co	16 46
29		Unknown	Wm B Shaffer	64
52		Unknown	Andrew Ocker	61
50		Unknown	Mrs Levina Geph'rt	68

HAINES TOWNSHIP.

344	16	Bolinder, John	A J Gotschall	3 52
388	69	Bolinder, Henry	A J Gotschall	3 52
325	69	Bolinder, Fredr'k	A J Gotschall	3 55
313	99	Bolinder, Adam	A J Gotschall	3 57
144		Black, Peter	Laurelton L'b'r Co	2 90
458		Epier, Adam	Spangler & Smith	9 39
181		Fees, Jacob	Spangler & Smith	3 70
368		Gber, Philip	Spangler & Smith	7 52
405		Gratz, Simon	W E Smith	3 33
299		Grove, Wendell	Calvin M Hayes	21 46
437	198	Hartman, John	H S Taylor	8 95
435		Hall, Charles	Laurelton Lbr Co	35 67
25		Hayes, Calvin M	Calvin M Hayes	2 59
458		Kidd, John	Laurelton Lbr Co	8 96
173		McElroth, Robt	Laurelton Lbr Co	3 55
327		Mitzger, Daniel	Laurelton Lbr Co	4 47
150		Princeton, Jacob	Laurelton Lbr Co	3 55
120		Rhoads, Daniel	Calvin M Hayes	12 39
300	60	Swineford, Albr't	A J Gottschall	3 68
436		Simpson, John	Laurelton Lbr Co	8 96
388		Seidell, Philip	"	7 94
300		Seidell, Peter	"	6 32
280		Seidell, Stophell	"	7 80
2¾		Seidell, George	"	22
61		Seidell, Godfrey	"	1 23
125		Unknown	W C Heinle	2 59
106		Workman, Mathi's	Spangler & Smith	2 17
359		Antis, Henry	Spangler & Smith	7 37
196		Amard, ——	W C Heinle	2 02
135		Crawley, H B	Spangler & Smith	2 82

HALF MOON TOWNSHIP.

131		Unknown	Elizabh J Fowler	2 78

HARRIS TOWNSHIP.

409		Andre, Absalom	W M Grove	10 40
400		Brown, Wm	W M Grove	10 60
50		Bell, John	Meck & Naugle	1 61
860		Couley, Adam	"	4 77
79		Couley, Adam	Beecher & Sober	1 06
240		Duff, Andrew	Glen Union Lbr Co	15 90
200		Edminston, Sam'l	Lind'n Hall Lbr Co	3 95
61	68	Edminston, Sam'l	"	1 64
196		Fisher, J C	M G Brown	2 36
133		Fox, George	Wm Colyer	3 55
200		Fisher, Sam'l W	M G Brown	2 65
260		Gregg, Thomas	Glen Union Lbr Co	15 28
122		Henry Stophel	Meck & Naugle	2 80
140		Henry Stophel	Glen Union Lbr Co	8 63
150		Irvin, John	Mary M Frank	1 96
82		Irvin, John	Meck & Naugle	1 14
400		Johnston, Thos	Meck & Naugle	5 30
250		Mitchell, John	Meck & Naugle	15 32
260		McClelland, Geo	Glen Union Lbr Co	17 24
198		Mitchell, John	Beecher & Sober	5 23
402	80	McCormick, Elnr	Meck & Naugle	5 33
150		McCandles, Wm	Linden Hall Lbr Co	2 96
50		McCandles, Wm	"	66
400		Parker, Richard	W M Grove	5 30
400		Patterson, Robt	W M Grove	10 60
412	124	Parker, Thomas	Elln Hale Andrews	10 92
170		Reynolds, John	Glen Union Lbr Co	11 28
400		Reed, James	Mary M Frank	3 06
152		Sankey, Thos	Meck & Naugle	3 69
438		Steel, James	"	9 47
438		Steel, Allen	"	9 47
438		Steel, John	"	9 47
438		Sample, Robert	"	9 47
102	66	Steel, Robert	Lind'n Hall Lbr Co	4 35
400		Smith, John	"	1 98
100		Sankey, Jerm'h	"	1 98
10-		Sankey, Thomas	Glen Union Lbr Co	1 34
245		Simpson, Nathan	"	16 12
203		Simpson, Nathan	Beecher & Sober	3 98
105	148	Sankey, Jerm'h	Linden Hall Lbr Co	1 30
145		Smith, John	"	1 99
519		Unknown	"	7 16
145		Unknown	"	1 89
407	92	Wharton, Kearny	Wm Colyer	10 78
235		Wilson, Samuel	Glen Union Lbr Co	13 78
52		Wilson, Wm	"	3 67
15		Wilson, Peter	"	98
213		Wilson, Samuel	Beecher & Sober	430
107		Wilson David	"	2 78
159		Work, David	"	3 16
124		Work, Joseph	"	2 47
331		Wilson, David	Meck & Naugle	6 54
147		Wilson, Wm	"	2 85
129		Wilson, Peter	"	2 49
438		Wilson, Edward	"	8 63
279		Work, David	"	5 53
31		Work, Joseph	"	6 47
42	90	Brisbin, John	W M Grove	56
80		Cameron, ——	John Decker	96
218		Falls, Thos	Glenn Un. Lbr Co	16 61
196		Fulmer, H B	D R Kulp Est	3 66
29		Fulmer, H B	G L Goodhart	24
275		Gordon, Thos	Glenn Un. Lbr Co	4 62
400		Harrison, Wm	W C Heinle	4 80
409		Harrison, Wm	Theo Vall	10 60
266		Jacob, G	Glenn Un. Lbr Co	17 50
288		McKin, Robert	Beecher & Sober	18 15
248		McKin, David	Beecher & Sober	15 47
166	86	McKin, Robert	Glenn Un. Lbr Co	10 29
200	138	McKin, David	" "	12 40
278		Norris, John	" "	15 24
280		Reeder, R C	" "	17 66
100		Sawyer, Wm	E M Hewitt	66
400		Smith, Daniel	N H Gruber	6 86
50	16	Unknown	W M Grove	81
100		Young, Samuel	Theo Vall	2 50

RUSH TWP.

396	110	Arthur, Ann	W C Heinle	25 74
384	153	Allison, Andrew	H S Taylor	25 14
160		Burg, Chas	Chas Smith	9 90
433	153	Britebes, Isaac	F P Blair	28 58
100		Copenhaven, Jno	J A Keenan	6 60
434		Grant, Thos	R Sims	28 64
¼ of 433	153	Graff, Sebastian	W F Biddle	71 45
107	109	Irvin, J. P	Morris C Eby	71 45
¾ of 433	153	Irvin, Robert	W. A. Christ	14 29
433	153	Jordan, Owen	Eva Shearer	28 58
433	153	Lowden, John	W. C. Heinle	14 29
433	153	Miller, J. J	W. H. Blair	14 29
433		Metzker, Jacob	Citizen Water Co	42 87
100		McCord & Camph'l	M'Cord & Camp'l	3 30
¼ of 433	153	Morgan, B. R	E. M. Leifer Est	9 50
¼ of 433	153	Musser, John	" "	9 50
433		Miller, Jane	H. Y. Stitzer	28 58
433	153	Miller, Robert	Smith & Grove	28 58
¼ of 433	153	Peters, Richard	E. M. Leifer Est	9 50
301	150	Pim, George	Orvis & Morrison	19 85
348	139	Pim, Henry	" "	23 16
321	58	Pim, Joseph	" "	21 18
100		Passmore, Bryson & Hartel	H. S. Taylor	6 60
¾ of 433	153	Morgan, B. R	W. A. Christ	10 73
¾ of 433	153	Musser, John	" "	10 73
433	153	Meyer, Jacob	J. H. Orvis Est	71 28
218	80	Rainey, Robert	F. P. Blair	14 38
433	153	Rush, Benj	W. C. Heinle	14 29
406		Slough, Jacob	Christian Shearer	6 70
¾ of 433	153	Peters, Richard	W. A. Christ	10 73
433	153	Turner, Hannah	H. Y. Stitzer	28 58
80		Witmer, Henry	W. H. Cogkendall	5 28
433	153	Weish, Joseph	J. M. Dale	57 16
75		Wilson, Wm	J. Steiner	49 50
433	153	Wharton, K	F. P. Blair	28 58
433	153	Wilson, Wm	W. H. Blair	14 29

SPRING TWP.

419		Johnson, John	G. Aldricks' Sons	9 7
250		Toole, Henry	E. J. Pruner	7 64

SNOW SHOE TWP.

412		Cascadden, D	C. M. Bower	21 46
287	80	" "	R. Sims	14 90
412		" "	" "	21 46
412	44	" "	" "	21 46
412	44	" "	" "	21 46
434		Dalton, Hugh	W. E. Gray	28 22
434		Dalton, Geo	" "	45 10
434		Dotson, Jas	" "	28 22
434		Dobson, Samuel	" "	28 22
300		Devling, Jos	S. K. Schwenk	15 60
433		Eddy, Geo	W. E. Gray	28 13
300		Lewis, Lewis	S. K. Schwenk	15 60
400		"	" "	20 80
433	153	Linn, Samuel	W. E. Gray	22 55
50		Hardishell, B	Pat Wards' Est	2 60
250		Hall, Peter	C. M. Bower	13 00
383		Hale, Jas. T	W. E. Gray	25 39
50		" "	" "	14 25
¼ of 400		Holt, Edgar	J. H. Holt	7 13
½ of 400		" "	C. M. Bower	14 25
325		Banks, Wm	R. Sims	16 92
325		" "	"	16 92
360		Pimm, John	"	18 34
216	82	Parker, Jeremiah	S. K. Schwenck	11 25
433		Parker, Geo	" "	22 50
433		" "	M'Cos'd & Forc'y	22 50
433	153	Parker, Wm	W. E. Gray	28 13
216		Parker, Jeremiah	Sam'l Hall Est	14 04
450		McLanahan, Sarah	W. Zimmerman	4 86

THE INNS OF CHINA.

Their Cheapness Is About Their One Redeeming Feature.

Chinese inns are without register or clerks. On riding through the gateway your bridle rein is seized by a dirty boy, who helps you to dismount, shouting loudly meanwhile for the proprietor, who presently looms up through the wilderness of carts and mules. Proprietor and boy then hold a parley as to what rooms are eligible, and then a door is pushed open and the traveler is shown to his apartment. It is usually about twelve feet square. The walls and floor are of hard mud, and so are the beds, which extend entirely across the side of the room, with only space enough between them for a small table and one chair. The room is lighted by one window, in which paper takes the place of glass.

The first duty of the proprietor in making a patron comfortable is to stop up the holes in the paper window pane. He never tears the paper off entirely and replaces it with a new one, because the sheet of paper is worth about one-tenth of a cent, and the innkeeper is not wasteful. Indeed he pastes little slips of paper over the holes until all the light that filters through it is of a mottled hue.

At one end of the mule shed is the kitchen of the inn. It is here that the meals for all the patrons are prepared, to be eaten in the rooms. The menu is not elaborate. It consists only of bowls of rice and tea. Should the traveler desire a greater variety of food, he can buy it himself in the market, and his own servant can cook it in the kitchen of the inn. To sleep on the bed of a Chinese inn would be for a foreigner an impossibility were it not that he is always so exhausted at the end of each day's journey that he finds it difficult to remain awake ten minutes after alighting from his pony. He lies down on the mat that covers the hard heap of mud and surprises himself at the soundness of his slumber.

The one redeeming thing about the inn is its cheapness. Just as the traveler is about to depart in the morning the proprietor tells him the amount of his bill. Everything is charged on the "European plan." Every cup of tea, every rushlight candle, the paper window pane, are all itemized in the long list which the proprietor reels off in singsong, but the total is surprisingly low. The cost of food and lodging for one night for a traveler and two servants, with stabling and fodder for his ponies and cart mules, is about 50 cents.—New York Mail and Express.

Boasted Too Soon.

The rear end of a Fordham car was congested the other afternoon. There wasn't even "standing room only." A jocular commuter said, "Beware of pickpockets!"

Everybody laughed.

A gentlemanly looking fellow said:

"No man need be afraid of pickpockets if he does as I did. I have a self patented scheme. I have a buttonhole in my vest pocket. I run my chain through it and attach the other end in the usual way. They can't draw that watch through that buttonhole. No pickpockets in mine, and don't you forget it."

The crowd thinned out.

At Wendover avenue the "patentee" said startingly:

"My watch is gone!"

Somebody had clipped the chain, drawn it through the other way and abstracted the watch.—New York News.

A Story of Two Necklaces.

When General Weyler was sent by Spain as governor general to Manila, Don Carlos Palanca, the wealthy Spanlardized Chinaman, determined to send Mrs. Weyler a gift, the customary way of obtaining the good will of the Spanish officials. He found at a jeweler's two necklaces, each costing $20,000 and both being so beautiful that he could not choose between them. So he sent them both to Mrs. Weyler with the message that she should make her choice. He received a warm letter of thanks from her, stating that the necklaces were so beautiful that she could not decide between them and hence would keep both. which she did.

Napoleon's Talisman.

Louis Napoleon, who believed himself, even amid exile and poverty, destined to that throne which the prestige of his name and his cunning coup d'etat enabled him to reach, was not without his superstitions. In his will he says, "With regard to my son, let him keep as a talisman the seal I used to wear attached to my watch."

This talisman had no power to turn aside the fatal spears of the Zulus, and the young Napoleon met a sadder fate than his father's worst fears could have imagined for him.

Nasal Catarrh.

A remedy highly recommended for nasal catarrh is a teaspoonful of boracic acid powder and a saltspoonful of salt dissolved in a half pint of boiling water. Apply this three times a day, lukewarm, by pouring a little into the palm of the hand and drawing it through the nostrils.

Evidently No Friend.

"I thought you were friends."

"Friends! Friends! Why, the man's enmity is so malignant that he gives every book agent and canvasser who comes to his office my address and tells him I'm an easy mark!"—Chicago Post.

A Sure Authority.

A youngster, disputing with his brother, exclaimed:

"'Tis true, for father says so, and if father says so it is so, even if it ain't."

There's room for everybody in this big world, but we can't all have front rooms.

WHAT IS TEMPERAMENT?

No Wonder This Child's Brain Is All In a Muddle.

The half dozen blocks about Dupont circle include the homes of as many scientists of national reputation. These gentlemen of course know each other and meet frequently. Not long ago one of their neighbors began to wonder whether such intimate intercourse among scientists was a good thing, his cogitation having had its rise in the following incident:

His little daughter has just reached the age when she asks 200 questions a day. About a month ago her father spoke of some author as lacking the proper "temperament" for writing on history. That word "temperament" apparently took root in the youngster's mind. What was temperament? She asked that question twice an hour for an entire week.

Finally her father gave her a note to Professor —— and sent her off to find out. That scientist answered the query as follows: "Temperament is an individual tendency to the rise of a certain mental state." Father and daughter wrestled with that a little while and then applied to a second member of the scientific group for help. No. 2 called temperament "an ensemble of physical and mental traits arising from fundamental constitutional differences in individuals." This put the little girl's father completely at sea. So No. 3 was tried. His judgment was that "temperament is the psychic resultant of the whole organic life of the individual." By this time hope was abandoned. But when No. 4 volunteered to make it clear the family spirits revived. "Temperament is a general disposition of the mind," he wrote, "the distinctions of which depend on the dominance of one or the other of the physiological systems."

And now the family dictionary is worn out.—Washington Star.

ANTISEPTICS.

They Do Not Destroy, It Is Said, but Only Arrest Germ Life.

The Edinburgh Scotsman begs leave to correct the erroneous belief that implies that antiseptics can prevent decay. Decay may be arrested without killing the microbe which would produce it. A few drops of a solution of carbolic acid added to flour paste will keep it sweet for a certain time, not because the germs in the paste are destroyed, but because these germs are hindered for the time being in their growth and multiplication and because the paste is rendered temporarily an unsuitable soil for the growth of whatever microbes may fall from the air into it.

When the effect of the acid has worn off and disappeared, we see the paste going to the bad as rapidly as if it had not been treated antiseptically at all. Molds will grow in it, and it will decay in the fashion familiar to everybody.

It is in this way cold may act as an antiseptic when it is used to preserve meat and fish. There is no destruction, but only arrest of germ life. If we wish to kill microbes, therefore, we not only have to use a disinfectant, but we must employ it in proper proportions and see that it thoroughly attacks the germs we wish to destroy. It is for this reason that all attempts to kill germs which the air may contain are worse than useless. We cannot "disinfect" the air. If we could do so, we should require to saturate the air with our germicide to such an extent that to breathe it would kill us.

We get an excellent example of this fallacy of "disinfecting air" when we reflect that in using burning sulphur to purify a room after a fever case we have to use it in such a way and in such proportion that it is impossible for any person to remain in the room at all.

Hiding Behind Big Words.

A mining expert recently described a lode as traversing "a metamorphic matrix of a somewhat argilloarenaceous composition." This means literally 'a changed mass of a somewhat clayey-sandy composition." This in its turn may be translated into plain English as m-u-d.

Why choke a puny fact with murderous polysyllables? Huxley and Darwin, Lyell and Faraday could so write as to be "understanded of the people," and there is a suspicion abroad in these times that the big words so freely used by small men are a device to conceal ignorance and inexact thought rather than a proof of superior knowledge.—Youth's Companion.

Perfectly Satisfied.

Papa—Is the teacher satisfied with you?

Toby—Oh, quite.

Papa—Did he tell you so?

Toby—Yes. After a close examination he said to me the other day, "If all my scholars were like you I would shut up my school this very day!" That shows that I know enough.—Stray Stories.

The Real Trouble.

Burroughs—Yes, I'm deeply in debt.

Goodman—I gave you credit for having more sense.

Burroughs—But the trouble is my tailor gave me credit for having more dollars.—Philadelphia Press.

Is This So?

"Why do men flock after widows?"

"Because," explained the sweet young thing, not without a touch of bitterness, "the average man lacks confidence in his own judgment, and in the case of a widow he feels that he is merely backing the judgment of another man."—Chicago Post.

Don't be offensive in your politeness. When you ask a man to take your seat, don't add that you are younger and more able to stand.—Atchison Globe.

BURIED BY BROWN.

ECCENTRICITIES OF NEW YORK'S MOST NOTED SEXTON.

For Many Years He Ministered to the Aristocracy of the City at Grace Church, and His Name Adorns a Tablet on Its Walls.

It used to be said that a stranger who was visiting New York for the first time and asked his hotel clerk for advice as to what he should do on Sunday morning would find his doubts quickly reduced to the alternative, "Go over to Brooklyn and hear Beecher" or "Go to Grace church and see Brown." No prelate of the Episcopal church was so widely known either in or beyond his New York diocese as this valiant guardian of old Grace, whose income, it was estimated, was greater than that of any man in the cloth and whose power in society was even more feared than that of any bishop.

He received his appointment as sexton from the Rev. Dr. Thomas House Taylor, and, while Dr. Taylor has been long forgotten, Sexton Brown is still almost as much remembered in the great city as Jim Fisk, A. T. Stewart or Charles Delmonico.

Brown would cultivate the acquaintance of head waiters and cooks, securing the latest information as to the social plans of their masters and mistresses, and whenever he learned that a party or a ball was under consideration he would offer his services to deliver the invitations or look after the comfort of the guests or superintend their arrival and departure in their carriages. Beginning in this humble way, it was not long before he gained the good will of distinguished patrons.

His authoritative manner, too, was admirable for such occasions. Indeed the host himself could hardly issue a command to his menials with the suavely peremptory emphasis which Brown employed. Such was his deportment and such his trustworthy zeal that it was said that no one in Grace church could be properly feasted or buried or could even say his prayers without the assistance of Brown, and eventually it became something like a dictum in a large portion of society that nobody could be married in New York in truly first class style unless Brown's presence blessed the bridal party.

Nor did any detail that might be wanting for the personal comfort of the congregation escape his vigilant eye. It was a habit of old Peter Stuyvesant, for example, to keep in his pew a thermometer. As soon as he had taken his seat he would consult it. One winter morning when the temperature was extremely low the furnaces of the church got out of order, and Brown's assistants were able to force through them only enough heat to lessen the chill a little. It occurred to Brown that the condition of the atmosphere would not be conducive to either the piety or the comfort of the aged Stuyvesant. When the old gentleman arrived within the porch of the church, he was shivering with the cold, but without attracting his attention Brown, who knew that the first thing he would do would be to step into his pew and examine the thermometer, slipped in ahead, pressed one of his fat fingers to the little glass bulb and chuckled as he saw the mercury ascend to 72. When Stuyvesant reached the pew, he consulted the thermometer as usual, looked around wonderingly, but evidently concluded that the church must be warm enough and that therefore it must be himself who was cold.

Brown's funeral was marked by much of the pomp and circumstance which he himself had so often provided for the rich and the great. The wits said that it was the first in forty years that had been a perfectly correct performance without his individual guidance. He had died in the little town of Brandford one August night in 1880. There he had been in the habit of taking his summer rest. He had been overcome by the heat while attending a wedding at Brandford, and that summer he complained, probably for the first time in his life, of ill health. One of his orders was that his body should be placed in a casket of polished Spanish cedar.

A more ponderous casket had never been carried up the aisle of Grace church. It was rich with silver and velvet. It was so heavy—its interior being large enough for two ordinary corpses—that the eight Knights Templars who bore it into the church almost staggered with their burden. Upon it lay their cocked hats with waving ostrich plumes. Within the chancel stood four of the clergy, in the pews were the representatives of some of the proudest families of the city, and a long line of men and women filed into the church showing all the signs of sorrow for an old friend and neighbor.

On the left hand side of Grace church as one turns after entering the porch under the bell tower and near where Brown was wont for more than a generation to take his station every Sunday is a shining brass tablet. It was

Value of Time.

The value of odd minutes is illustrated by a story told in a curious little volume of advice printed in England. A large firm required a manager for one of its departments and appointed 12 o'clock for arrangement of terms with the selected applicant. He arrived at five minutes past 12, to find a dozen directors waiting, the chairman watch in hand. The chairman announced that they could not engage a subordinate who had wasted an hour of his employers' time, and on the applicant deprecating such exaggeration the chairman explained that each director had wasted five minutes and that made an hour in all.

FIND THE SUNNY SIDE.

Try to Get Out of the Gloom and the Shadows of Life.

Nothing contributes more to the highest success than the formation of the habit of enjoying things. Whatever your calling in life may be, whatever misfortunes or hardships may come to you, make up your mind resolutely that, come what may, you will get the most possible real enjoyment out of every day, that you will increase your capacity for enjoying life by trying to find the sunny side of every experience of the day. Resolutely determine that you will see the humorous side of things. No matter how hard or unyielding your environment may seem to be, there is a sunny side if you can only see it. The mirth provoking faculty, even under trying circumstances, is worth more to a young man or woman starting out in life than a fortune without it. Make up your mind that you will be an optimist; that there shall be nothing of the pessimist about you; that you will carry your own sunshine wherever you go.

There is longevity in the sunny soul that eases our jolts and makes our sides shake with laughter.

There is a wonderful medicinal effect in good cheer. Good news and glad tidings have a magic effect even upon invalids.

We often see a whole store or factory or home transformed by one sunny soul. On the other hand, we have seen them blighted and made dark by a gloomy, morose, fault finding person.—Christian Advocate.

Always Dying.

Life consists in a series of changes of tissue, and the human economy is simply, so far as its material part is concerned, a machine and primarily depends on food as the most important factor in keeping it in working order. When it is said that we commence to die as soon as we are born, it of course means that certain parts of the body immediately begin to perish; their existence is ephemeral; they come and go, are replenished and decay. They are the dying parts of that system of life which may last a little while, but which must eventually yield to the inexorable law of nature. The nails, the hair, etc., are observable as an instance of this decay. The same rule applies to every other organ and tissue of the body, though it is not palpable to the naked eye. The skin is always peeling. The food that is taken in the one hour nourishes the system and ejects that which was taken the hour before.

How Birds Migrate.

Many of the smaller and weaker birds, like the fly catchers, vireos, wrens, kinglets and bluebirds, in order to avoid their enemies, the hawks, make their long flights by night, stopping for rest and food in the daytime. The larger and bolder ones, like the hawks and crows, and those of extremely rapid flight, like the swallows and humming birds, migrate fearlessly by day, and there are some, like the Canada geese, which travel just when they choose, by day or night. Migrating birds usually fly at a height of from one to three miles, and this enables them to see the rivers, the mountain ranges and the coast line. By these they direct their course, the old birds remembering the way they came before and the young ones following.—Woman's Home Companion.

Peculiar Table Customs.

In a book entitled "Domestic Manners of the Middle Ages" we are told that in those days dinner tables were covered by a "nappe," or tablecloth. Upon it were placed a large saltcellar, bread and cups for wine, but no knives or plates. The reason for the absence of the knives arose from the common practice in vogue of people carrying their own knives in a sheath attached to their girdle.

In an early work, written by Lydgate—"Rules For Behavior at Table"—the guests are told to bring no knives unscoured to the table, which can only mean that each one was to keep his own knife—that is, the one he carried with him—clean.

What the Preacher Learned.

A celebrated preacher when speaking to some 3,000 children, after delighting them with a variety of stories, thought it might be well to point the moral of one of them. He had hardly, however, begun to say, "Now this teaches," when a little ragamuffin on the front bench cried out: "Never mind what it teaches. Gie's another story." "I learned from that rascal," he said, "to wrap the moral well in the heart of the story, not to put it as a sting into the tail."

The Cataleptic Trance.

It cannot be doubted that in numerous cases of cataleptic trance the apparently lifeless patient has been acquainted with all the arrangements being made for his interment. Several instances are recorded in which, although the body presented every appearance of death, the patient was conscious of everything going on around him, but absolutely unable to raise a limb or in any way communicate with those near his bed.

The Lost Patient.

Dr. Lancet—It is hard to lose a patient.

"Speaking of Guptstill, I suppose. Is he dead?"

Dr. Lancet—Dead? No, confound him! He has gone and got well.—Boston Transcript.

Two Sensations.

"I [illegible]ire that pianist's finish. Don't you[illegible]

"Y[illegible] I always dread his beginning[illegible]'elphia Bulletin.

Why Meerschaum Colors.

Meerschaum would not color at all but for the fact that it is boiled in wax. If used in its natural state, it would quickly become soiled, the material being so porous that it absorbs the slightest moisture from the hand or anything it comes in contact with. But the wax fills up the pores and gives the meerschaum a sort of enamel. A pipe that has been spoiled by overheating so that it will not color can be reboiled in wax and restored to some extent. This kind of work is done in the trade by experts, for it requires great skill.

The Spaniard at Home.

The Spaniard at home is not understandable. He loves flowers and carries a pistol; he is passionately fond of the theater, but does not keep quiet that he or his neighbors may hear; he is charmingly courteous and inexcusably cruel; he shares his bread and wine with every stranger and stabs a friend over a trifle. Such are the traits of some. The bullfight is the favorite amusement of this class, and the bullfight, though declining somewhat in popularity, is yet the national diversion.

A Mistaken Engineer.

When it was proposed to build the Central Pacific railroad, a civil engineer of twenty-five years' experience reported that the road could not be completed in twenty years with all the money of the Bank of England to back the enterprise. But it was built and completed seven years before the expiration of the time fixed by congress.

DOING THEIR DUTY.

Scores of Bellefonte Readers Are Learning the Duty of the Kidneys.

To filter the blood is the kidneys' duty.

When they fail to do this the kidneys are sick.

Backache and many kidney ills follow.

Urinary troubles, Diabetes,

Doan's Kidney Pills cure them all.

Bellefonte people endorse our claim.

Mr. W. E. Haines, of No. 1 Beaver Row, locomotive engineer, says. "I was suffering from an acute lameness in my back, and a dull, lingering aching over my kidneys. I felt it in my head also, and there were pains over my eyes and in the top and back of my head and in the upper part of my spine. I was afraid I would not be able to attend to my duties as I was on night work and had to get some rest in the daytime, for on account of my backand these pains I could not rest well. I read about Doan's Kidney Pills and obtained them from the Bush House block drug store. They proved to be just the remedy I require for they removed the whole trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce Henry Lowry, of Bellefonte as a candidate for the nomination for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

We are authorized to announce A. V. Miller, of Spring township, as a candidate for the nomination for Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

We are authorized to announce J. G. Bailey, of Ferguson township, as a candidate for the nomination for Commissioner subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce Philip D. Foster, of State College, as a candidate for the nomination for Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

Don't forget the Coleville Band concert is on the 6th. of May in the Petrikin Hall.

MAN WITH HORSE AND WAGON wanted to deliver and collect. No canvassing. $21 per week and expenses. $150 cash deposit required. Collector, Box 78, Philadelphia.

COURT PROCLAMATION—Whereas the Honorable J. G. Love, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th Judicial District, consisting of the county of Centre, having issued his precept, bearing date of the 31, day of March, 1902, to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre and to commence on the 4th Monday of April, being the 28th day of April, 1902, and to continue three weeks. Notice is hereby given to the coroner, justice of the peace, aldermen and constables of said County of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the 28th, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 31st day of March, in the year of our Lord 1902, and the one hundred and twenty-fifth year of the Independence of the United States. CYRUS BRUNGART, Sheriff.

Business Vs. Philanthrophy.

The Young Men's Christian Association movement is a business men's movement for the benefit of young men, carried on by Christian business men and those who are interested in the welfare of young men. A business differs from a philanthrophy in the fact that the more successfully the business is conducted the more money it makes for itself. On the contrary, the more successfully a philanthrophy is conducted the more money it needs.

You conduct a business enterprise to make money for yourself. You conduct a philanthrophy to help the other fellow.

The Association cannot develop its work, or even maintain it, without a sacrifice on the part of the people of Bellefonte.

Some think that the members' fees should pay all the expenses of the work. The Association is an educational institution, and is educating young men not only intellectually, but socially, physically and spiritually. Not a college in this country could exist if no more money were spent than that received in students' fees. At Harvard the annual expense for each student over and above receipts from students is $305; at Yale, $259; at Amherst, $175; at Williams, $146; at Columbia, $1,410. The expense over and above fee in the Bellefonte Association is less than $16.

The average equipment for each student at Harvard is $2,700; at Yale, $1,500; at Amherst, $1,453; at Williams, $1,410; at Columbia, $4,520. With a new building at Bellefonte at a cost of $40,000, the equipment for each young man in the city, (between the ages of 15 and 30, about 1,000 young men) will be at an expense of $40.

The colleges are for sons of well-to-do families, while the Association exists chiefly for the young fellow just beginning and without means.

The Bellefonte, Young Men's Christian Association needs a building, endowments and bequests, just as much as any college—more, in fact.

Administratrix's Notice.

Letters of administration on the estate of C. H. Beates late of Burnside Township, deceased, having been granted by the Register of Wills of Centre County, to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and all persons having claims against the decedent are requested to present the same duly authenticated for settlement to.

NANNIE BEATE,
Administratrix

Reeder & Quigley, Attorneys. 6t.

Central Hotel and Restaurant

S. O. WATTS, Proprietor.

Bar furnished with Choice Wines, Liquors, and Cigars. The Hotel has been Refurnished and Refitted Throughout.

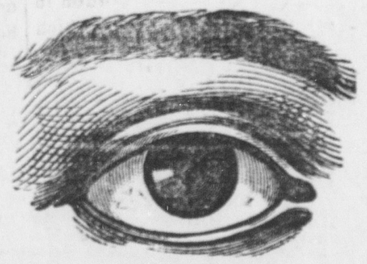
Pool and Billiard Room. First-Class Livery Attached

Electric Light, Steam Heat and Telephone. Street cars stop at door.

Corner Main and Grove Sts., LOCKHAVE H

PROF. J. ANGEL

AN EXPERT



Eye Specialist!

of Williamsport, will make his monthly visit here

ONE DAY ONLY,

Wed. Apr. 30,

from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m., with headquarters at

THE GARMAN HOUSE

Bellefonte, Pa.

I can examine your eyes at your home, by appointment, without extra charge.

If you need me at your home drop me a line in care of Garman Honse.

Hundreds are going blind daily, from the need of the proper prescribed glasses and from delaying attention to the eyes from time to time. Nothing will destroy your eyesight quicker than cheap glasses or glasses not properly fitted to your eyes.

Prof. Angel, in the short time he has been visiting this section, has met with marked success. Scores of leading citizens of this community have found relief from his treatment. It is not necessary to travel to Eastern cities for treatment when you can consult an eminent oculist at home.

Will be at HOWARD on

Thursday, May 1

PHILIPPINES DISCUSSED.

Interest Taken in the Subject at a Religious Meeting.

NOW BEING HELD IN PITTSBURG

Rev. Dr. George F. Pentecost, of New York, Told of the Condition of Affairs on the Islands. Having Been Sent There to Work.

GOVERNMENT DOING ALL IT CAN

PITTSBURG, April 18.—The Executive Committee of the Alliance of the Reformed and Presbyterian churches resumed its sessions at 10 o'clock yesterday in the Shady Side Presbyterian church with devotional exercises, by the Rev. Dr. E. V. Gerhart, of Lancaster, Pa.

Addresses by Rev. Dr. A. G. Wallace, of Sewickley, Pa., and Rev. Dr. E. R. Eshbach, of Frederick, Md., and the reading and discussion of the reports of the committees on Home Mission work and Presbyterian and Reformed church history occupied the entire morning.

At the afternoon session interest was centred in the paper and a discussion on the Philippine Islands. The Alliance was greatly shocked at the state of affairs as disclosed by Rev. Dr. Geo. F. Pentecost, of New York.

Dr. Pentecost, who was appointed to go to Manila and organize missionary work, for the Presbyterian church, spoke on "The Moral Condition of the Philippine Islands." He said:

"Millions of inhabitants of these Islands do not average up to the standard of half civilized people and not a few tribes are hardly less than barbarous, wholly uncivilized and totally ignorant of many of the arts and sciences of civilization or government. In some islands a system of slavery is still extant, and in the Island of Sulu, the Mohammedan religion, with its attendant institutions of polygamy and slavery, both exist."

Dr. Pentecost said that there is no discrimination against the Protestant religion in favor of the Roman Catholics. He said that the government was doing all it could to protect the soldiers against drunkenness and the social evil.

Dr. Pentecost expressed his "faith in the ability of our government and its ability to rightly settle all these questions in course of time." He deprecated criticism of the government in very warm language.

There was a very lively discussion on the question of the Bible in the common schools. It was urged by all that earnest effort should be made to put the Bible in wherever it has been put out.

The Rev. Dr. John McNaugher, of the Allegheny United Presbyterian seminary made a lengthy address on the subject of "A Day of Prayer for the Public Schools." He lamented the secular trend and the steady progress in the elimination of all religious truth inculcated in the Bible.

Wields a Sharp Ax.

Millions marvel at the multitude of maladies cut off by Dr. King's New Life Pills—the most distressing too. Stomach, liver and bowel troubles, dyspepsia, loss of appetite, jaundice, billousness, fever, malaria, all fall before these wonder workers, 25c at Green's Pharmacy.

A Cousin of Li Hung Chang.

Lee Hong or Li Hung, a cousin of Li Hung Chang, has opened a laundry in Williamsport. He has lived in the United States 20 years. He believes in Confucius, does not repose in a bunk like ordinary Chinamen, but has a fine carved bedstead, with a headboard as high as that of any "Melican man's."

—W. A. Brungart, has been appointed postmaster at Wolf's Store.

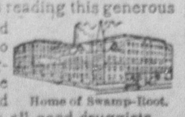
DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.



Home of Swamp-Root.

A Serious Disease.

From this weeks *Centre Democrat* we take the following article the sentiments of which we heartily endorse.

There are people in Bellefonte as well as other towns, who from time to time become afflicted with the disease, which up to date no one has tried to name.

It is both infectious and contagious, and the only human remedy yet discovered is a mixture of common sense and pride in one's own town taken in allopathic doses.

There are quite a number of women afflicted with that particular form of disease which prompts them to buy everything, or as much as possible, out of town. This habit is as insidious as the morphine habit, and as a rule it has no more good reason in it. It grows on the patient by degrees until the case becomes desperate. Finally the victim becomes convinced that to get a gown made or a hat trimmed, a piece of ribbon or some buttons, it is necessary to send to New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, or perchance the patient feels it necessary to go in person to one of these for everything.

Watch the expressman and see how many groceries, clothing, dry goods, footwear and other goods are shipped here that might be purchased at home. Talk with our merchants and you would be surprised at the great amount of out of town trade. And then these merchants, who suffer, frequently ask the local editors to denounce this practice, where they themselves not only send all their job printing out of town, but buy all there other necessaries away from home. Some firms in Bellefonte are no deserving of a bit of local patronage and are more guilty of the practice than the general public.

The above comments are not mere surmises, but the cold facts, and apply not alone to business men, but also to the professional class, who also live directly upon the local community (and we do not exclude the ministry from the list) all of whom should be more considerate, as a dollar kept at home will circulate and may return, while if sent away, is forever gone.

This matter of patronizing home institutions is an old theme and it needs to be continually impressed on the public mind.

Some of our people, from a false pride, deem it crude to make their purchase at home where the common herd buy their necessaries—these are to be pitied for their lack of plain, ordinary, common sense.

The man who has the coin can spend it where he pleases, and if he cares not for the goodwill of his neighbors, the prosperity of the community, if he is cold hearted, thoughtless, inconsiderate, he usually buys everything away from home. When such men pass away sordid self can purchase costly shroud and a profusion of cut flowers, but few tears are shed or kindly thoughts are aroused among those who knew him well.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bough.

Fell Ill at Hartford and Became Conscious at Bellefonte.

The young man who was found last Saturday lying unconscious along the railroad at Roland fell into the hands of the police at Williamsport but when his sad story became known he was at once released. The Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin* gives the following:

Wednesday afternoon Detective Bathurst arrested a young man in the Pennsylvania railroad yards, near the Park Hotel station, for illegal car riding, he having just arrived on a freight, but upon being arraigned before Alderman Moorehead, that official, after hearing a statement from the prisoner, thought it advisable to discharge him. Officer Bathurst had the same opinion.

The defendant gave his name as Harry Barry. His home is in Hartford, Conn., and he had just reached here from Howard, Centre county. While at Hartford, tending boats he suddenly fell ill, he said, and did not remember a thing until he came to himself at Bellefonte. He is subject to something like epilepsy. While at Howard last week he had another attack, and fell unconscious against a barbed wire fence, severely cutting his neck. He was assisted into a physician's office, who treated him and cared for him with the utmost kindness for four days, then sent him on his way. The young fellow still showed the effects of his illness, being in a very weak and exhausted condition. He told his story in such a straightforward manner that the officers concluded he was telling them the truth. This together with the fact that the physician he mentioned is a cousin of Detective Bathurst, with whom the latter is well acquainted, secured the boy his liberty.

—It will be a matter of interest to many of the oldest residents of this community to know that "Uncle Billy" Reflie is not dead, as was generally supposed. On the contrary he is very much alive and though in his eighty-seventh year contemplates a visit to Centre county during the summer. He spent the winter in Florida and is now at his home in Nebraska, enjoying splendid health. In the days when the old Bellefonte band had a state-wide reputation "Uncle Billy" was the man who played the base horn.—Democratic Watchman.

"Love lightens labor," the saying runs, and in a sense it is true. But even love cannot lighten labor or make it easy for the woman who is in constant suffering from inflammation, bearing-down pains or other womanly diseases. The one thing that can make work easy for women is sound health, and Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the thing that will give sound health to sick women. It cures womanly diseases which cause weakness, and cures the backache, sideache, nervousness and other ills which are the result of womanly diseases.

"I suffered from female weakness for five months," writes Miss Belle Hedrick, of Nye, Putnam Co., W. Va. "I was treated by a good physician but he never seemed to do me any good. I wrote to Dr. R. V. Pierce for advice, which I received, telling me to take his 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery.' When I had used the medicines a month, my health was much improved. It has continued to improve until now I can work at almost all kinds of housework. I had scarcely any appetite, but it is all right now. Have gained several pounds in weight. Dr. Pierce's medicines have done wonderfully well here. I would advise all who suffer from chronic diseases to write to Dr. Pierce."

"Favorite Prescription" makes weak women strong, sick women well. Accept no substitute for the medicine which works wonders for weak women.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the paper-covered book, or 31 stamps for the cloth-bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Sarah P. Van Valzah.

The death of Sarah B. Van Valzah took place at Spring Mills Wednesday evening at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Jennie Van Valzah, at the age of over eighty-seven years. The interment took place at Lewisburg Monday, where services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Schuyler, her pastor; Rev. Keiffer, an old friend, and Rev Thomas, the Lewisburg Presbyterian pastor. Services were also held at the residence, Spring Mills, Sunday, at 2.30 p. m., conducted by Rev. Dr. Schuyler.

The deceased whose maiden name was Barber, was the widow of John A. Van Valzah, who died in Lewisburg in 1854. Most of the couples' married life was spent at Buffalo Cross Roads, Union county. The widowed lady later came to Spring Mills, and joined the Wilson family, and afterwards lived with her daughter.

The survivors of this branch of Van Valzah family are Mrs. Jennie Van Valzah, widow of Dr. Frank Van Valzah, Spring Mills; Flavel Van Valzah, and Mrs. Harriet Chamberlain, both of Bloomington, Indiana.

Mrs. Van Valzah, was a dear old lady, whom every one loved on account of her true Christian character which always manifested itself.

Beware of Ointments For Catarrh That Contain Mercury.

As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surface. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per Bottle. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Becoming Noted in Mining Circles.

John A. Bender, an Altoona boy, is rising in the mining world in the west. Three years ago he left Altoona and accompanied a party of eastern capitalists on a prospecting trip in Old Mexico. It has resulted in the organization of the Mexican Gold Mining and Smelting company, capitalized at $1,000,000. Mr. Bender was chosen vice president and a director of the company and is located at El Paso, Tex.

An old mine, worked more than 100 years ago by the Spaniards, has been purchased by the company and it is located upon a bonanza.

Mr. Bender is a graduate of the Altoona High school and later was graduated an electrical engineer from State college.

Dreadful Attack of Whooping Cough.

Mrs. Ellen Harlson, of 300 Park Ave., Kansas City, Mo., writes as follows: "Our two children had a severe attack of whooping cough, one of them in the paroxysm of coughing would often faint and bleed at the nose. We tried everything we heard of without getting relief. We then called in our family doctor who prescribed Foley's Honey and Tar. With the very first dose they began to improve and we feel that it has saved their lives." Refuse substitutes. C. M. Parrish.

—In McKean and Potter counties 53 black bears were killed last winter. The hides sell at an average of $15 each and when tanned and ready for the market are worth $50 apeice.

About An Express Money Order.

It does not follow that because two or more articles for the same use are sold to the public at exactly the same price they are both of equal value. One may have advantages not possessed by the other, which in reality would make it much cheaper. While the rates to the public for all kinds of money orders are exactly the same; the Express order, by reason of its greater advantages, is cheaper, and if the public, who are always ready to take the best if it cost no more, were made familiar with the superiority of this system, they would use it in preference.

To purchase a P. O Order a blank application must be filled out, giving amount of Order, name and location of payee and name of purchaser. This takes time and, generally speaking, time is money. Some people do not write legibly, hence Orders are not correctly drawn by the postmaster. This often causes delay in payment, annoyance and actual loss to the payee.

Express Money Order require no written application, and cases where Orders are incorrectly drawn and payment delayed for such reason are practically unknown.

A P. O. Order is not payable upon presentation unless paying P. M. has received advice of its issue. Such advices are frequently delayed, may have been sent to the wrong P. O. or put into wrong mail or P. M. neglected to forward advice on the same day purchased. This causes inconvenience to payee, loss of time and possible loss in other ways.

"Express Money Order" are paid immediately upon presentation; there is no advice to wait for.

A P. O. Order is payable only at the particular office upon which drawn. In large cities there are a number of branch P. O. Stations in different sections. Notwithstanding the payee may live next door to a branch P. O. he must take his order perhaps several miles to the main office if drawn upon that office. Very often a P. M. will draw an order payable at a branch P. O. when it would be more convenient for payee to go to the main office. Such a system is certainly not convenient for payee—is too limit in its availability.

An Express Money Order is payable anywhere, at any office, whether in one city or another, it makes no difference. Merchants know this and therefore do not hesitate to cash Express Orders for anyone they know. The butcher, grocer, druggist, baker, banker, any express company, in fact anyone the payee knows will gladly give him its full face value. Why? Because it's better than gold, for if lost money will be refunded to owner.

A P. O. Order must not bear one indorsement, hence it is impracticable for use as exchange beyond a single indorsement. Express Orders may pass through any number of different hands and still be negotiable. Payee may pay his rent with it, the landlord his grocery bill, the grocer his gas bill, and so on may a single Express Order be used to pay a dozen bills without affecting its validity. They are actually better than currency, because safer to use. They are cheaper, because unlimited in use as exchange.

A P. O. Order is invalid if not presented for payment within one year; and to obtain duplicate, application must be made to the Dept at Washington.

Express Money Orders are always good no limit as to time of payment.

If an Express Money Order is lost, destroyed or stolen, either the purchaser, payee or indorser may apply at once for refund, and as quick as such application can be sent to Company's headquarters for approval, generally a delay of not more than two to six days, according to distance, refund is promptly made or duplicate issued without charge and the payee or owner is made happy—no unnecessary delay or inconvenience.

Express Money Orders are free from any red-tape restrictions and are without question the cheapest, safest and most convenient method of remitted money by mail.

For Over Sixty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cure wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

A Four Legged Chick.

John Seiler, East Bald Eagle street Lock Haven, has a curiosity in the shape of a four legged chick. The legs are well formed. Two of the legs are in their natural places, but the other two came out of the body near the wings. The chick only lived a few hours.

Pill-Dosed

With nauseous, big purgers, prejudice people against pills generally. Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are revolutionizing the pill demand—they're so pleasant and easy to take—the doses are small and so is the price, 10 cents for 40 doses. Biliousness, sick headache, constipation dispelled. Works like a charm. Large size 25 cents. —27

Sold by F. P. Green.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

The Gittogether Minstrels.

Petrikin Hall had its opening minstrel entertainment Thursday night and had it been more generally understood the hall would have been packed, as "The Gittogethers" were our own home minstrels, with a new name, most significant in its interpretation to the troupe themselves.

It was a success from start to finish and the audience were quick to appreciate the wit and sarcasm which came from the sharp, and flat, Gittogether minstrels.

The members of the W. C. T. U. are certainly to be congratulated upon the latest addition to their ranks, and when their National Emblem, the bow of "white ribbon," in very ample proportions was pinned upon the four leading members of "The Gittogethers" the audience shouted with laughter. The new honorary members are most heartily welcomed, and when they have signed the pledge and paid their dues ($1.00 per year) they will be given the right hand of fellow (?) ship and accorded all the privileges of the society except one—voting. This is one society where *only the women* vote, consequently you never hear of the "stuffed ballot box" and similar doings that are dark and mysterious, hard to be understood, and more difficult still to be explained.

The W. C. T. U. desire to thank most heartily the young ladies who have worked so hard and faithfully to make the Fair the great success it has been, and also the members who have added to the little story of "Cranford" a new charm by their delightful and artistic interpretation of it on Wednesday evening. To the minstrels, the Smith orchestra and the Coleville band many thanks are due, and to all who have in any way contributed to the fund. Thanks are but a poor way of expressing our appreciation, but the best we can do. We certainly are under many obligations to the newspapers for free advertising in both papers, posters and dodgers; they were all most courteous and generous in their co-operation with us.

Had His Leg Amputated.

John C. Brooks, a brakeman on the New York Central Railroad between Beech Creek and Patton, had one of his legs amputated at the knee at the Cottage Hospital, Philipsburg, as the result of an accident that befell him Thursday afternoon. When the accident happened he was on his train near Morrisdale Mines. Suddenly the brake chain broke and he was thrown between the cars. The train went nine miles beyond this place before they missed Brooks. They then went back with the engine and found the unfortunate man lying along the track with his knee crushed.

He is 25 years old and unmarried. His home is at Roland, Pa., and he is a brother of William J. Brooks the station agent at that place.

—Messrs G. M. Boal and C. W. Patterson, made a road view in Marion township. The proposed road began at a point on the Jacksonville road between the farms of Mr. Yearick and the Garbrick estate, leading south, than east intersecting again with the Jacksonville road at the property of John Hoy, making a distance of three miles. The viewers reported adversely,—Centre Reporter.

—The annual conclave of the grand commandery, Knights Templar, of Pennsylvania, will meet at Scranton on May 26, 27 and 28.

Wanted to Bury Coffin in Secret.

MONTOURSVILLE, April 18.—A mysterious, well dressed stranger came here Wednesday and offered to pay Sheffer & Son, undertakers, $200 if they would take a coffin 20 miles up Loyalsock creek and bury it in a secluded spot, to be designated by him. The only provision that he required was that they sign an agreement to bury the coffin without opening and ever afterward keep the matter a secret.

He said the coffin would arrive from St. Louis and that it was to be met at the train and immediately conveyed to the chosen place of burial without further question.

Messrs. Sheffer declared they would not enter into any agreement to bury a coffin unless they knew what it contained. The stranger was apparently much perturbed when he found his proposition was not accepted. He then declared that if the strictest secrecy was promised he would withdraw the stipulation that the coffin should not be opened if they would agree, after having seen what it contained, to bury it in accordance with his directions as previously outlined.

When this proposition was also spurned the fellow immediately disappeared. No coffin has arrived as yet.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

The K. G. E. Convention.

Definite plans for the state convention of the Knights of the Golden Eagle were adopted at Shamokin by the general committee.

Chief Burgess William Thomas will deliver the address of welcome to the delegates, of whom 700, representing 50,000 Eagles, are expected to be present. The sessions will be held in the Opera House and will begin Tuesday, May 13th, in the afternoon of which day the committee expects to have 7,000 men in line. Headquarters of the Grand Castle will be at the City and Lyndhurst Hotels and the headquarters of the Grand Temple at Hotel Windsor.

Let it Alone.

Scott's Emulsion is not a good medicine for fat folks. We have never tried giving it to a real fat person. We don't care. You see Scott's Emulsion builds new flesh. Fat people don't want it. Strong people don't need it.

But if you are thin Scott's Emulsion is the medicine for you. It doesn't tire you out. There is no strain. The work is all natural and easy. You just take the medicine and that's all there is to it.

The next thing you know you feel better—you eat better—and you weigh more. It is a quiet worker.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.
50c and $1.00; all druggists.

The Bellefonte Republican

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

WILBUR F. HARRIS

Local Department.

Coleville Band concert is on the 6th. of May.

—The advent of the straw hat is rapidly approaching.

—Welsh Brothers 32 car circus will show in Bellefonte May 17th.

—Clean up the rubbish. Spring is here and it is time to clean up.

—Amos Garbrick, of Coleville has been granted a pension of $10 a month.

—A new roof is being put on the home of the late ex-Gov. Curtin on High St.

—Dr. Sebring has removed his office to corner of Spring and Bishop Sts. 1mo

—The fifteenth state convention of the Penna. C. E. Union will be held in Pittsburg July 8, 9 and 10.

—John Kennedy, of Sandy Ridge, and Samuel Bryan, of Roland, have each been granted a pension of $10 a month.

—Isn't safe to be a day without Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house. Never can tell what moment an accident is going to happen.

—The tailoring establishment of Jacob Gross is being beautifully papered and painted. The work is being done by S. H. Williams.

—The woodwork on the residences of Frank Montgomery and Dr. Thomas R. Hayes are being renovated with fresh coats of paint.

—Dr. D. K. Musser has removed his dental office from his former rooms in the Benner Block to the more commodious quarters in Petriken Hall.

—Only one remedy in the world that will at once stop itching of the skin in any part of the body: Doan's Ointment. At any drug store. 50 cents.

—Break up corner loafing in its incipiency and the practice will be stopped before it becomes such a nuisance as it has been during the past few years.

—Mrs. Mary A. Morrison who was born in Centre county August 13, 1846 died at her home in Juniata, Blair county, Tuesday evening April 15 of paralysis.

Don't miss hearing Bellefonte's phenominal boy soprano, John Kane and Mr. F. J. Saunders, the great baritone singer at the Coleville Band concert on Tuesday evening May 6th.

—Blair county has organized an Elkin club with over 1,000 members. The club will be uniformed and will attend the State convention at Harrisburg on June 11th.

—Mrs. Jacob Shuey, of near Lemont, is quite ill with pneumonia at her home at that place. She is quite well known here and is the mother of C. C. Shuey, the grocer.

—The dates, for the Bellefonters has been changed from the 16 and 17 to the 15 and 16 owing to the fact that Welsh Brothers Circus will be in the town on the 17 of May.

—Mary, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Gregg, of East Beaver St., died Monday morning at 9 o'clock of diphtheria. She was 12 years of age. The funeral took place Monday evening.

Mothers lose their dread for that terrible second summer when they have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the house. Nature's specific for bowel complaint of every sort.

—On Tuesday the 10 month old child of Mr. and Mrs. Craig Hunter of Buffalo Run died. The funeral will occur this morning at 10 o'clock. Rev. Hepler of Lemont will officiate.

—Rev. and Mrs. Thomas W. Perks are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a cute little baby boy at their home on North Thomas street. Both mother and babe are getting along nicely.

—Monday morning Ensign McEntire took little Emma Toner to what is called the Cherry Tree Home in New Jersey. It is a home for orphan children and is conducted and supported by the Salvation Army.

—The annual meeting of the Democratic State Editorial Association was held at Harrisburg on Tuesday night at which P. Gray Meek, editor of the *Democratic Watchman* was elected president of the association.

—The Coleville band entertainment for the benefit of the Petrikin Memorial Hall will be held in the large auditorium on Tuesday evening, May 6th. They have secured Mr. Francis J. Saunders, the great barytone singer from State College; Miss Elizabeth Faxon, Bellefonte's well known elocutionist, and Master John Kane, the wonderful boy soprano singer. Besides, they will have four beautifully illustrated songs.

—The school directors of Centre county will meet in Bellefonte on Friday, May 6th., to elect a County Superintendent. There are six candidates mentioned as follows: Prof. C. L. Gramley, of Rebersburg; J. B. Strohm, of Centre Hill; John F. Harrison, of Bellefonte; A. A. Pletcher, of Nittany; Dorsey Hunter, of Benner twp; and Prof. Musser, of State College. Out of this list there ought to be no trouble in selecting a good man for Superintendent.

DEATH ANGEL BUSY.

There Are Vacant Chairs and Sad Hearts in a Number of Homes.

Thomas Hutchinson, whose youth and early manhood was spent here who is well and favorably known to the people of Bellefonte, died at the hospital at Kane Tuesday morning at a quarter of eight of pneumonia, after an illness of about two weeks.

Deceased was born in Harrisburg 38 years ago the 28th of last November and was the son of Dr. J. F. and Mrs. Margaret Hutchinson. He was also the grandson and namesake of Thomas Hutchinson, of Spring Mills, who was one of the first settlers of the county.

When quite young his parents moved to Centre county, finally locating at Bellefonte. His father died in 1875.

Thomas received his education at the public schools of this place, graduating with high honors from the Bellefonte High School. For many years he was employed by the Adams Express company but at the time of his death was postal clerk on a train running between Williamsport and Erie.

About eight years ago he was married to Miss Nettie Staples, daughter of Daniel Staples, of Kane, Pa. They have been making their home in Williamsport where the deceased was an earnest member of the Fine Street Methodist church and president of the Epworth League of that city.

Deceased is survived by his wife and three children, Margaret, Daniel and James, of Williamsport; and by his mother, Mrs. Margaret Hutchinson, a sister, Fannie, and brother, Harry, all of this place.

The funeral and interment will take place at Kane, Pa., this afternoon, from the home of Daniel Staples.

HENRY HOFFMAN.

Henry Hoffman, a well known citizen of this place, died at his home on East Logan street, Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock of appendicitis. He was taken sick about one week ago while visiting his son, Harper, at Williamsport. He came home as soon as able, but gradually grew worse until death finally intervened to end his sufferings.

Henry Hoffman was born in Wurtemberg, Germany, March 3, 1830, and was the son of Mathias and Lizzie Hoffman. He came to this country when quite young and has resided in Bellefonte for over forty years. A cabinet maker by trade he followed that occupation the most of his life.

In 1862 he was married to Miss Maria Schreyer who survives him, with the following children: William, of Plainfield, N. J.; Harper and Benjamin, of Williamsport; Edward, of Kane; Allen, of Bellefonte, and Frank, of Pittsburg.

He is also survived by two brothers, Frederick, of Washington, D. C., and Lewis, of Philadelphia.

Deceased was a member of the Presbyterian church for over thirty years and was an honest, Christian man in every particular.

The funeral will take place this afternoon at 2 o'clock from the house. Rev. Dr. William Laurie will officiate. Interment in the Union cemetery.

HIRAM DURST,

Hiram Durst, a well to do farmer of Spring Mills, took suddenly ill while working in a field on his farm on Saturday and died with in two hours afterwards. His death was due to a rupture. He was about 50 years of age and leaves a wife and several children to mourn his death. He was buried Monday morning from his home at Spring Mills.

HENRY WILLIAMS.

Henry Williams, a young colored man who was well and favorably known to a large circle of friends and acquaintances in Bellefonte, died at the home of his mother on North Ridge street, Thursday morning at 3 o'clock.

Death was due to a complication of diseases which were the result of an operation for rupture which he under went in St. Luke's hospital at Philadelphia last June. Deceased was born in Bellefonte and was 22 years old on the 25th of last January. He was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Williams.

Henry when in good health was an industrious hard working fellow. He was a sincere christian, a member of the A. M. E. church and one of its board of trustees.

He is survived by his parents and the following sisters and one brother namely, Mrs. Reuben Harrison, Clara, Lawrence, Celia, Alice and Louise.

On Sunday the little A. M. E. church on St. Paul Street was crowded with friends of this young colored man to pay their last tribute of respect. The pastor Rev. Askew had charge of the services. The pallbearers were Robt. Adams, James Miller, Emanuel Green, Parker Watson, Sam'l Robinson, and Wm. Stewart. Interment in the Union Cemetery.

UNCLAIMED LETTER LIST.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte Post Office uncalled for April 21, 1902:

John Craft, Augustus Henderson, Mrs. Emma Kennelly, Elmer Love, Mrs. H. W. Newman, George H. Sneckler, Mrs. M. Shiry, Melissa Walker.

FOREIGN LETTERS.

John Tomcsanyin.

When called for please say advertised.

W. W. MONTGOMERY, P. M.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Robt Cole spent Monday in Lock Haven.

Harry Sando, of Centre Hall, was in town Thursday.

Rev. Dr. William Laurie went to Reedsville Thursday.

W. Gross Mingle transacted business in Howard Monday.

Hon. Leonard Rhone, of Centre Hall, was in town Monday.

Mr. Goddard, of State College, was a Bellefonte visitor Monday.

Mr. Charles Bell, of Huntingdon spent Sunday in Bellefonte.

J. Norris Bogle, of Howard, transacted business in town Tuesday.

D. C. Keller, of Centre Hall, transacted business in town Thursday.

Mr. Thomas Mitchell returned Wednesday evening from Philadelphia.

Col. J. L. Spangler was a passenger enroute to Philadelphia Tuesday

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Brooks returned Monday from their wedding tour.

W. H. Long, flour and grain dealer of Howard, Pa., was in town Saturday,

John Bauer, of Spangler, Pa., spent Sunday with his family in Bellefonte.

Ward Fleming, a student at Haverford College, arrived home Thursday morning.

Mr. Chas. Waring, of Philipsburg, transacted business in Bellefonte Monday.

Claude Moore, the jeweler at Howard, Pa., transacted business in Bellefonte Wednesday.

G. W. Loner, of Stormstown, one of Half Moon's leading republicans, was in town Monday.

Frank Frain, book-keeper for McCalmont & Co., spent Sunday with his parents at Abdera.

Dr. W. U. Irvin, of Julian, coroner of Centre county, transacted business in town Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank K. Lukenbach and children, of Philipsburg, spent Sunday in Bellefonte.

Editor F. S. Dunham, of the Howard *Hustler*, circulated among his Bellefonte friends Saturday.

Dr. W. P. Shriner went to Altoona, Tuesday morning to attend a conference of Epworth League people.

Former Governor Hastings and State Senator Heinle were passengers to Philadelphia Monday afternoon.

Charles Case, of Philadelphia, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fitzgerald on North Spring street.

Mrs. Laurie, wife of Rev. Dr. William Laurie, returned home Monday evening from a sojourn at Cape May, N. J.

John T. Fowler, of Fowler station, a prominent lumberman of former days, was in town for a few hours Monday.

Thomas J. Sexton Esq., left Wednesday afternoon for Tyrone where he will spend several days visiting his parents.

Mr. John McMurray, of Altoona, was a guest over Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Taylor, on Bishop St.

Mrs. Eliza Hartsock, has returned to her home at Buffalo Run, after an extended visit with her children at Philipsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Bell left Tuesday for Chicago, Ill., where Mr. Bell expects to secure employment for the summer.

Chester Moore, head book-keeper for the Howard Creamery Company at this place, spent Sunday with his parents at Howard.

Captain William A. Simpson, of Lock Haven, and Mr. John Roderique, of New York city, transacted business in Bellefonte Monday.

Dr. Eloise Meek returned to her practice in Johnstown on Wednesday evening after an enjoyable visit with her parents in Bellefonte.

Mr. Robert Hoover, assistant foreman in the Pennsylvania railroad yards at Altoona, transacted business in Bellefonte Wednesday.

Attorneys William E. Gray, Ellis L. Orvis, Calvin M. Bower, and Ex-Judge A. O. Furst are attending Court in Philadelphia this week.

Peter Collins, of Philadelphia, was an arrival in Bellefonte Thursday morning, called here by the serious illness of his sister, Miss Elizabeth Collins.

Miss Gertrude Bower, one of Lock Haven's fair daughters, was the guest over Sunday of her friend, Miss Blanche Smith, of North Thomas street.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Mitchell and son, Malcolm, spent Sunday at 'Heartsease" the country home of Mr. and Mrs. John Porter Lyon at Pennsylvania Furnace.

John Wagner, who has been in Bellefonte for the past three weeks, and who is a brother of the late Mildred Wagner, returned to his work in Altoona Monday.

Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Coolidge, of Scranton and their two children, Grace and Karl, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Lew Schaeffer, of East Curtin street. It will be remembered that Mrs. Coolidge is a sister of Mrs. Schaeffer and a daughter of the late Daniel McGinley, of this place.

Charles Runkle, youngest son of Mr. Jacob Runkle of Bishop street, left on Sunday afternoon for youngstown, Ohio, where he has accepted a position as stenographer for the Empire Steel and Iron Co., of that city. Charley is a good fellow and we wish him unbounded success in his new work.

Mr. Boyd Wilson is transacting business at Howard.

Miss Martha McEntire is visiting friend in Baltimore, Md.

Samuel Taylor, of Pittsburg, is visiting his parents in this place.

J. Frank McCoy, of Potters Mills, was a Bellefonte visitor on Tuesday.

Mrs. Frank P. Blair left Saturday to visit her son Fred in Pittsburg.

Miss Roberta Noll is visiting her sister, Mrs. George VanDyke at Altoona.

W. L. Daggett returned Tuesday evening from a business trip to Patton.

Dr. Thos. Christ, of State College, transacted business in town Wednesday.

Supt. C. L. Gramley, of Rebersburg; transacted business in town Tuesday.

Mrs. Fillmore Cronover, of Altoona, is visiting friends at this place and Lemont.

D. L. Zerby, wife and daughter, of Millheim, Pa., were in Bellefonte Tuesday.

Mrs. A. O. Furst returned Wednesday from Philadelphia where she visited friends.

Mr. Wm. Foster, the State College merchant transacted, business in Bellefonte Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Bottorf, of Lemont, were guests at Mr. Olewines home on Spring street Thursday.

Mrs. M. F. Hazel and little son returned home Wednesday from a visit to friends in Altoona.

Mr. Clell Welliver, proprietor of the Irvin House at Lock Haven, transacted business in town Thursday.

Messrs. George and William Hubler, two liverymen of Philipsburg, transacted business in town Thursday.

Joe Goss, of Pine Grove Mills, tarried a short time in town Wednesday morning while on his way to Pittsburg.

William F. Smith of Millheim former prothonotary of the county transacted business in Bellefonte Tuesday,

Col. W. Fred Reynolds returned home Saturday from his visit to the Charleston Exposition with Governor Stone and party.

Miss Mary R. Moore, of Missoula, Montana is a guest at the home of her brother Mr. Thomas Moore on South Spring street.

Charles Harris, of Wellsville, Ohio, who is in the master mechanic's office of the C. & P. division of the lines west of Pittsburg, is visiting his mother, Mrs. Rachel Harris,

Benjamin Gentzel left Saturday afternoon for Iowa where he will purchase a car load of horses. In his absence Mrs. Gentzel will visit her daughter, Mrs. Frank W. Cole, of Lewistown.

Mrs. John T. McCormick left Wednesday for Kane, Pa., to attend the funeral of her nephew, the late Thomas Hutchinson, which occurs this afternoon.

Hon. John A. Woodward, who is prominently mentioned as a democratic candidate for Governor, and William Lucas, both well known citizens of Howard, Pa., were Bellefonte visitors Monday.

John P. Harris Jr., moved his household goods Friday to Salona where he expects to make his future home. Mr. Harris is now superintendent of the Bellefonte Lime Company's operations at that place.

Joe Mellix, the smallpox nurse, who has been at Millheim for some time past, has returned to Williamsport. He carries papers from the proper authorities showing that he is all right.—Williamsport Sun.

Misses Lena Pacina and Jennie Noone, two of Bellefonte's pleasant young ladies have returned to their homes after a very delightful visit with the Misses Ella and Mame Honan, of South Jones street, this city.—Lock Haven Express.

Hon. Henry H. North, a prominent citizen and postmaster at Bradford, McKean county, and a brother of Mrs. F. W. Crider, spent a day or two of last week in Bellefonte. His mission here we understand, was in the interest of a McKean county republican who aspires to the congressional nomination from this district.

Wallace Reeder arrived home Sunday morning from Haverford college for a short visit with his parents, Col. and Mrs. Wilbur F. Reeder. Wallace is the proud possessor of two gold medals which he captured Saturday at the Inter-Collegiate sports at Princeton by winning two hurdle events. He is captain of the Haverford college track team.

Dr. J. F. Alexander, Thursday started for Pittsburg where he attended the annual banquet given by the Equitable Life Insurance Company to its medical examiners in Pennsylvania. Dr. Alexander has acted in the capacity of examiner for that company for some years, and their jaunts are anticipated to with pleasure by their medical men.—Centre Hall Reporter.

Prof. Arthur Killen has been compelled on account of ill health to give up his work at the Bellefonte Academy and go to his home at Dunkirk, New York. Mr. Killen was professor of mathematics at this school of learning and is considered a very bright young man. He is a graduate of Yale university and an all-around athlete. He has won a great many frinds during his stay in Bellefonte and it is hoped by all that he may speedily recover his health and return to our town.

How Do You Know

those baking powders are made from alum?

Their lower price, their unfamiliar names, generally betray them.

But it is not necessary for you to know. You know that Royal *does not* contain alum, that it makes the best food, that it is pure and healthful. You know that alum powders are unhealthful. This knowledge is sufficient to enable you to protect yourself and your family from alum baking powders and the evil results which are certain to follow their use.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

Manager John T. Harris of the Pennsylvania Telephone exchange at Altoona, spent Tuesday night in Bellefonte.

Mrs. H. C. Sanford, who has been a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs John Kurtz on Curtin street, left Wednesday for New York city.

Walter Crosthwaite, a former employe of this office, but now of Brooklyn, N. Y., is visiting his daughter, Roxy, at the home of Joel Johnson on East Bishop St.

Col. J. L. Spangler, Senator W. C. Heinle and former Senator P. Gray Meek prominent Bellefonte Democrats were in attendance at the meeting of the Democratic State Committee in Harrisburg Wednesday.

Mrs W. H. Galway and her two interesting little children, Marie Louise and Stanley, left Wednesday for their home at Radford, Va., after a pleasant winters visit in Bellefonte at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry P. Harris.

Mrs. Elizabeth Ann Copenhaver.

Mrs. Elizabeth Ann Copenhaver died at the home of her son-in- law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Woomer, of Tyrone, at 4 30 o'clock Sunday morning The immediate cause of her death was affliction of the heart, but she had been a severe sufferer from rheumatism the past four years, being confined to her room most of the time. She was aged 80 years, 7 months and 7days.

Deceased's maiden name was Elizabeth A. Smith. She was born at Howard, Centre County, September 13, 1821. She was married to John A. Copenhaver in the year 1846. After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Copenhaver resided at Huntington Furnace and Bellefonte, finally settling on what is known as the Copenhaver homestead on the pike leading to Philipsburg, in Taylor township, Centre county, where Mr. Copenhaver died on the 10th of April, 1892. Surviving are two sons and one daughter, William T. Copenhaver, of Taylor township, Centre county; George W. Copenhaver, of Buelah, Clearfield county, and Mrs. W. H. Woomer, of Tyrone. Two sons and one daughter are dead. Eighteen grandchildren and two great grandchildren survive, as do two brothers, Rev. E. A. Smith, of Bloomsburg, and G. A. Smith, of Platteville, Ill.

Mrs. Copenhaver was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church since her youth.—Tyrone Herald.

A Good Show.

Howe's Moving Pictures entertained a large audience at Garman's opera House Tuesday evening. The show was up to its usual high standard of excellence and everyone was pleased. Exceptionally fine were the Alpine scenes, the magic pictures and the views showing Prince Henry's recent visit to this country. The christening of the "Meteor" by Miss Alice Roosevelt was very realistic,

The receipts of the house were $249.00 and the Logan Fire Company for whose benefit the entertainment was given will clear $100 above all expenses.

—It is expected that the big N. Y. C. railroad yards at Oak Grove will be completed and open for service about June 1. There will be a storage capacity of over 68 miles of trackage in the yard.

Proposals for Pumping Station.

Sealed proposals for the erection of a brick building at the pumping station at the big spring will be received by the Water Committee. Bids close Saturday, April 26, at noon. Specifications can be seen at the Water Works. The Committee reserves the right to accept or reject all bids.

SAMUEL RYAN, Supt.

ap122-4t

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers were recorded during the past week by Recorder Robb:

Elmer R. McClellan et ux to Harry A. McClellan, April 14, 1902, several tracts in Potter twp; consideration $1,150.

David C. Young's Executors to Elmer R. McClellan, March 28, 1902, 3 tracts in Potter twp; consideration $690.

William H. Bechdel et al to Edgar T. Bechdel, April 5, 1902, 3 tracts in Liberty twp; consideration $1,000.

David S. Bechdel et al to William H. Bechdel, April, 1902, 184 acres 37 perchee in Liberty twp; consideration $2,500.

William H. Bechdel et ux to David S. Bechdel et al, April 4, 1902, 1 tract in Liberty twp; consideration $2,500.

Charles F. Cook et ux to Mary Cook, May 31, 1901, 1 lot in Bellefonte; consideration $718.90.

John W. Beckwith et ux to John T. Beckwith, March 21, 1902, several tracts in Taylor twp; consideration $1,500.

Chestie A. Bartges et baron to Ida L. Vonada, March 31, 1902, 97 acres 74 perches in Gregg twp; consideration $1,940.

D. K. Hoover's Executors to Alfred Beezer, April 11, 1902, 3 acres 40 perches in Spring twp; consideration $825.

Mrs. Elizabeth Fleck to Geo. W. McGaffey, April 6, 1895, house and lot, consideration $825.

Richard J. Tibbs et ux to Milton A. Bickel, April 12, 1902, 31 acres 61 perches; consideration $255.

J. H. Reifsnyder to Sarah Frank, Jan. 18, 1902, 13 acres in Penn twp; consideration $55.

Jennie L. Bright et baron to F. W. Crider, April 4, 1902, property in Bellefonte; consideration $6,500.

J. C. F. Motz to G. W. Secrist, April 3, 1902, 1 lot in Millheim; consideration $800.

John T. Beckwith et ux to John W. Beckwith, March 21, 1902, 10 acres 135 perches in Taylor twp; consideration $200.

Michael Walk et ux to Edward Beckwith, March 23, 1901, 121 acres in Taylor twp; consideration $100.

James Auman et ux to Harriet E. Best, March 15, 1901, house and lot in Walker twp; consideration $850.

Mary P. Faust's Administrators to John Thomas Sholl, April 1, 1902, 3 tracts in Miles twp; consideration $820.

Wedding Bells at Wilmerding.

An event of importance that occurred at Wilmerding, Allegheny county, last Wednesday, April 16, was the marriage of Miss Florence Hoffman, of McKeesport, Pa., to Miles L. Shenefelt, of Wilmerding. It took place at the home of the groom at Wilmerding, at 8 o'clock. The ceremony being performed by Rev. Eaton, of the First Methodist Episcopal church, of McKeesport. The bride was attired in heliotrope, while the groom wore black. A very pleasant evening was spent, the string band of McKeesport furnishing the music for the occasion. A wedding supper was served to the company of relatives and friends. After this the music was continued and a jolly good time was spent. The bride received many beautiful presents.

The bride is a highly respected young lady, formally of Bellefonte, while the groom is well known both in Tyrone and Pitcairn. The groom is employed as foreman of the Pan Handle round house at Pitcairn.—Tyrone Herald.

—Can't be perfect health without pure blood. Burdock Blood Bitters make pure blood. Tones and invigorates the whole system.